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ERRATA.

Page 14, sixth line, for "from" read firm.
26, tenth line; for "sole" read soul.
62, tenth line, for "there" read thou.
72, sixth line, for "there" read thou.
77, third line, for "Lathay" read Cathay.
80, eighth line, for "the" read there.
108, fourth line, for "spring" read springs.
109, second line, for "Speak" read Speck.
126, nineteenth line, for "humble" read humbled,
134, fifth line, for "her" read their.
137, second line, for "Their" read Thou,
163, thirteenth line, for "of" read to.
164, seventh line, for "names" read name.
171, fifteenth line, for "the" read her.
187, seventeenth line, for "their" read the.
191, last line, for "skrieks" read shrieks.



POEMS.



POEMS;

BY

MRS. L. H. SIGOURNEY.

Philadelphia:

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PREFACE.

Some of the poems contained in the present collection were written at an early age. Others interspersed themselves, at later periods, amid domestic occupations or maternal cares. The greater part were suggested by passing occasions, and partake of the nature of extemporaneous productions. All reveal, by their brevity, the narrow intervals of time which were devoted to their composition.

They have sprung up like wild flowers in the dells, or among the clefts of the rock; wherever the path of life has chanced to lead. The hand that gathered and now presents them, borrows for their motto the sweetly eloquent words of Coleridge:

"I expect from them neither profit nor general fame; and I consider myself amply repaid without either. Poetry has been to me its own exceeding great reward. It possesses power to soothe affliction,—to multiply and refine enjoyment,—to endear solitude, and to give the habit of discovering the good and the beautiful in all that meets or surrounds us."

L. H. S.

Hartford, Conn., May 10, 1834.

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POEMS.

CONNECTICUT RIVER.

FAIR River! not unknown to classic song;—
Which still in varying beauty roll'st along,
Where first thy infant fount is faintly seen,
A line of silver 'mid a fringe of green;
Or where near towering rocks thy bolder tide
To win the giant-guarded pass doth glide;
Or where in azure mantle pure and free
Thou giv'st thy cool hand to the fervent sea.

Though broader streams our sister realms may boast, Herculean cities, and a prouder coast, Yet from the bound where hoarse St. Lawrence roars To where La Plata rocks resounding shores, From where the arms of slimy Nilus shine, To the blue waters of the rushing Rhine, Or where Ilissus glows like diamond spark, Or sacred Ganges whelms her votaries dark, No brighter skies the eye of day may see, Nor soil more verdant, nor a race more free.

See! where amid their cultured vales they stand, The generous offspring of a simple land; Too rough for flattery, and all fear above,
King, priest and prophet 'mid the homes they love,—
On equal laws their anchored hopes are staid,
By all interpreted, and all obeyed,
Alike the despot and the slave they late,
And rise from columns of a happy state.
To them content is bliss,—and labour health,
And knowledge power, and meek religion, wealth.

The farmer, here, with honest pleasure sees
The orchards blushing to the fervid breeze,
His bleating flocks, the shearer's care which need,
His waving woods, the wintry hearth that feed,
His hardy steers that break the yielding soil,
His patient sons, who aid their father's toil,
The ripening fields, for joyous harvest drest,
And the white spire that points a world of rest.

His thrifty mate, solicitous to bear
An equal burden in the yoke of care,
With vigorous arm the flying shuttle heaves,
Or from the press the golden cheese receives;
Her pastime when the daily task is o'er,
With apron clean, to seek her neighbour's door,
Partake the friendly feast, with social glow,
Exchange the news, and make the stocking grow;
Then hale and cheerful to her home repair,
When Sol's slant ray renews her evening care,
Press the full udder for her children's meal,
Rock the tired babe—or wake the tuneful wheel.

See, toward yon dome where village science dwells, When the church-clock its warning summons swells, What tiny feet the well-known path explore, And gaily gather from each rustic door.

The new-weaned child with murmuring tone proceeds, Whom her scarce taller baby-brother leads,

Transferred as burdens, that the housewife's care May tend the dairy, or the fleece prepare.

Light-hearted group!—who carol wild and high, The daisy cull, or chase the butterfly,

Or by some traveller's wheel aroused from play,
The stiff salute, with deep demureness pay,
Bare the curled brow,—or stretch the sunburnt hand,
The home-taught homage of an artless land.
The stranger marks amid their joyous line,
The little baskets whence they hope to dine,
And larger books, as if their dexterous art,
Dealt most nutrition to the noblest part:—
Long may it be, ere luxury teach the shame
To starve the mind, and bloat the unwieldy frame.

Scorn not this lowly race, ye sons of pride,
Their joys disparage, nor their hopes deride;
From germs like these have mighty statesmen sprung,
Of prudent counsel, and pursuasive tongue;
Unblenching souls, who ruled the willing throng,
Their well-braced nerves, by early labour strong;
Inventive minds, a nation's wealth that wrought,
And white haired sages, sold to studious thought,
Chiefs whose bold step the field of battle trod,
And holy men, who fed the flock of God.

Here, 'mid the graves by time so sacred made,
The poor, lost Indian slumbers in the shade;—
He, whose canoe with arrowy swiftness clave
In ancient days yon pure, cerulean wave;
Son of that Spirit, whom in storms he traced,
Through darkness followed—and in death embraced,
He sleeps an outlaw 'mid his forfeit land,
And grasps the arrow in his mouldered hand.

Here, too, our patriot sires with honour rest, In Freedom's cause who bared the valiant breast;— Sprung from their half-drawn furrow, as the cry
Of threatened Liberty went thrilling by,
Looked to their God—and reared in bulwark round,
Breasts free from guile, and hands with toil embrowned,
And bade a monarch's thousand banners yield,
Firm at the plough and glorious in the field,
Lo! here they rest, who every danger braved,
Unmarked, untrophied, 'mid the soil they saved.

Round scenes like these doth warm remembrance glide, Where emigration rolls its ceaseless tide, On western wilds, which thronging hordes explore, Or ruder Erie's serpent-haunted shore, Or far Huron, by unshorn forests crowned, Or red Missouri's unfrequented bound, The exiled man, when midnight shades invade, Couched in his hut, or camping on the glade, Starts from his dream, to catch, in echoes clear, The boatman's song that charmed his boyish ear; While the sad mother, 'mid her children's mirth Paints with fond tears a parent's distant hearth, Or cheats her rustic babes with tender tales Of thee, blest River! and thy velvet vales; Her native cot, where luscious berries swell, The village school, and sabbath's tuneful bell, And smiles to see the infant soul expand With proud devotion for that fatherland.

LOCHLEVEN CASTLE.

Thou rude and ancient pile, Holding thy vigil lone, Amid the heath-clad isle. Where Leven's waters moan, Show me the prison-tower Of Scotland's fairest queen, Who, reared in Gallia's royal bower, Endured thy tyrant spleen.

Count me the thousand sighs Her tortured bosom poured, The tears that dimmed those eyes Which rival kings adored, Unfold her darkened fate, A haughty brother's scorn, Of her own native realm, the hate, Of maddened love, the thorn.

Methinks a midnight boat Still cleaves you silent tide, Its glimmering torch-lights float In mingled fear and pride; Young Douglas wildly steers, His throbbing heart beats high, As freedom's long-lost radiance cheers The rescued prisoner's eye.

He sees no vision pale Where axe and scaffold gleam, B *

He hears no stifled wail,

He marks no life-blood stream.

With ill-dissembled mien,

Who wields you vengeful rod?

Who made thee judge,—thou English queen!

Her sins are with her God.

Hark! from yon mouldering cell
The owl her shriek repeats,
And all the tissued spell
Of wildering fancy fleets;
Lochleven's ruined towers
Once more the moon-beams flout,
And tangled herbage chokes those bowers
Whence the rich harp breathed out.

The lake's unruffled breast,
Expands like mirror clear,
With emerald islets drest,
Each in its hermit-sphere;
Yet, from those fair retreats
Do mournful memories flow,
And every murmuring shade repeats
Mary of Scotland's woe.

EVENING AT HOME.

WRITTEN IN EARLY YOUTH.

Loud roars the hoarse storm from the angry north, As if the wintry spirit, loth to leave
Its wonted haunts, came rudely rushing on,
Fast by the steps of the defenceless Spring,
To hurl his frost-spear at her shrinking flowers.

Yet while the tempest o'er the charms of May Sweeps dominant, and with discordant tone The wild blast rules without, peace smiles within; The fire burns cheerful, and the taper clear Alternate aids the needle, or illumes The page sublime, inciting the rapt soul, To soar above the warring elements.

My gentle kitten at my footstool sings, Her song monotonous, and full of joy; Close by my side my tender mother sits, Industriously bent,—her brow still bright With beams of lingering youth, while he, the sire, The faithful guide, indulgently doth smile At our discourse, or wake the tuneful hymn Which best he loves.

Fountain of life and light!—
Father Supreme! from whom our joys descend,

As streams flow from their source, and unto whom All good on earth shall finally return As to a natural centre, praise is due

To thee from all thy works, nor least from me,

Though in thy scale of being light and low.

From thee is shed whate'er of joy or peace Doth sparkle in my cup,—health, hope and bliss, And pure parental love, beneath whose roof My ever grateful heart doth feel no want Of sister, or of brother, or of friend.

Therefore, to thee be all the honour given, Whether young morning with her vestal lamp Warn from my couch, or sober twilight gray Lead on the willing night, or summer-sky Spread its smooth azure, or contending storms Muster their wrath, or whether in the shade Of much loved solitude, deep wove, and close, I rest, or gaily share the social scene, Or wander wide to twine with stranger-hearts New sympathies, or wheresoever else Thy hand may place me, let my steadfast eye Behold thee, and my soul attune thy praise. To thee alone, in humble trust I come, For strength and wisdom. Leaning on thine arm Fain would I pass this intermediate state, This vale of discipline, and when its mists Shall fleet away, I trust thou wilt not leave My soul in darkness, for thy word is truth, Nor are thy thoughts like the vain thoughts of man, Nor thy ways like his ways.

Therefore I rest In hope, and sing thy praise, Father Supreme!

THE MOHEGAN CHURCH.

A remnant of the once-powerful tribe of Mohegan Indians, have their residence in the vicinity of the city of Norwich, Conn., and on the ruins of an ancient fort in their teritory, a small church has been erected,—principally through the influence of the benevolence of females.

Amp those hills, with verdure spread,
The red-browed hunter's arrow sped,
And on those waters, sheen and blue,
He freely launch'd his light canoe,
While through the forests glanced like light
The flying wild-deer's antler bright.
—Ask ye for hamlet's people bound,
With cone-roofed cabins circled round?
For chieftain grave,—for warrior proud,
In nature's majesty unbowed?
You've seen the fleeting shadow fly,
The foam upon the billows die,
The floating vapour leave no trace,
Such was their path—that fated race.

Say ye that kings, with lofty port,
Here held their stern and simple court?
That here, with gestures rudely bold,
Stern orators the throng controlled?
—Methinks, even now, on tempest wings,
The thunder of their war-shout rings,
Methinks springs up, with dazzling spire,
The redness of their council fire.

No!-no!-in darkness rest the throng, Despair hath checked the tide of song, Dust dimmed their glory's ray, But can these staunch their bleeding wrong? Or quell remembrance, fierce and strong? Recording angel,-say! I marked where once a fortress frowned, High o'er the blood-cemented ground, And many a deed that savage tower Might tell to chill the midnight hour. But now, its ruins strongly bear Fruits that the gentlest hand might share; For there a hallowed dome imparts The lore of Heaven to listening hearts, And forms, like those which lingering staid, Latest 'neath Calvary's awful shade, And earliest pierced the gathered gloom To watch a Saviour's lowly tomb, Such forms have soothed the Indian's ire. And bade for him that dome aspire.

Now, where tradition, ghostly pale,
With ancient horrors loads the vale,
And shuddering weaves in crimson loom
Ambush, and snare, and torture-doom,
There shall the peaceful prayer arise,
And tuneful hymns invoke the skies.
—Crush'd race!—so long condemned to moan,
Scorn'd—rifled—spiritless—and lone,
From pagan rites, from sorrow's maze,
Turn to these temple-gates with praise;
Yes, turn and bless the usurping band
That rent away your fathers' land;
Forgive the wrong—suppress the blame,
And view with Faith's fraternal claim,
Your God—your hope—your heaven the same.

RADIANT CLOUDS AT SUNSET.

BRIGHT Clouds! ye are gathering one by one Ye are sweeping in pomp round the dying sun, With crimson banner, and golden pall Like a host to their chieftain's funeral; Perchance ye tread to that hallowed spot With a muffled dirge, though we hear it not.

But methinks ye tower with a lordlier crest And a gorgeous flush as he sinks to rest, Not thus in the day of his pride and wrath Did ye dare to press on his glorious path, At his noontide glance ye have quaked with fear And hasted to hide in your misty sphere.

Do you say he is dead?—You exult in vain, With your rainbow robe and your swelling train, He shall rise again with his strong, bright ray, He shall reign in power when you fade away, When ye darkly cower in your vapoury hall, Tintless, and naked, and noteless all.

The Soul!—With its eye of fire,
Thus, thus shall it soar when its focs expire,
It shall spread its wings o'er the ills that pained,
The evils that shadowed, the sins that stained,
It shall dwell where no rushing cloud hath sway,
And the pageants of earth shall have melted away.

SOLITUDE.

DEEP Solitude I sought.—There was a dell Where woven shades shut out the eye of day, While towering near, the rugged mountains made Dark back-ground 'gainst the sky.

Thither I went,

And bade my spirit taste that lonely fount For which it long had thirsted 'mid the strife And fever of the world .- I thought to be There without witness .- But the violet's eye Looked up to greet me, the fresh wild-rose smiled, And the young pendent vine-flower kissed my cheek. There were glad voices, too .- The garrulous brook, Untiring, to the patient pebbles told Its history.-Up came the singing breeze And the broad leaves of the cool poplar spake Responsive, every one.-Even busy life Woke in that dell.—The dexterous spider threw From spray to spray the silver-tissued snare. The thrifty ant, whose curving pincers pierced The rifled grain, toiled toward her citadel. To her sweet hive went forth the loaded bee, While from her wind-rocked nest, the mother-bird Sang to her nurslings .-

Yet I strangely thought To be alone and silent in thy realm,
Spirit of life and love!—It might not be!—
There is no solitude in thy domains,

Save what man makes, when in his selfish breast
He locks his joys, and shuts out others' grief.
Thou hast not left thyself in this wide world
Without a witness. Even the desert place
Speaketh thy name. The simple flowers and streams
Are social and benevolent, and he
Who holdeth converse in their language pure,
Roaming among them at the cool of day,
Shall find, like him who Eden's garden drest,
His Maker there, to teach his listening heart.

C

BARZILLAI THE GILEADITE.

Let me be buried by the grave of my father and of my mother.

2 Samuel, XIX. 37.

Son of Jesse!—let me go,
Why should princely honours stay me?—
Where the streams of Gilead flow,
Where the light first met mine eye,
Thither would I turn and die:—
Where my parent's ashes lie,
King of Israel!—bid them lay me.

Bury me near my sire revered,
Whose feet in righteous paths so firmly trod,
Who early taught my sole with awe
To heed the Prophets and the Law,
And to my infant heart appeared
Majestic as a God:—
Oh! when his sacred dust
The cerements of the tomh shall burst,
Might I be worthy at his feet to rise,
To yonder blissful skies,
Where angel-hosts resplendent shine,
Jehovah!—Lord of Hosts, the glory shall be thine.

Cold age upon my breast Hath shed a frost like death, The wine-cup hath no zest, The rose no fragrant breath, Music from my ear hath fled,
Yet still a sweet tone lingereth there,
The blessing that my mother shed
Upon my evening prayer.
Dim is my wasted eye
To all that beauty brings,
The brow of grace,—the form of symmetry
Are half-forgotten things;—
Yet one bright hue is vivid still,
A mother's holy smile that soothed my sharpest ill.

Memory, with traitor-tread
Methinks, doth steal away
Treasures that the mind had laid
Up for a wintry day:—
Images of sacred power,
Cherished deep in passion's hour,
Faintly now my bosom stir,
Good and evil like a dream
Half obscured and shadowy seem,
Yet with a changeless love my soul remembereth her,
Yea,—it remembereth her,
Close by her blessed side, make ye my sepulchre.

APPEAL FOR MISSIONS.

Stewards of God! his richest gifts who hold,
Sublime dispensers to your brother's need,
Can Charity within those breasts grow cold,
Where Faith and Hope have sown their holy seed?
Hoard ye the stores of Heaven?—Ah, then beware
Lest its pure manna turn to bitterness and care.

Stewards of God!—replete with living bread,
Shall any famish in your rosy path?
Have ye a garment which ye will not spread
Around those naked souls in Winter's wrath?
Ye see them sink amid Destruction's blast,
Unmoved ye hear their cry!—What will ye plead at lust?

Ye have that cup of wine which Jesus blest
At his last supper with the chosen train;
Ye have a book divine, whose high behest
'Go, teach all nations,' sends its thrilling strain
Into your secret chamber. Can it be
That selfishness enslaves the souls by Christ made free?

Do ye indeed on Time's tempestuous shore
Wear the meek armour of the Crucified?
Yet stretch no hand, no supplication pour,
To save the fainting souls for whom he died?
God of all power!—what but thy Spirit's flame
Can ope the eyes of those who dream they love thy name?

Where is your heathen brother?—From his grave Near thy own gates, or 'neath a foreign sky, From the thronged depths of Ocean's moaning wave,
His answering blood reproachfully doth cry.
Blood of the soul!—Can all earth's fountains make
Thy dark stain disappear?—Stewards of God awake!

DEATH OF AN INFANT.

DEATH found strange beauty on that polished brow And dashed it out.—

There was a tint of rose
On cheek and lip.—He touched the veins with ice,
And the rose faded.—

Forth from those blue eyes
There spake a wishful tenderness, a doubt
Whether to grieve or sleep, which innocence
Alone may wear.—With ruthless haste he bound
The silken fringes of those curtaining lids
Forever.—

There had been a murmuring sound, With which the babe would claim its mother's ear, Charming her even to tears.—The Spoiler set His seal of silence.—

But there beamed a smile So fixed, so holy, from that cherub brow, Death gazed—and left it there.—

He dared not steal

The signet-ring of Heaven.

KING JOHN.

THERE stands on Runimede a king, whose name we need not tell,

For the blood of high Plantagenet within his veins doth swell, Aud yet a sceptred hand he lifts, to shade his haggard brow, As if constrained to do a deed his pride would disallow.

He pauses still.—His faint eye rests upon those barons bold, Whose hands are grappling to their swords with fierce and sudden hold,

That pause is broke.—He bows him down before those steelgirt men,

And glorious Magna Charta glows beneath his trembling pen.

His false lip to a smile is wreathed, as their exulting shout, Upon the gentle summer air, thro' the broad oaks peals out, Yet lingers long his cowering glance on Thames' translucent tide,

As if some deep and bitter thought he from the throng would hide.

I know what visiteth his soul, when midnight's heavy hand, Doth crush the emmet cares of day and wave reflection's wand,

Forth stalks his broken-hearted sire, wrapt in the grave-robe drear,

And close around the ingrate's heart doth cling the ice of fear.

I know what sounds are in his ear, when wrathful tempests roll,

When God doth bid his lightnings search, his thunders try the soul,

Above the blast young Arthur's shriek doth make the murderer quake,

As if again his guiltless blood from Rouen's prison spake.

But the or no red volcane burst to whelm the men of crime, No vengeful earthquake fiercely yawn to gorge them ere their time,

Tho' Earth for her most guilty sons the festive board doth set, The wine-cup and the opiate draught,—yet ne'er can Heaven forget.

THE UNCHANGED OF THE TOMB.

They have prest the valve of the vaulted tomb,
And the tremulous sun-beam falls
Like a stranger's foot on that cheerless gloom,
And the dead in their silent halls.

Hark! to the knell of a funeral train,
As on with a measured tread,
They shuddering plunge to the dark domain
Of the unsaluting dead.

They have brought an innocent infant here
To the charge of its kindred race,
But no arm is stretched from their coffins drear
To fold it in fond embrace.

It hath come from a mother's tender breast,
She did foster it night and day,
What a fearful change to such cherished guest
Is this grim and cold array.

Her heart for a double woe doth weep,
As it heaves with a stifled moan,
For her first-born lies in his dreamless sleep
'Neath you dark-browed arch of stone.

He fell when the wintry tempest wrecked

The wealth of the verdant plain;

And lo! ere the spring hath its ravage decked,

As a mourner she cometh again.

He was smitten down in his beauty's pride, In the dawn of his manhood's day, But strong in the faith of Him who died, Was the soul as it soared away.

She passeth on with a ghostly glide
Through the chilled and mouldering space,
She is drooping low at her idol's side
With her wild eyes on his face.

But the pestilent damps of that dread abode,
Have breathed on a stainless cheek,
And it seemed that the warmth of the living blood
Through his ruby lips might speak.

And his glossy locks to a fearful length
Have grown in that bed of clay,
In a clustering mesh they have wreathed their strength,
Who will part those curls away?

Ah! list to the mother's frantic tone,
"Rise! Rise, my son!" she cries,
And the mocking cave with a hollow groan
"My Son!—My Son!"—replies.

They have led her away in her deep despair, She hath wept till her eye is dim, Your dear one is risen!—he is not there!— Say, what is the tomb to him?

Look to the flight of the spirit's wing Through the glorious fields of air, Look to the world where the angels sing, And see that ye meet him there.

TWILIGHT.

I would be had not glared on me so soon,

Officious lamps!—that gild the parlour scene

With such oppressive brightness.—They were here

Whose garments like the tissue of our dreams

Steal o'er the eye, and win it from the world.

They smiled on me so sweetly, and their hands

Clasped mine, and their calm presence wooed away

The throb of grief so tenderly,—I would

That twilight to the purple peep of dawn

Had kindly lingered.—

She, who nearest hung,
Pressing my head to her meek, matron breast,
Was one who lulled me to my cradle sleep,
With such blest melodies as memory pours
Fresh from her echo-harp, when the fond heart
Asks for its buried joys.—Slow years have sown
Rank rooted herbage o'er her lowly couch
Since she arose to chant that endless song
Which hath no dissonance.—

Another form
Sat at her feet, whose brow was bright with bloom
When the cold grave shut o'er it.—It hath left
Its image every where, upon my books,
My bower of musing, and my page of thought,
And the lone altar of the secret soul.—
Would that those lips had spoken!—yet I hear
Always their ring-dove murmuring, when I tread
Our wonted shady haunts.—

Say, is there aught
Like the tried friendship of the sacred dead?
It cannot hide its face, it changeth not,
Grieves not, suspects not, may not fleet away,
For as a seal upon the melted heart
Tis set forever.—Sure 'tis weak to mourn
Though thorns are at the bosom, or the blasts
Of this bleak world beat harshly, if there come
Such angel-visitants at even-tide,
Or midnight's holy hush, to cleanse away
The stains which day hath gathered, and with touch
Pure and ethereal to sublimate
The erring spirit.

MONTPELIER.

THE RESIDENCE OF JAMES MADISON, ESQ., EX-PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES.

How fair beneath Virginia's sky,
Montpelier strikes the traveller's eye,
Emerging from its forest bower,
Like feudal chieftain's ancient tower,
With parks and lawns and gardens drest,
In peaceful verdure proudly blest.

What blended beauties cheer the sight! The distant mountains' misty height, The circling prospect's cultured bound, The attic temple's echoing round, The locust copse where warblers throng, And gaily pour the unfettered song, The flowers in bright profusion seen, The luscious fig's luxuriant green, The clasping vine, whose clusters fair Seem as of genial France the care, The bright-eyed pheasant, beauteous guest, The eastern bird, with gorgeous vest, Still for his mimic speech carest, The curtaining jessamine that showers Rich fragrance o'er the nightly bowers, Those halls, whose varied stores impart The classic pencil's magic art,

The chisel's life-bestowing power,
The lore that cheats the studious hour,
And music's strains, that vainly vie
With the touched spirit's melody—
How strong the tissued spells that bind
The lingering eye, and charmed mind.

Here wisdom rests in sylvan shade,
That erst an empire's councils swayed,
And goodness whose persuasive art
So justly won that empire's heart,
And piety,* with hoary hair,
Who, rising o'er this Eden fair,
Beholds, by mortal foot untrod,
A brighter Eden with its God.

Montpelier!—these thy name have set A gem in memory's coronet,
Whose lustre ruthless time shall spare,
Till from her brow that crown he tear—
Till from her book that page he rend,
Which of a stranger made a friend.

^{*} The venerable mother of President Madison, who survived, honoured and beloved, until past the age of ninety years.

NORMAN KNIGHTS AND MONKS OF ELY.

After the accession of William the Conquerer, in 1066, some noblemen took refuge in the monastery of Ely, and continued for several years to maintain it, against his jurisdiction. When it was reduced to subjection, he placed a band of Norman knights there, to check its contumacy, and to evince his displeasure. But contrary to his expectation, a vivid friendship sprang up between them and the monks, and when at the expiration of five years they were recalled, the parting was with mutual grief. As an emblem of their continued attachment, the arms of each knight, quartered with those of his favourite monastic friend, were painted on the walls of the banqueting-hall. An engraving of these singular heraldic devices is preserved in Fuller's Church History, from whence this statement is also derived.

They came.—The plumed casque shone bright
In Ely's cloistered bower,
And darkly on each Norman knight
Did monkish visage lower;
Even 'midst the vesper's holy strain
A hatred, ill represt,
Frowned from the cowled and mitred train,
On such unwonted guest.

Years held their course—and friendship's spell,
That sternest hearts controls,
With soft, cementing influence fell
On uncongenial souls.
No more the British friar feared
The mirth of foreign lays,
Nor the gay knight the legend 'jur'd
Of Etheldreda's* praise.

^{*} The daughter of the king of East-Anglia, who founded this institution in 673.

With helm and spear-point flashing high,
The tournay's mimic pride,
They traced, where Ouse ran murmuring by
With pure and glittering tide.
Yea, even the abbot, grave and old,
His stern rebuke would spare,
Since every warrier rudely bold,
Knelt low at mass and prayer.

In troublous times, these martial guests
Protection might bestow,
And kindness won even steel-clad breasts
To love a stranger foe.
So, when the royal mandate bade
Forth from those walls to go,
And quit old Ely's hallowed shade,
Each warrior drooped with wo.

Silent and slow, as loth to part,
The long procession sped,
While arm in arm and heart to heart,
Each monk his soldier led.
On cope and cross and banner proud
The western sunbeam fell,
As 'neath old Hadenham's oaks they bowed
To take a last farewell.

The holy brethren, sad and grieved,
Resumed their duties meek,
While the chill tear from hearts bereaved
Went coursing down their cheek;
And when upon the escutcheoned wall
Those blended arms they viewed,
Both lonely cell and lighted hall,
The parting pang renewed.

'Mid Norman fields in bloody fray The knights their prowess tried, Where stout King William sought to stay
Duke Robert's rebel pride.
Yet still those Christian precepts blest,
Learned in monastic bower,
Held mastery o'er their rugged breasts,
In war's destructive hour.

And when the piercing cry "to save"
Was heard through battle strife,
Their planted creed of mercy gave
The fallen suppliant life:—
While still the merry Norman song
Rose up prolonged and clear,
Those sombre halls and cells among,
When wintry nights were drear.

For friendship hath a magic spell
The affinities to find,
That in opposing natures dwell,
And link the wayward mind:—
She bade the men of blood, no more
The sons of peace revile,
And woke in haunts of cloistered lore
The sad ascetic's smile.

THE LAST SUPPER.

A PICTURE BY LEONARDI DA VINCI.

Behold that countenance, where grief and love Blend with ineffable benignity, And deep, unuttered majesty divine.

Whose is that eye which seems to read the heart, And yet to have shed the tear of mortal woe?—
Redeemer, is it thine?—And is this feast,
Thy last on earth?—Why do the chosen few,
Admitted to thy parting banquet, stand
As men transfixed with horror?—

Ah! I hear

The appalling answer, from those lips divine, 'One of you shall betray me."—

One of these?—
Who by thy hand was nurtured, heard thy prayers,
Received thy teachings, as the thirsty plant
Turns to the rain of summer?—One of these!—
Therefore, with deep and deadly paleness droops
The loved disciple, as if life's warm spring
Chilled to the ice of death, at such strange shock
Of unimagined guilt.—See, his whole soul
Concentered in his eye, the man who walked
The waves with Jesus, all impetuous prompts
The horror-struck inquiry,—" Is it 1?

Lord!-Is it I?" while earnest pressing near, His brother's lip, in ardent echo seems Doubting the fearful thought .- With brow upraised, Andrew absolves his soul of charge so foul, And springing eager from the table's foot, Bartholomew bends forward, full of hope. That by his ear, the Master's awful words Had been misconstrued .- To the side of Christ. James in the warmth of cherished friendship clings. Yet trembles as the traitor's image steals Into his throbbing heart :- while he, whose hand In sceptic doubt was soon to probe the wounds Of Him he loved, points upward to invoke The avenging God .- Philip, with startled gaze, Stands in his crystal singleness of soul, Attesting innocence, while Matthew's voice Repeating fervently the Master's words Rouses to agony the listening group. Who, half incredulous with terror, seem To shudder at his accents.

All the twelve

With strong emotion strive, save one false breast By Mammon seared, which brooding o'er its gain, Weighs thirty pieces with the Saviour's blood.

Son of perdition!—dost thou freely breathe In such pure atmosphere?—And canst thou hide, 'Neath the cold calmness of that settled brow, The burden of a deed whose very name Thus strikes thy brethren pale?—

But can it be

That the strange power of this soul-harrowing scene Is the slight pencil's witchery?—I would speak Of him who pour'd such bold conception forth O'er the dead canvas.—But I dare not muse, Now, of a mortal's praise.—Subdued I stand

In thy sole, sorrowing presence, Son of God!—
I feel the breathing of those holy men,
From whom thy gospel, as on angel's wing
Went out, through all the earth.—I see how deep
Sin in the soul may lurk, and fain would kneel
Low at thy blessed feet, and trembling ask—
"Lord!—is it I?"

For who may tell, what dregs Do slumber in his breast.—Thou, who didst taste Of man's infirmities, yet bar his sins From thine unspotted soul, forsake us not, In our temptations, but so guide our feet, That our Last Supper in this world may lead To that immortal banquet by thy side, Where there is no betrayer.

RETURN TO CONNECTICUT.

HAIL native Earth!—from brighter climes returning,
From richer scenes the ravished eye that cheer,
From palace roofs, and skies with glory burning,
Where changeless Summer decks the joyous year
With golden fruits, and verdure never sere.
Still leaps my heart to mark thy rugged crest,
Thy village spires, and mansions rude, though dear;
Still to my fervent lip thy sod is prest,
As the weaned infant clings close to its mother's breast.

Thou hast no mountain peering to the cloud,
No boundless river for the poet's lyre,
Nor mighty cataract thundering far and loud,
Nor red volcano, opening through its pyre
A safety-valve to earth's deep, central fire;
Nor dread glacier nor forest's awful frown,
Yet turn thy sons to thee with fond desire,
And from Niagara's pride, or Andes' crown,
In thy scant, noteless vales, delight to lay them down.

Thou art a Spartan mother, and from sleep
Thy hardy sons at early dawn dost call,
Though winds or storms, a sullen vigil keep,
Some goodly task proportioning to all.
Warning to fly from sloth and folly's thrall,
And patient meet the tempest or the thorn;
Nor ermine robe thou giv'st, nor silken pall,
Nor gilded boon of bloated luxury born
To bid the pampered soul its lowly brother scorn.

Yet hath bold science in thy sterile bed
Struck a deep root, and though wild blasts recoil,
The arts their winged and feathery seeds have spread
For hardened hands embrowned with peasant toil
To pluck their delicate flowers; and while the soil
Their plough hath broken, some the Muse have hailed,
Smit with her love 'mid poverty's turmoil,
And like the seer by angel-might assailed
Wrestled till break of day, and then like him prevailed.

Yet humbler virtues throw their guard around
Thy rocky coast, and 'mid the autumn leaves
That falling rustle with a solemn sound,
His magic spell a hidden spirit weaves,
Nursed 'neath the peaceful shade of cottage-eaves,
By voice of sabbath-bell from hallowed dome,
And breath of household prayer which Heaven receives,
It binds around the heart of those who roam
The patriot's stainless shields, the sacred love of home.

The love of home!—that plant of fearless birth,
From arid Afric's burning soil it springs,
'Mid icy Labrador's uncultured earth,
Or tropic Asia, where the serpent stings;
To naked hordes it gives the wealth of kings,
Though lava bursts, or earthquakes threaten loud,
Still to its bed that plant undaunted clings,
Makes the child glad, the toiling father proud,
And decks with Eden's wreath the white haired grandsire's
shroud.

"WHITHER SHALL I FLEE FROM THY PRESENCE!"

Psalm CXXXIX.

Take morning's wing, and fly from zone to zone, To Earth's remotest pole, and ere old Time Can shift one figure on his dial plate Haste to the frigid Thule of mankind, Where the scant life-drop freezes.—Or go down To Ocean's secret caverns, 'mid the throng Of monsters without number, which no foot Of man hath visited, and yet returned To walk among the living.—Or the shroud Of midnight wrap around thee, dense and deep, Bidding thy spirit slumber.—

Hop'st thou thus
To 'scape the Almighty, to whose piercing eye
Morn's robe and midnight's vestment are the same?

Spirit of truth!—why should we seek to hide
Motive or deed from thee?—why strive to walk
In a vain show before our fellow men,
Since at the same dread audit each must stand,
And with a sun-ray read his brother's breast
While his own thoughts are weighed?—Search thou my
soul!—

And if aught evil lurk securely there Like Achan's stolen hoard, command it thence, And hold me up in singleness of heart, And simple, child-like confidence in Thee, Till time shall close his labyrinth, and ope Eternity's broad gate.

THE SABBATH BELL.

Where 'mid the crowded city glide
The gorgeous trains of pomp and pride,
Till even the labouring pavement groans
As Folly's surges wear the stones,
And through the reeking air doth rise
The tide of Fashion's heartless sighs—
What speaks from tower and turret fair,
With coloma had

With solemn knell?

To break the despotism of care,

And fearless warn the proud to prayer?

The Sabbath Bell.

From yonder cottage-homes where meet, Round the low eaves, the woodbine sweet, And the young vine-flower peering through The rustic rose-hedge rich with dew, Pours on each passing Zephyr's breast A gush of fragrance pure and blest; What lures gay childhood's throngs away? Why quit they thus at morning ray

Their native dell?

What lures them to God's temple door, Their holy lessons conning o'er?

The Sabbath Bell?

The chastened spirit, worn with care, That scarce can lift its burdened prayer Above the host of toils that thrust Its broken pinion down to dust, That loves the path where faith doth rise In contemplation to the skies, Yet bowed beneath a hopeless chain Betakes it to its task again;

What bids its rapture swell?
What brings, though tear-drops dim the eye,
Communion with its native sky?
The Sabbath Bell.

And thou, whose glance of rapid ray
Dost lightly scan this simple lay,
When to thy view yon astral spark,
And earthly skies and suns are dark,
What to the fair and lighted hall
Where cherished friends hold festival;
What to the pensive, listening ear,
Shall thy death-tidings tell?

And summon to thy lowly bier
The bursting sigh, the bitter tear?
The Sabbath Bell.

A COTTAGE SCENE.

I saw a cradle at a cottage door,
Where the fair mother with her cheerful wheel
Carolled so sweet a song, that the young bird,
Which timid near the threshold sought for seeds,
Paused on his lifted foot, and raised his head,
As if to listen. The rejoicing bees
Nestled in throngs amid the woodbine cups,
That o'er the lattice clustered. A clear stream
Came leaping from its sylvan height, and poured
Music upon the pebbles,—and the winds
Which gently 'mid the vernal branches played
Their idle freaks, brought showering blossoms down,
Surfeiting earth with sweetness.

Sad I came
From weary commerce with the heartless world,
But when I felt upon my withered cheek
My mother Nature's breath,—and heard the trump
Of those gay insects at their honied toil,
Shining like winged jewelry,—and drank
The healthful odour of the flowering trees
And bright-eyed violets;—but most of all,
When I beheld mild slumbering Innocence,
And on that young maternal brow the smile
Of those affections which do purify
And renovate the soul, I turned me back
In gladness, and with added strength to run

My weary race—lifting a thankful prayer
To Him who showed me some bright tints of Heaven
Here on the earth, that I might safer walk
And firmer combat sin, and surer rise
From earth to Heaven.

THE BOY'S LAST BEQUEST.

HALF-RAISED upon his dying couch, his head Drooped o'er his mother's bosom,—like a bud Which, broken from its parent stalk, adheres By some attenuate fibre. His thin hand From 'neath the downy pillow drew a book And slowly prest it to his bloodless lip.

"Mother, dear mother, see your birth-day gift, Fresh and unsoiled. Yet have I kept your word, And ere I slept each night, and every morn, Did read its pages with my humble prayer, Until this sickness came."

He paused-for breath

Came scantly, and with a toilsome strife.

"Brother or sister have I none, or else
I'd lay this Bible on their heart, and say,
Come read it on my grave, among the flowers:
So you who gave must take it back again,
And love it for my sake." "My son!—My son!"
Whispered the mourner in that tender tone
Which woman in her sternest agony
Commands, to soothe the pang of those she loves—

"The soul!—the soul!—to whose charge yield you that?"
"To God who gave it." So that trusting soul,
With a slight shudder, and a lingering smile,
Left the pale clay for its Creator's arms.

GREECE.

UP, thou New World !- The eye of Greece is dark, Her glory waneth. When she sat enthroned On the Acropolis, and heard the lore Of Pallas echoing through the Academe, Thou wert a savage with thy hunter bow And feathery cincture. Now in dust she sits, Weary and sad of heart. She may not skill to read Her Father's book. Thou, who from her hast caught The spirit of Harmodius, and sat down Low at the feet of Socrates, and soared High with ethereal Plato, and hast knelt And thrilled, and wept, and trembled, as the lyre Of mighty Homer smote thy wondering soul-Up, pay thy debt. Restore her more than all The burning alphabet of eloquence Or the proud language of the arts could teach: Yea, give the key of knowledge, and with gems Drawn from the Gospel's everlasting mine.

GIFT OF A BIBLE.

Behold that Book,—o'er which, from ancient time,
Sad penitence hath poured the prayerful breath,
And meek devotion bowed with joy sublime,
And Nature armed her for the strife of death,
And trembling Hope renewed her wreath divine,
And Faith an anchor gained:—that holy Book is thine.

Behold the Book,—whose sacred truths to spread Christ's heralds toil beneath a foreign sky, Pouring its blessings o'er the heathen's head,
A martyr-courage kindling in their eye.
Wide o'er the globe its glorious light must shine,
As glows the arch of Heaven:—that holy Book is thine.

Here search with humble heart, and ardent eye,
Where plants of peace in bloom celestial grow,
Here breathe to Mercy's ear the contrite sigh,
And bid the soul's unsullied fragrance flow,
To Him who shuts the rose at even-tide,
And opes its dewy eye when earliest sunbeams glide.

May Heaven's pure Spirit touch thy youthful heart,
And guide thy feet through life's eventful lot,
That when from this illusive scene I part,
And in my grave lie mouldering and forgot,
This my first gift, like golden link may join
Thee to that angel-band around the throne divine.

PRAISE.

Put forth your leafy lutes, -ye wind-swept trees, For well the sighing summer gales do love To play upon them. Often have I heard, When in sweet freshness came the gentle shower, That pensive music at the fall of eve, And blest it in my loneliness of soul.

Call forth, thou peopled grass, those weak-voiced tribes That nest beneath thy waving canopy, To wake their chirping chorus,-while thy sigh In whispered symphony the cadence fills. Utter your oral melody, ye streams, As swift of foot, your mazy course you run, To the cool pillow of some mightier tide. And thou, old Ocean !- robed in solemn state, Yield thy deep organ to the tempest's will, And with the surges and the sweeping blasts Pour such bold voluntary, that the stars Stooping to listen to thy thunder-hymn Shall tremble in their spheres.

Heart! - strike thy harp!

Join the full anthem of Creation's praise, Ere thou shalt pour thy life-breath on the winds, And sleep the sleep of silence and the grave.

ON THE DEATH OF A SISTER, WHILE ABSENT AT SCHOOL.

SWEET Sister,-is it so? And shall I see Thy face on earth no more? And didst thou breathe The last sad pang of agonizing life Upon a stranger's pillow? No kind hand, Of parent or of sister, near to press Thy throbbing temples, when the shuddering dew Stood thick upon them? And they say my name Hung on thy lips 'mid the chill, parting strife. Ah !-those were hallowed memories that could stir Thy bosom thus in death. The tender song Of cradle-nurture,-the low, lisping prayer, Learned at our mother's knee,-the childish sport, The gift divided, and the parted cake-Our walk to school amid the dewy grass-Our sweet flower-gatherings,-all those cloudless hours Together shared, did wake a love so strong That Time must yield it to Eternity For its full crown. Would it had been my lot But with one weeping prayer to gird thy heart For its last conflict. Would that I had seen That peaceful smile which Death did leave thy clay, After his conquest o'er it. But the turf On thy lone grave was trodden-while I deemed Thee meekly musing o'er the classic page, Loving and loved amid the studious band As erst I left thee.

Sister!—toils and ills
Henceforth are past, for knowledge without pain,
A free, translucent, everlasting tide,
Doth fill thy spirit. Thou no more hast need
Of man's protecting arm,—for thou may'st lean
On His unchanging throne, who was thy trust
Even from thine early days. 'Tis well! 'Tis well!
Saviour of souls!—I thank thee for her bliss.

THE WAR-SPIRIT.

WAR-SPIRIT! War-Spirit! how gorgeous thy path,
Pale Earth shrinks with fear from thy chariot of wrath,
The king at thy beckoning comes down from his throne,
To the conflict of fate the armed nations rush on,
With the trampling of steeds, and the trumpet's wild cry,
While the folds of their banners gleam bright o'er the sky.

Thy glories are sought, till the life-throb is o'er,
Thy laurels pursued, though they blossom in gore,
Mid the ruins of columns and temples sublime,
The arch of the hero doth grapple with time;
The Muse o'er thy form throws her tissue divine,
And History her annal emblazons with thine.

War-Spirit! War-Spirit! thy secrets are known,
I have looked on the field when the battle was done,
The mangled and slain in their misery lay,
And the vulture was shrieking and watching his prey;
But the heart's gush of sorrow, how hopeless and sore,
In the homes that those loved ones revisit no more.

I have traced out thy march, by its features of pain, While Famine and Pestilence stalked in thy train, And the trophies of sin did thy victory swell, And thy breath on the soul, was the plague-spot of hell; Death lauded thy deeds, and in letters of flame The realm of perdition recorded thy name.

War-Spirit! War-Spirit! go down to thy place, With the demons that thrive on the woe of our race; Call back thy strong legions of madness and pride, Bid the rivers of blood thou hast opened be dried— Let thy league with the grave and Aceldama cease, And yield the torn world to the Angel of Peace.

THE BITTERNESS OF DEATH.

"O Death! how bitter is the remembrance of thee, to a man that is at ease in his possessions."

ECCLESIASTICUS IV. 1.

The rich man moved in pomp. His soul was gorged With the gross fulness of material things, So that it spread no pinion forth to seek A better world than this. There was a change, And in the sleepless chamber of disease, Curtained and nursed, and ill-content he lay. He had a wasted and an eager look, And on the healer's brow he fixed a glance, Keen—yet imploring.

What he greatly feared Had come upon him. So he went his way—
The way of all the earth—and his lands took Another's name.

Why dost thou come, O Death! To print the bridal chamber with thy foot, And leave the ruin of thy ministry, When love, and joy, and hope, so late had hung Their diamond cressets!

To the cradle side Why need'st thou steal, changing to thine own hue Of ghastly pale, the youthful mother's brow; And for her nightly watchings, leaving nought In payment, but a piece of marble clay,

And the torn heart-strings in her bleeding breast,
—Come to the aged, he hath sorely trod
Time's rugged road, until his staff is broke,
And his feet palsied, and his friends all gone;
Put thy cold finger on life's last faint spark,
And scarcely gasping he shall follow thee.
—Come to the saint, for he will meekly take
Thy message to his soul, and welcome thee
In Jesu's name, and bless the shadowy gate
Which there dost open.

Wait awhile, Oh Death! For those who love this fleeting world too well, Wait, till it force their hearts to turn away From all its empty promises, and loathe Its deep hypocrisy. Oh! wait for those Who have not tasted yet of Heaven's high grace, Nor bring them to their audit, all unclothed With a Redeemer's righteousness.

TO THE MEMORY OF A YOUNG LADY.

Brilliant and beautiful!—And can it be
That in thy radiant eye there dwells no light—
Upon thy cheek no smile?—I little deemed
At our last parting, when thy cheering voice
Breathed the soul's harmony, what shadowy form
Then rose between us, and with icy dart
Wrote, "Ye shall meet no more." I little deemed
That thy elastic step, Death's darkened vale
Would tread before me.

Friend! I shrink to say Farewell to thee. In youth's unclouded morn We gaze on friendship as a graceful flower, And win it for our pleasure, or our pride. But when the stern realities of life Do clip the wings of fancy, and cold storms Rack the worn cordage of the heart, it breathes A healing essence, and a strengthening charm, Next to the hope of heaven. Such was thy love, Departed and deplored. Talents were thine Lofty and bright, the subtle shaft of wit, And that keen glance of intellect which reads, Intuitive, the deep and mazy springs Of human action. Yet such meek regard For other's feelings, such a simple grace And singleness of purpose, such respect To woman's noiseless duties sweetly blent, And tempered those high gifts, that every heart That feared their splendour, loved their goodness too. I see thy home of birth. Its pleasant halls

Put on the garb of mourning. Sad and lone
Are they who nursed thy virtues, and beheld
Their bright expansion through each ripening year.
To them the sacred name of daughter blent
All images of comforter and friend,
The fire-side charmer, and the nurse of pain,
Eyes to the blind, and, to the weary, wings.
What shall console their sorrow, when young morn
Upriseth in its beauty, but no smile
Of filial love doth mark it?—or when eve
Sinks down in silence, and that tuneful tone,
So long the treasure of their listening heart,
Uttereth no music?

Ah!—so frail are we—
So like the brief ephemeron that wheels
Its momentary round, we scarce can weep
Our own bereavements, ere we haste to share
The clay with those we mourn. A narrow point
Divides our grief-sob from our pang of death;
Down to the mouldering multitude we go,
And all our anxious thoughts, our fevered hopes,
The sorrowing burdens of our pilgrimage
In deep oblivion rest. Then let the woes
And joys of earth be to the deathless soul
Like the swept dew-drop from the eagle's wing
When waking in his strength, he sunward soars.

SLAVERY.

"Slavery is a dark shade on the Map of the United States."

**La Fayette.*

WRITTEN FOR THE CELEBRATION OF THE FOURTH OF JULY.

We have a goodly clime,
Broad vales and streams we boast,
Our mountain frontiers frown sublime,
Old Ocean guards our coast;
Suns bless our harvest fair,
With fervid smile serene,
But a dark shade is gathering there—
What can its blackness mean?

We have a birth-right proud,
For our young sons to claim,
An eagle soaring o'er the cloud,
In freedom and in fame;
We have a scutcheon bright,
By our dead fathers bought,
A fearful blot distains its white—
Who hath such evil wrought?

Our banner o'er the sea

Looks forth with starry eye,
Emblazoned glorious, bold and free,
A letter on the sky,
F *

What hand with shameful stain
Hath marred its heavenly blue?
The yoke, the fasces, and the chain,
Say, are these emblems true?

This day doth music rare
Swell through our nation's bound,
But Afric's wailing mingles there,
And Heaven doth hear the sound:
O God of power!—we turn
In penitence to thee,
Bid our loved land the lesson learn—
To bid the slave be free.

EVENING THOUGHTS.

Come to thy lonely bower, thou who dost love
The hour of musing. Come, before the brow
Of twilight darkens, or the solemn stars
Look from their casement. 'Mid that hush of soul
Music from viewless harps shall visit thee,
Such as thou never heard'st amid the din
Of earth's coarse enginery, by toil and care
Urged on, without reprieve. Ah! kneel and catch
That tuneful cadence. It shall wing thy thought
Above the jarring of this time-worn world,
And give the key-tone of that victor-song
Which plucks the sting from death.

How closely wrapt

In quiet slumber are all things around!
The vine-leaf, and the willow-fringe stir not,
Nor doth the chirping of the feeblest bird,
Nor even the cold glance of the vestal moon,
Disturb thy reverie. Yet dost thou think
To be alone?—In fellowship more close
Than man with man, pure spirits hover near
Prompting to high communion with the Source
Of every perfect gift. Lift up the soul!
For 'tis a holy pleasure thus to find
Its melody of musing so allied
To pure devotion. Give thy prayer a voice;
Claiming Heaven's blessing on these sacred hours
Which in the world's warped balance weighed, might yield
But sharp derision. Sure they help to weave

Such robes as angels wear, and thou shalt taste In their dear, deep, entrancing solitude, Such sweet society,—that thou shalt leave "Signet and staff," as pledges of return.

TO THE OCEAN.

HAIL, glorious Ocean! In thy calm repose Majestic like a king. The emerald isles Sleep on thy breast, as though with matron care Thou in a robe of light didst cradle them. Hushing the gales that might disturb their rest. Those chastened waves that in rotation throng To kiss their chain of sand, methinks they seem Like pensive teachers, or like eloquent types Of the brief tenure of terrestrial joy. Though roused to sudden anger, thou dost change Thy countenance, and armed with terror, toss Man's floating eastles to the fiery skies: Yet still thou art his friend. Thy mystic spell Looseneth the tie of kindred, lures his feet From earth's green pastures to the slippery shrouds, Weans his bold spirit from the parent hearth, Till by the rough and perilous baptism bronzed, Thou art his priest, his home.

With toil and change Creation labours. Streams their beds forsake, Strong mountains moulder—the eternal hills Leap from their firm foundations—planets fall; But age thy fearful forehead furroweth not. Earth's bosom bleeds beneath her warring sons, The tempest scathes her with a foot of flame, And her bloom withers; but what eye may trace Where haughtiest navies poured their hostile wrath

Into thy breast, or the storm-spirit dashed
Thy salt tears to the sky? What hand hath reared
Upon thy ever-heaving pedestal
One monumental fane to those who sleep
Within thy cloistered chambers? Myriads there,
Wrapped in the tangled sea-fan's gorgeous shroud,
On thy pearl pavement find their sepulchre.
Earth strictly questioned for these absent ones,
Her beautiful, her brave, her innocent;
But thou, in thy unyielding silence gave
No tidings of them, and despotic bade
Beauty and Death, like rival kings, divide
Thy secret realm.

Mysterious Deep, farewell!

I turn from thy companionship. But lo,
Thy voice doth follow me. 'Mid lonely bower,
Or twilight dream, or wakeful couch, I hear
That solemn, and reverberated hymn
From thy deep organ which doth speak God's praise
In thunder, night and day.

Still by my side Even as a dim seen spirit deign to walk Prompter of holy thought, and type of *Him*, Sleepless, immutable, omnipotent.

COLUMBUS BEFORE THE UNIVERSITY OF SALAMANCA.

"Columbus found that in advocating the spherical figure of the earth, he was in dauger of being convicted not merely of error, but even of heterodoxy."

Washington Irving.

St. Stephen's cloistered hall was proud
In learning's pomp that day,
For there a robed and stately crowd
Pressed on in long array.
A mariner with simple chart
Confronts that conclave high,
While strong ambition stirs his heart,
And burning thoughts of wonder part
From lip and sparkling eye.

What hath he said? With frowning face,
In whispered tones they speak,
And lines upon their tablets trace,
Which flush each ashen cheek;
The Inquisition's mystic doom
Sits on their brows severe,
And bursting forth in visioned gloom,
Sad heresy from burning tomb
Groans on the startled ear.

Courage, thou Genoese! Old Time Thy splendid dream shall crown, Yon Western hemisphere sublime,
Where unshorn forests frown,
The awful Andes' cloud-wrapt brow,
The Indian hunter's bow,
Bold streams untamed by helm or prow,
And rocks of gold and diamonds there
To thankless Spain shalt show.

Courage, World-finder! Thou hast need!
In Fates' unfolding scroll,
Dark woes, and ingrate wrongs I read,
That rack the noble soul.
On! On! Creation's secrets probe,
Then drink thy cup of scorn,
And wrapped in fallen Cesar's robe,
Sleep like that master of the globe,
All glorious,—yet forlorn.

"CHARITY BEARETH ALL THINGS."

ST. PAUL.

The lion loves his own.—The desert sands,
High tossed beneath his spurning foot, attest
The rage of his bereavement. With hoarse cries
Vindictive echoing round the rocky shores
The polar bear her slaughtered cub bewails,
While with a softer plaint where verdant groves
Responsive quiver to the evening breeze,
The mother-bird deplores her ravaged nest.

The Savage loves his own.—His wind-rocked babe That rudely cradled 'mid the fragrant boughs, Or on its toiling mother's shoulders bound Shrinks not from sun or rain; his hoary sire, And hunting-spear, and forest sports are dear.

The Heathen loves his own.—The faithful friend Who by his side the stormy battle dares, The chieftain, at whose nod his life-blood flows, His native earth, and simple hut are dear.

The Christian loves his own.—But is his God
Content with this, who full of bounty pours
His sun-ray on the evil and the good,
And like a parent gathereth round his board
The thankless with the just? Shall man, who shares
This unrequited banquet, sternly bar
From his heart's brotherhood a fellow-guest?
Shall he within his bosom sternly hide

Retaliation's poison, when the smile
Of Heaven doth win him to the deeds of love?
Speak! servants of that Blessed One who gave
The glorious precept "love your enemies,"
Is it enough that ye should love your riends,
Even as the heathen do?

Is He who bore

The flight of friendship, the denial vow
Of coward love—the Pharisaic taunt—
Judea's maddened scourge—the Roman spear—
A world's offences, and the pang of death—
Is He your Master, if ye only walk
As Nature prompts?

If the love-beaming eye

Drink fond return reciprocal, the lip
That pours your praise, partake your sympathy
When sorrow blanches it, the liberal hand
Win by its gifts your meed of gratitude,
What do ye more than others? But on him
Whose frown of settled hatred mars your rest,
Who to the bosom of your fame doth strike
A serpent-sting, your kindest deeds requite
With treachery, and o'er your motives cast
The mist of prejudice; say, can you look
With the meek smile of patient tenderness,
And from the deep pavilion of your soul
Send up the prayer of blessing?

God of strength!

Be merciful! and when we duly kneel Beside our pillow of repose, and say "Forgive us, Father, even as we forgive," Grant that the murmured vision seal not Our condemnation.

"THE FASHION OF THIS WORLD PASSETH AWAY."

1 Corinthians VII, 31.

A Rose upon her mossy stem,
Fair Queen of Flora's gay domain,
All graceful wore her diadem,
The brightest 'mid the brilliant train;
But Evening came, with frosty breath,
And ere the quick return of Day,
Her beauties in the blight of death
Had past away.

I saw when morning gemmed the sky
A fair young creature gladly rove,
Her moving lip was melody,
Her varying smile the charm of love,
At eve I came—but on her bed
She drooped—with forehead pale as clay,
"What dost thou here?"—she faintly said
"Passing away."

I looked on manhood's towering form
Like some tall oak when tempests blow,
That scorns the fury of the storm
And strongly strikes its root below,
Again I looked,—with idiot cower
His vacant eye's unmeaning ray

THE FASHION OF THIS WORLD PASSETH.

Told how the mind of godlike power May pass away.

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Of Earth I asked, with deep surprise,
Hast thou no more enduring grace,
To lure thy trusting votaries
Along their toil-worn, shadowy race?
She answered not,—the grave replied,
"Lo! to my sceptre's silent sway
Her boasted beauty, pomp and pride,
Must pass away."

THE BURMANS AND THEIR MISSIONARY.

"Are you Jesus Christ's man? Give us a writing that tells about Jesus Christ."

Letter of Rev. Dr. Judson.

There is a cry in Burmah, and a rush Of thousand footsteps from the distant bound Of watery Siam and the rich Lathay.

From the far northern frontier, pilgrims meet The central dwellers in the forest-shades, And on they press together. Eager hope Sits in their eye, and on their lips the warmth Of strong request. Is it for bread they seek, Like the dense multitude which fainting hung Upon the Saviour's words, till the third day Closed in and left them hungering?

Not for food

Or raiment ask they. Simply girding on The scanty garment o'er the weary limb, They pass unmarked the lofty domes of wealth Inquiring for a stranger. There he stands, The mark of foreign climes is on his brow; He hath no power, no costly gifts to deal Among the people, and his lore perchance The earth-bowed worldling with his scales of gold Accounteth folly. Yet to him is raised Each straining eye-ball, "Tell us of the Christ!" And like the far off murmur of the sea

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Lashed by the tempest, swelled their blended tone, "Sir,—we would hear of Christ. Give us a scroll Bearing his name."

And there that teacher stood, Far from his native land, -amid the graves Of his lost infants, and of her he loved More than his life, -yes, there he stood alone, And with a simple, saint-like eloquence Spake his Redeemer's word. Forgot was all-Home, boyhood, christian-fellowship-the tone Of his sweet babes-his partner's dying strife-Chains, perils, Burman dungeons, all forgot, Save the deep danger of the heathen's soul, And God's salvation. And methought that earth In all she vaunts of majesty, or tricks With silk and purple, or the baubled pride Of throne and sceptre, or the blood-red pomp, Of the stern hero, had not aught to boast So truly great, so touching, so sublime, As that lone Missionary, shaking off All links and films and trappings of the world, And in his chastened nakedness of soul Rising to bear the embassy of Heaven.

"DIEM PERDIDA."

The Emperor Titus, at the close of a day, in which he had neither gained knowledge, or conferred benefit, used to exclaim—" I have lost a day."

Why art thou sad,—thou of the sceptred hand?
The robed in purple, and the high in state?
Rome pours her myriads forth, a vassal band,
And foreign powers are crouching at thy gate,
Yet dost thou deeply sigh, as if oppressed by fate.

"Diem perdida!"—Pour the empire's treasure, Uncounted gold, and gems of rainbow die, Unlock the fountains of a monarch's pleasure To lure the lost one back. I heard a cry, One hour of parted time—a world is poor to buy.

"Diem perdida!"—'Tis a mournful story,
Thus in the ear of pensive eve to tell,
Of morning's firm resolves the vanished glory,
Hope's honey left within the withering bell,
And plants of mercy dead, which might have bloomed so well.

Hail, self-communing Emperor,—nobly wise!
There are, who, thoughtless, haste to life's last goal,
There are, who Time's long-squandered wealth despise,
Vitam perdida marks their finish scroll,
When Death's dark angel comes to claim the startled soul.

PAUL BEFORE AGRIPPA.

The son of Herod sate in regal state

Fast by his sister-queen—and 'mid the throng
Of supple courtiers, and of Roman guards,
Gave solemn audience. Summoned to his bar
A prisoner came,—who with no flattering tone
Brought incense to a mortal. Every eye
Questioned his brow, with scowling eagerness,
As the he stood in bonds. But when he spoke
With such majestic earnestness, such grace
Of simple courtesy—with fervent zeal
So boldly reasoned for the truth of God,
The ardour of his heaven-taught eloquence
Wrought in the royal bosom, till its pulse
Responsive trembled with the new-born hope
"Almost to be a Christian."

So, he rose,

And with the courtly train swept forth in pomp.

"Almost;"—and was this all,—thou Jewish prince?

Thou listener to the ambassador of Heaven—

"Almost persuaded!"—Ah! hadst thou exchanged

Thy trappings and thy purple, for his bonds

Who stood before thee—hadst thou drawn his hope

Into thy bosom even with the spear

Of martyrdom—how great had been thy gain.

And ye, who linger while the call of God
Bears witness with your conscience, and would fain
Like king Agrippa follow,—yet draw back
Awhile into the vortex of the world

Perchance to swell the hoard, which Death shall sweep Like driven chaff away, 'mid stranger hands, Perchance by Pleasure's deadening opiate lulled To false security—or by the fear Of man constrained—or moved to give your sins A little longer scope, beware!—beware!—Lest that dread "almost" shut you out from Heaven.

APPEAL OF THE BLIND.

TO BE SUNG AT AN EXHIBITION OF BLIND BOYS.

YE see the glorious sun
The varied landscape light,
The moon, with all her starry train,
Illume the arch of night,
Bright tree, and bird, and flower
That deck your joyous way,
The face of kindred, and of friend,
More fair, more dear than they.

For us there glows no sun,
No green and flowery lawn,
Our rayless darkness hath no moon,
Our midnight knows no dawn;
The parent's pitying eye,
To all our sorrows true,
The brother's brow, the sister's smile,
Have never met our view.

We have a lamp within,
That knowledge fain would light,
And pure Religion's radiance touch
With beams forever bright;
Say, shall it rise to share
Such radiance full and free?
And will ye keep a Saviour's charge,
And cause the blind to see?

THE LIBRARY.

Thou, whom the world with heartless intercourse Hath wearied, and thy spirit's hoarded gold Coldly impoverished, and with husks repaid, Turn hither. 'Tis a quiet resting-place, Silent, yet peopled well. Here may'st thou hold Communion eloquent, and undismayed, Even with the greatest of the ancient earth, Sages, and sires of science. These shall gird And sublimate thy soul, until it soar Above the elements, and view with scorn The thraldom of an hour.

Doth thy heart bleed. And is there none to heal, -no comforter ? Turn to the mighty dead. They shall unlock Full springs of sympathy, and with cool hand Compress thy fevered brow. The poet's sigh From buried ages on thine ear shall steal, Like that sweet harp which soothed the mood of Saul. The cloistered hero, and the throneless king, In stately sadness shall admonish thee How Hope hath dealt with man. A map of woe The martyr shall unfold,-till in his pangs Pity doth merge all memory of thine own. Perchance unceasing care, or thankless toil Do vex thy spirit, and sharp thorns press deep Into the naked nerve. Still, hither come, And close thy door upon the clamouring crowd, Though for a moment. Grave and glorious shades

Rise up and gather round thee. Plato's brow Doth blend rebuke with its benignity That trifles thus should move thee—Seneca Spreads to thy mind his richly-reasoning page, While Socrates a cordial half-divine Pours o'er thy drooping spirit.

But hath Heaven

Unveiled thy nature's deep infirmity,
And shown the spots that darken all we call
Perfection here? All lore of lettered Pride,
Philosophy and Science, then are vain,
They yield no help. Haste to the book of God!
Yea, come to Jesus!—Author of our faith,
And finisher—doubt not His word shall be
A tree of life to feed thy fainting soul,
Till thou arise where knowledge hath no bound,
And dwell a tireless student of the skies.

THE MOTHER.

"It may be Autumn, yea Winter, with the woman,—but with the mother, as a mother, it is always Spring."

Sermon of the Rev. Thomas Cobbet, at Lynn, 1665.

I saw an aged woman bow
To weariness and care,
Time wrote his sorrows on her brow
And 'mid her frosted hair.

Hope, from her breast had torn away
Its rooting scathed and dry,
And on the pleasures of the gay
She turned a joyless eye.

What was it that like sunbeam clear O'er her wan features run, As pressing toward her deafened ear I named her absent son?

What was it? Ask a mother's breast Through which a fountain flows Perennial, fathomless and blest, By winter never froze.

What was it? Ask the King of kings,
Who hath decreed above
That change should mark all earthly things,
Except a mother's love.

DEATH OF A BEAUTIFUL BOY.

I saw thee at thy mother's side, when she was marble cold, And thou wert like some cherub form cast in ethereal mould, But when the sudden pang of grief oppressed thine infant thought,

And 'mid thy clear and radiant eye a liquid crystal wrought, I thought how strong that faith must be that breaks a mother's tie,

And bids her leave her darling's tears for other hands to dry.

I saw thee in thine hour of sport, beside thy father's bower,
Amid his broad and bright parterre, thyself the fairest flower;
I heard thy tuneful voice ring out upon the summer air,
As though some bird of Eden poured its joyous carol there,
And lingered with delighted gaze on happy childhood's
charms.

Which once the blest Redeemer loved, and folded in his arms.

I saw thee scan the classic page, with high and glad surprise, And saw the sun of science beam, as on an eaglet's eyes, And marked thy strong and brilliant mind arouse to bold pursuit.

And from the tree of knowledge pluck its richest, rarest fruit, Yet still from such precocious power I shrank with secret fear,

A shuddering presage that thy race must soon be ended here.

I saw thee in the house of God, and loved the reverent air With which thy beauteous head was bowed, low in thy guileless prayer, Yet little deemed how soon thy place would be with that blest band,

Who ever near the Eternal Throne in sinless worship stand; And little deemed how soon the tomb must lock thy glorious charms,

And wing thine ardent soul to find a sainted mother's arms.

SABBATH MORNING.

See! heaven wakes earth. There is an answering sigh From the soft winds, as they unfurl their wings Impalpable,—and touch the dimpling streams Which the lithe willows kiss, and through the groves Make whispering melody. Methinks the sea Murmureth in tone subdued,—and nature smiles As if within her raptured breast she caught The breath of Deity.

Hail! hallowed Morn That binds a yoke on Vice. Drooping her head, She by her quaint hypocrisy doth show How beautiful is Virtue. Eve will light Her orgies up again-but at this hour She trembleth and is still. Humility From the cleft rock where she hath hid, doth mark The girded majesty of God go by, And kneeling, wins a blessing. Grief forgoes Her bitterness-and round the tear-wet urn Twines sweet and simple flowers. But most firm faith Enjoys this holy season. She doth lift Her brow and talk with seraphs,-till the soul That by the thraldom of the week was bowed, And crushed, and spent,-like the enfranchised slave Doth leap to put its glorious garments on.

THE DESERT FLOWER.

A WEARY course the traveller held,
As on with footstep lone,
By scientific zeal impelled
He tracked the torrid zone.

His thoughts were with his native glades, His father's pleasant halls, Where darkly peer through woven shades The abbey's ivied walls.

But to the far horizon's bound,
Wide as the glance could sweep,
The sandy desert spread around
Like one vast, waveless deep.

What saw he 'mid that dreary scene,
To wake his rapture wild?
A flower!—A flower!—with glorious mien,
Like some bright rainbow's child.

Kneeling he clasped it to his breast, He praised its wonderous birth, Fresh, fragile, beautiful and blest, The poetry of earth.

No secret fountain through its veins
Sustaining vigor threw,
No dew refreshed those arid plains,
Yet there the stranger grew.
H **

It seemed as if some tender friend,
Beloved in childhood's day,
A murmur through those leaves did send,
A smile to cheer his way:

And fervently a prayer for those
In his own distant bower,
Like inceuse from his heart uprose
Beside that Desert Flower.

For thus do Nature's hallowed charms
Man's softened soul inspire,
As to the infant in her arms
The mother points its sire.

THE SOUTH GEORGIAN LARK.

"The LARK is the only land-bird found in the island of Georgia, southeast of Cape Horn, the whole surface of which is constantly covered with snow and ice."

Malte Brun.

LONE minstrel of you dreary isle, that shares no genial ray, There is no discord in thy tone, no winter in thy lay,

And sweetly doth thy warbled song flow from yon sterile shores,

While the Pacific's monstrous surge, in deafening thunder roars.

No kindred wing with thine is spread those rugged cliffs to dare,

For even the undaunted eagle shrinks to hang his eyrie there:

But thou, when rude and bitter blasts thy shivering bosom chill,

High soaring in a flood of light, dost merge the pang of ill.

Thou, mid a prisoning realm of ice, thy callow young dost rear,

For well a parent's heart may warm earth's most inclement sphere,

And when amid thy snow-wreathed nest thou hear'st their chirping strain,

Thou hast a magic spell to make the tempest's anger vain.

Man should thy pupil be. Draw near, thou of the lordly mind, Whose will the unmeasured universe in links of thought can bind;

Yet still beneath a transient woe, ingloriously dost droop, Or shuddering at the frown of fate, on sky-borne pinion stoop:

What though Misfortune's shaft severe thy lingering hope destroys,

Till only some pale frost-flower stands to mark thy smitten joys;

What though Affliction's keenest dart thy inmost soul hath stoned,

Still heavenward lift the lay of praise, like the lone Georgian bird.

FLORA'S PARTY.

LADY FLORA gave cards for a party at tea,
To flowers, buds and blossoms of every degree;
So from town and from country they thronged at the call,
And strove by their charms to embellish the hall.

First came the exotics, with ornaments rare, The tall Miss Corcoris, and Cyclamen fair, Auricula, splendid with jewels new set, And gay Polyanthus, the pretty coquette. The Tulips came flounting in gaudy array, With Hyacinths bright as the eye of the day; Dandy Coxcombs and Daffodils, rich and polite, With their dazzling new vests and their corsets laced tight, While the Soldiers in Green, cavalierly attired, Were all by the ladies extremely admired. But prudish Miss Lily, with bosom of snow, Declared that "the officers stared at her so, 'Twas excessively rude," so retired in a fright, And scarce paused to bid Lady Flora good night. There were Myrtles and Roses from garden and plain, And Venus's Fly-trap they brought in their train; So the beaux clustered round them, they scarcely knew why, At each smile of the lip, or each glance of the eye.

Madame Damask complained of her household and care,
How she seldom went out even to breathe the fresh air;
There were so many young ones and servants to stray,
And the thorns grew so fast if her eye was away:
"Neighbour Moss Rose," said she, "you who live like a
queen,

And scarce wet your fingers, do'nt know what I mean:"

So that notable lady went on with her lay, Till the auditors yawned and stole softly away.

The sweet Misses Woodbine, from country and town, With their brother-in-law, Colonel Trumpet, came down; And Lupine, whose azure-eye sparkled with dew, On Amaranth leaned, the unchanging and true, While modest Clematis appeared as a bride, And her husband, the Lilac, ne'er moved from her side, Though the belles giggled loudly and vowed "'twas a shame.

For a young married chit such attention to claim; They never attended a rout in their life, Where a city-bred gentleman spoke to his wife."

Mrs Piony came in quite late, in a heat, With the Ice-plant, new spangled from forehead to feet; Lobelia, attired like a queen in her pride, And the Dahlias, with trimmings new-furbished and dved; And the Blue-bells and Hare-bells, in simple array, With all their Scotch cousins from highland and brae. Ragged Ladies and Marigolds clustered together, And gossiped of scandal, the news, and the weather-What dresses were worn at the wedding so fine Of sharp Mr. Thistle and sweet Columbine; Of the loves of Sweet William and Lily the prude, Till the clamours of Babel again seemed renewed. In a snug little nook sate the Jessamine pale, And that pure fragrant Lily, the gem of the vale; The meek Mountain-daisy, with delicate crest, And the Violet, whose eye told the heaven in her breast;

While allured to their group were the wise ones who bowed To that virtue which seeks not the praise of the crowd. But the proud Crown Imperial, who wept in her heart That modesty gained of such homage a part,

Looked haughtily down on their innocent mien, And spread out her gown that they might not be seen.

The bright Lady-slippers and Sweet-brians agreed With their slim cousin Aspens a measure to lead;

And sweet 'twas to see their light footsteps advance
Like the wing of the breeze through the maze of the dance;
But the Monk's-hood scowled dark, and in utterance low,
Declared "'twas high time for good Christians to go;
He'd heard from his parson a sermon sublime,
Where he proved from the Vulgate—to dance was a crime."
So folding a cowl round his cynical head,
He took from the side-board a bumper and fled.

A song was desired, but each musical flower
Had "taken a cold, and 'twas out of her power;"
Till sufficiently urged, they burst forth in a strain
Of quavers and thrills that astonished the train.
Mimosa sat shrinking, and said with a sigh—
"'Twas so fine, she was ready with rapture to die:"
And Cactus, the grammar-school tutor, declared
"It might be with the gamut of Orpheus compared:"
But Night-shade, the metaphysician, complained
That "the nerves of his ears were excessively pained;
'Twas but seldom he crept from the college, he said,
And he wished himself safe in his study or bed."

There were pictures whose splendour illumined the place, Which Flora had finished with exquisite grace: She had dipped her free pencil in Nature's pure dies, And Aurora re-touched with fresh purple the skies. So the grave connoisseurs hasted near them to draw, Their knowledge to show by detecting a flaw. The Carnation took her eye-glass from her waist, And pronounced they were "scarce in good keeping or taste." While prim Fleur de Lis, in her robe of French silk, And magnificent Calla, with mantle like milk, Of the Louvre recited a wonderful tale, And said "Guido's rich tints made dame Nature turn pale." Mr. Snowball assented, proceeding to add His opinion that "all Nature's colouring was bad;" He had thought so e'er since a few days he had spent To study the paintings of Rome, as he went

To visit his classmate Gentiana, who chose His abode on the Alps, in a palace of snows: But he took on Mont Blanc such a terrible chill That ever since that he'd been pallid and ill.

Half withered Miss Hackmetack bought a new glass, And thought with her neices, the Spruces, to pass; But Bachelor Holly, who spyed her out late, Destroyed all her hopes by a hint at her date: So she pursed up her mouth and said tartly with scorn, "She could not remember before she was born." Old Jonquil the crooked-backed bean had been told That a tax would be laid on bachelor's gold; So he bought a new coat and determined to try The long disused armour of Cupid, so sly, Sought out half opened buds in their infantine years, And ogled them all, till they blushed to the ears.

Philosopher Sage, on a sofa was prosing,
With good Dr. Chamomile quietly dozing;
Though the Laurel descanted with eloquent breath,
Of heroes and battles, of victory and death,
Of the conquests of Greece, and Botzaris the brave,
"He had trod on his steps and had sighed o'er his grave."
Farmer Sunflower was near, and decidedly spake
Of the "poultry he fed, and the oil he might make;"
For the true-hearted soul deemed a weather-stained face,
And a toil-hardened hand no mark of disgrace.
Then he beckoned his nieces to rise from their seat,
The plump Dandelion and Cowslip so neat,
And bade them to "pack up their duds and away
For he believed in his heart'twas the break o' the day."

'Twas indeed very late, and the coaches were brought, For the grave matron flowers of their nurseries thought; The lustre was dimmed of each drapery rare, And the lucid young brows looked beclouded with care; All save the bright Cerens, that belle so divine, Who preferred through the curtains of midnight to shine.

Now they curtseyed and bowed, as they moved to the door, But the Poppy snored loud ere the parting was o'er, For Night her last candle was snuffing away, And Flora grew tired, though she begged them to stay; Exclaimed "all the watches and clocks were too fast, And old Time ran in spite, lest her pleasure should last."

But when the last guest went with daughter and wife,
She vowed she "was never so glad in her life;"
Called out to her maids, who with weariness wept,
To "wash all the glasses and cups ere they slept;
For Aurora, that pimp, with her broad, staring eye,
Always tried in her house some disorder to spy:"
Then she sipped some pure honey-dew, fresh from the lawn,
And with Zephyrons hasted to sleep until dawn.

WINTER.

I DEEM thee not unlovely, though thou com'st With a stern visage. To the tuneful bird, The blushing flowret, the rejoicing stream, Thy dicipline is harsh. But unto man Methinks thou hast a kindlier ministry. Thy lengthened eve is full of fireside joys, And deathless linking of warm heart to heart, So that the hoarse storm passes by unheard. Earth, robed in white, a peaceful sabbath holds, And keepeth silence at her Maker's feet. She ceaseth from the harrowing of the plough, And from the harvest shouting.

Man should rest

Thus from his fevered passions, and exhale
The unbreathed carbon of his festering thought,
And drink in holy health. As the tost bark
Doth seek the shelter of some quiet bay
To trim its shattered cordage, and restore
Its riven sails—so should the toil-worn mind
Refit for Time's rough voyage. Man, perchance,
Soured by the world's sharp commerce, or impaired
By the wild wanderings of his summer way,
Turns like a truant scholar to his home,
And yields his nature to sweet influences
That purify and save.

The ruddy boy
Comes with his shouting school-mates from their sport,
On the smooth, frozen lake, as the first star

Hangs pure and cold its twinkling cresset forth,
And throwing off his skates with boisterous glee,
Hastes to his mother's side. Her tender hand
Doth shake the snow-flakes from his glossy curls,
And draw him nearer, and with gentle voice
Ask of his lessons, while her lifted heart
Solicits silently the Sire of Heaven
To "bless the lad." The timid infant learns
Better to love its sire—and longer sits
Upon his knee, and with a velvet lip
Prints on his brow such language, as the tongue
Hath never spoken.

Come thou to life's feast With dove-eyed meekness, and bland charity, And thou shalt find even Winter's rugged blasts The minstrel teacher of thy well tuned-soul, And when the last drop of its cup is drained—Arising with a song of praise—go up To the eternal banquet.

THE LAST WORD OF THE DYING.

A christian friend, in the last moments of life, when it was supposed all communication with mortals had ceased—spelt, with her fingers, in the dialect of the deaf and dumb, the word—"Mother."

'Tis o'er!—'Tis o'er!
That lip of gentle tone
Doth speak to man no more;
It hath given the parting kiss
To him with whom was learned to prove
The climax of terrestial bliss,
Deep, and confiding love;
It hath sighed its last bequest
On the weeping sister's breast,
Its work is done.

The soul doth wait for thee,
Redeemer!—strong to save
Thy ransomed from the grave,
It waiteth to be free.
Still, on the darkened eye
It lingereth, wishful to convey
One message more, to frail mortality,
Then soar away.

There is no breath to speak,
No life-blood in the cheek,
Listening Love doth strive in vain
Those pearls of thought to gain,

Which on its upward track
Thus from Heaven's threshold bright, the spirit throweth back.
But with remembered skill

The hand interprets still,

Though speech with broken lyre is faithless to the will, Those poor, pale fingers weave with majestic art, One last, lone thrilling word to echo through the heart.

" Mother."

Oh! yet a moment stay,
Friend!—Friend!—what would'st thou say?
What strong emotion with that word doth twine!
She, whose soft hand did dry thine infant tear,
Hovereth she now, with love divine
Thy dying pillow near?

Thy dying pillow near?

And is the import of thy sign

That she is here?

Faithful to thine extremest need
Descends she from her blissful sphere,
With the soft welcome of an angel's reed
Thy passage through the shadowy vale to cheer?

Or doth affection's root
So to earth's soil adhere—
That thou, in fond pursuit,
Still turn'st to idols dear?
Drawest thou the curtain from a cherished scene
Once more with yearning to survey
The little student over his book serene,
The glad one at his play,
The blooming babe so lately on thy breast

Cradled to rest— Those three fair boys,

Lingers thy soul with them, even from heaven's perfect joys? Say—wouldst thou teach us thus, how strong a mother's tie?

That when all others fade away, Stricken down in mouldering clay, Springs up with agonizing hold, on vast eternity?

Fain would we hear thee tell,

But ah!—the closing eye,

The fluttering, moaning sigh,

Speak forth the disembodied friend's farewell,

We toil to break the seal, with fruitless pain,

Time's fellowship is riven:—earth's question is in vain.

Yet we shall know
Thy mistery—thou who unexplained hast fled
Where secret things are read,
We after thee shall go
In the same path of woe
Down to the dead.
Oh Christ!—whose changeless trust
Went with her to the dust,
Whose spirit free,
Did shield her from the victor's power,
Suffer us not, in Death's dread hour
To fall from Thee.

SCENE AT THE DEATH-BED OF THE REVEREND DR. PAYSON.

"The eye spoke after the tongue became motionless. Looking on his wife, and glancing over the others who surrounded his bed, it rested on his eldest son, with an expression, which was interpreted by all present to say, as plainly as if he had uttered the words of the beloved disciple—'Behold thy mother.'"

Memoir of the Reverend Edward Payson.

WHAT said the eye? The marble lip spake not, Save in that quivering sob with which stern Death Doth crush life's harp-strings. Lo! again it pours A tide of more than uttered eloquence,-"Son! look upon thy mother," and retires Beneath the curtain of the drooping lids To hide itself for ever. Tis the last-Last glance !- and ah! how tenderly it fell Upon that loved companion and the groups Who wept around. Full well the dying knew The value of those holy charities Which purge the dross of selfishness away; And deep he felt that woman's trusting heart, Rent from the cherished prop which, next to Christ, Had been her stay in all adversities, Would take the balm-cup best from that dear hand Which woke the sources of maternal love: That smile whose winning paid for sleepless nights Of cradle-care, that voice whose murmured tones Her own had moulded to the words of prayer.

How soothing to a widowed mother's breast, Her first-born's sympathy.

Be strong, young man!
Lift the protector's arm, the healer's prayer—
Be tender in thy every word and deed,
A Spirit watcheth thee! Yes, He who past
From shaded earth up to the full orbed day
Will be thy witness in the court of heaven
How thou dost bear his mantle. So farewell,
Leader in Israel! Thou whose radiant path
Was like the angel's standing* in the sun,
Undazzled and unswerving, it was meet
That thou should'st rise to light without a cloud.

Revelations, xix. 17.

THE CHILDREN OF HENRY FIRST.

Light sped a bark from Gallia's strand
Across the azure main,
And on her deck a joyous band,
A proud and courtly train,
Surrounded Albion's princely heir
Who toward his realm returned,
And music's cheering strain was there,
And hearts with pleasure burned.

It was a fair and glorious sight
That gallant bark to see,
With floating streamers glittering bright
In pomp of chivalry:
The smooth sea kissed her as she flew,
The gentle gale impelled,
As if each crested billow knew
What wealth her bosom held.

But strangely o'er the summer sky
A sable cloud arose,
And hollow winds careering high
Rushed on like armed foes;
Loud thunders roll—wild tempests rave,
Red lightnings cleave the sky—
What is you wreck amid the wave?
And whence that fearful cry?

See! see! amid the foaming surge
There seems a speck to float,
And with such speed as oars can urge
Toils on the labouring boat,
The Prince is safe—but to his ear
There fell a distant shriek,
Which to his strained eye brought the tear,
And paleness to his cheek.

That voice! 'twas by his cradle side,
When with sweet dream he slept,
It ruled his wrath, it soothed his pride,
When moody boyhood wept,
'Twas with him in his hour of glee,
Gay sports and pastimes rare,
And at his sainted mother's knee,
Amid the evening prayer.

Plunging he dared the breakers hoarse,
None might the deed restrain,
And battled with a maniac's force
The madness of the main:
He snatched his sister from the wreck,
Faint was her accent dear,
Yet strong her white arms 'twined his neck—
"Blest William! art thou here?"

The wild waves swelled like mountains on,
The blasts impetuous sweep;
Where is the heir of England's throne?
Go—ask the insatiate deep!
He sleeps in Ocean's coral grove,
Pale pearls his bed adorn,
A martyr to that holy love
Which with his life was born.

Woe was in England's halls that day,
Woe in her royal towers,
While low her haughty monarch lay
To wail his smitten flowers;
And though protracted years bestow
Bright honour's envied store,
Yet on that crowned and lofty brow
The smile sat never more.

THE SILVER AND THE GOLD ARE MINE.

"The silver is mine, and the gold is mine,—saith the Lord of Hosts."

HAGGAI II. 8.

Whose is the gold that glitters in the mine, And whose the silver? Are they not the Lord's? And lo! the cattle on a thousand hills, And the broad earth with all her gushing spring, Are they not his who made them?

Ye who hold

Slight tenantry therein, and call your lands
By your own names, and lock your gathered gold
From him who in his bleeding Saviour's name
Doth ask a part, whose shall those riches be
When like the grass-blade from the autumn-frost,
You fall away?

Point out to me the forms
That in your treasure-chambers shall enact
Glad mastership, and revel where you toiled,
Sleepless and stern? Strange faces are they all.
Oh man! whose wrinkling labour is for heirs,
Thou knowest not who, thou in thy mouldering bed
Unkenned, unchronicled, of them shalt sleep,
Nor will they thank thee that thou didst bereave
Thy soul of good for them.

Now, thou mayest give The famished food, the prisoner liberty, Light to the darkened mind, to the lost soul

THE SILVER AND THE GOLD ARE MINE. 109

A place in Heaven. Take thou the privilege With solemn gratitude. Speak as thou art Upon earth's surface, gloriously exult To be co-worker with the King of kings.

WINTER HYMN.

Thou bidd'st the glorious sun
The morning landscape light,
While mountains, vales and hillocks shine
In winter's frost-work bright.

The imploring trees stretch forth
Their trusting arms to Thee,
Who shield'st the naked in their hour
Of cold adversity.

Thou o'er the tender germ
The curtaining snow dost spread,
And give it slumber as a babe
Deep in its cradle-bed.

A chain is on the streams,
And on the summer-flood,
Yet still their sparkling eyes look up
And beam with gratitude.

The bee hath left her toil,
Within her cell to sleep,
The warbling tenants of the air
A silent sabbath keep.

'Thou mak'st the lengthened eve,
The friend of wisdom prove,
And bid'st it bind confiding hearts
In closer links of love.

Oh Thou, the God of Hope,
Blest Author of our days,
Forbid that Winter chill our heart,
Or check the strain of praise.

BERNARDINE DU BORN.

King Henry sat upon his throne,
And full of wrath and scorn,
His eye a recreant knight surveyed—
Sir Bernardine du Born;
And he, that haughty glance returned
Like lion in his lair,
And loftily his unchanged brow
Gleamed through his crisped hair.

"Thou art a traitor to the realm,
Lord of a lawless band,
The bold in speech, the fierce in broil,
The troubler of our land;
Thy castles, and thy rebel-towers,
Are forfeit to the crown,
And thou, beneath the Norman axe
Shalt end thy base renown.

"Deignest thou no word to bar thy doom,
Thou, with strange madness fired?
Hath reason quite forsook thy breast?"
Plantagenet inquired.
Sir Bernard turned him toward the king,
He blenched not in his pride,
"My reason failed, my gracious liege,
The year Prince Henry died."

Quick at that name a cloud of woe Past o'er the monarch's brow, Touched was that bleeding chord of love,
To which the mightiest bow:
Again swept back the tide of years,
Again his first born moved,
The fair, the graceful, the sublime,
The erring, yet beloved.

And ever, cherished by his side,
One chosen friend was near,
To share in boyhood's ardent sport,
Or youth's untamed career,
With him the merry chase he sought
Beneath the dewy morn,
With him in knightly tourney rode,
This Bernardine du Born.

Then in the mourning father's soul
Each trace of ire grew dim,
And what his buried idol loved
Seemed cleansed of guilt to him—
And faintly through his tears he spake,
"God send his grace to thee,
And for the dear sake of the dead,
Go forth—unscathed and free."

COLD WATER.

The thirsty flowrets droop. The parching grass Doth crisp beneath the foot, and the wan trees Perish for lack of moisture. By the side Of the dried rills, the herds despairing stand, With tongue protruded. Summer's fiery heat Exhaling, checks the thousand springs of life.

Marked ye you cloud sail forth on angel-wing? Heard ye the herald-drops, with gentle force Stir the broad leaves?—and the protracted rain Waking the streams to run their tuneful way? Saw ye the flocks rejoice—and did ye fail To thank the God of fountains?

See the hart

Pant for the water brooks. The fervid sun Of Asia glitters on his leafy lair,
As fearful of the lion's wrath, he hastes
With timid footstep though the whispering reeds,
Quick plunging 'mid the renovating stream
The copious draught inspires his bounding veins
With joyous vigour.

Patient o'er the sands,
The burden-bearer of the desert-clime,
The camel, toileth. Faint with deadly thirst
His writhing neck of bitter anguish speaks.
Lo!—an oasis, and a tree-girt well,
And moved by powerful instinct, on he speeds
With agonizing speed—to drink or die.

On his swift courser—o'er the burning wild, The Arab cometh. From his eager eye Flashes desire. Seeks he the sparkling wine Giving its golden colour to the cup? No!—to the gushing spring he flies, and deep Buries his scorching lip and laves his brow, And blesses Allah.

Christian pilgrim, come!
Thy brother of the Koran's broken creed
Doth teach thee wisdom, and with courteous hand
Nature, thy mother, holds the crystal cup
And bids thee pledge her in the element
Of temperance and health.

Drink and be whole,
And purge the fever-poison from thy veins,
And pass in purity and peace, to taste
The river flowing from the throne of God.

THE AFRICAN MOTHER AT HER DAUGHTER'S GRAVE.

Some of the Pagan Africans visit the burial places of their departed relatives, bearing food and drink;—and mothers have been known, for a long course of years, to bring, in an agony of grief, their annual oblation to the tombs of their children.

DAUGHTER!—I bring thee food,
The rice-cake pure and white,
The cocoa, with its milky blood,
Dates and pomegranates bright,
The orange in its gold,
Fresh from thy favourite tree,
Nuts in their ripe and husky fold,
Dearest! I spread for thee.

Year after year I tread
Thus to thy low retreat,
But now the snow-hairs mark my head
And age enchains my feet;
Oh! many a change of woe
Hath dimmed thy spot of birth
Since first my gushing tears did flow
O'er this thy bed of earth.

There came a midnight cry, Flames from our hamlet rose, A race of pale-browed men were nigh,
They were our country's foes.
Thy wounded sire was borne
By tyrant force away,
Thy brothers from our cabin torn
While in my blood I lay.

I watched for their return
Upon the rocky shore
Till night's red planets ceased to burn,
And the long rains were o'er;
Till seeds their hand had sown
A ripened fruitage bore,
The billows echoed to my moan,
Yet they returned no more.

But thou art slumbering deep,
And to my wildest cry,
When pierced with agony I weep,
Dost render no reply.
Daughter! my youthful pride,
The idol of my eye,
Why didst thou leave thy mother's side
Beneath these sands to lie?

Long o'er the hopeless grave
Where her lost darling slept,
Invoking gods that could not save
That Pagan mourner wept:
Oh! for some voice of power
To sooth her bursting sighs,
"There is a resurrection hour!
Thy daughter's dust shall rise!"

Christians!—Ye hear the cry From heathen Afric's strand, Haste! lift salvation's banner high O'er that benighted land; With faith that claims the skies Her misery control And plant the hope that never dies, Deep in her tear-wet soul.

THE INSTITUTION.

COME to thy place, thou blessed of the Lord, Come up into thy place. The tuneful choir, The solemn organ, with its gladdening breath, The sunbeam pouring through the tinted pane A flood of richness, all with varied voice Do give thee welcome. But there flows a tide Of deeper gratulation through those hearts Which hail thee as Jehovah's messenger To them for good. Yea, enter in, and take Thy holy office. With the Spirit's power Preach thou repentance-aid the victor-strife O'er vanity and sin; lead hungering souls To their Redeemer's feast; instruct to wear The rose-bud garland of prosperity With chastened joy, and ever through the maze Of earthly discipline, to recognize A Father's hand.

Come to our hearths, our homes,
And as our infants climb upon thy knee
Speak of His lessons and His love, who bade
Such little ones, with unforbidden trust,
Cling to his bosom. So their hearts shall blend
The incipient knowledge of a law divine
With thy paternal smile. Come, when the hour
Of sickness darkens—when the nightly clock
Is told in anguish, and the stifled step
Of the meek watcher is a weariness,

Come with the gospel's balm, and like the dew Of Hermon, to the fainting lily—cheer The sufferer's spirit.

When the brow is blanched, And the cold, quivering lip doth feebly spurn Time's last poor water-drop—then be thou near; Yea, when the dull ear to affection's tone No longer vibrates, lift thy fervent prayer And to the waiting angels' outspread wing, And to the Everlasting Shepherd's arms, Commend the parting soul.

When the pale clay That love hath worshipped, to the open grave In funeral vestments cometh, stand thou there, And by the might of thine ascended Lord Adjure the pit to render back its trust A glorious body when the archangel's trump Heralds eternity.

So guide thy flock
Faithful in all their need, whether their path
By crystal streams shall wind, with flowers besprent,
Or sad through withering pastures, where the vine
Yieldeth no fruit, and winter's stormy wrath
Doth desolate the fold, so guide them still,
And girded by their blessings and their prayers,
Go on in priestly sanctity to God.

ON THE DEATH OF A MOTHER, SOON AFTER HER INFANT SON.

There's a cry from that cradle-bed,
The voice of an infant's woe;
Hark! hark! to the mother's rushing tread,
In her bosom's fold she hath hid his head,
And his wild tears cease to flow.
Yet he must weep again,
And when his eye shall know
The burning brine of manhood's pain
Or youth's unuttered woe,
That mother fair
With her full tide of sympathies, alas! may not be there.
On earth, the tree of weeping grows
Fast by man's side where'er he goes,
And o'er his brightest joys, its bitterest essence flows.

But she, from her sweet home
So lately fled away,
She for whose buried smile the fond heart mourns this day,
Hath tasted rapture undefiled;
She hath gone to her child—she hath gone to her child,
Where sorrow may never come.

He was the precious one,
The prayed for, the adored—

And from each rising sun
Till Night her balmy cup of silence poured,
For him the paths of knowledge she explored,
Feeding his eager mind with seraph's bread,
Till intellectual light o'er his fair features spread.

But ah! he bowed to die,
Strange darkness sealed his eye,
And there he lay, like marble in his shroud;
He, at whose infant might even trembling Love was proud.
Yet she who bore him shrank not 'neath the rod,
Laying her chastened soul low at the feet of God.

Now is her victory won,

Her strife of battle o'er,

She hath found her son—she hath found her son,

Where Death is a king no more.

In eternity's sphere that lamp divine,
Which here 'mid the storms of earth severe
She tenderly nursed with a mother's fear:
Forgotten are all her toils,
The pang hath left no trace,
When Memory hoardeth in Heaven its spoils
These have no place.

She hath gone to see how bright doth shine

Mothers! whose speechless care,

Whose unrequited sigh,
Weary arm and sleepless eye
Change the fresh rose-bud on the cheek to paleness and despair,
Look up! Look up to the bountiful sky,
Earth may not pay your debt, your record is on high.
Ye have gazed in doubt on the plants that drew
From your gentle hand their nightly dew—
Ye have given with trembling your morning kiss,
Ye have sown in pain—ye shall reap in bliss;

The mother's tear, the mother's prayer, In faith for her offspring given, Shall be counted as pearls at the judgment-bar, And win the gold of heaven.

THE WIDOW OF ZAREPHATH.

THERE fell no rain on Israel. The sad trees,
Reft of their coronals, and the crisp vines,
And flowers whose dewless bosoms sought the dust,
Mourned the long drought. The miserable herds
Pined on, and perished 'mid the scorching fields,
And near the vanished fountains where they used
Freely to slake their thirst, the moaning flocks
Laid their parched mouths, and died.

A holy man,

Who saw high visions of unuttered things, Dwelt in deep-musing solitude apart Upon the banks of Cherith. Dark winged birds, Intractable and fierce, were strangely moved To shun the hoarse cries of their callow brood, And night and morning lay their gathered spoils Down at his feet. So, of the brook he drank, Till pitiless suns exhaled that slender rill Which singing, used to glide to Jordan's breast. Then, warned of God, he rose and went his way Unto the coast of Zidon. Near the gates Of Zerephath, he marked a lowly cell Where a pale, drooping widow, in the depth Of desolate and hopeless poverty, Prepared the last, scant morsel for her son, That he might eat and die.

The man of God Entering, requested food. Whether that germ

Of self-denying fortitude, which stirs
Sometimes in woman's soul, and nerves it strong
For life's sever e and unapplauded tasks,
Sprang up at his appeal, or whether He
Who ruled the ravens, wrought within her heart,
I cannot say, but to the stranger's hand
She gave the bread. Then, round the famished boy
Clasping her widowed arms, she strained him close
To her wan bosom, while his hollow eye
Wondering and wishfully regarded her
With ill-subdued reproach.

A blessing fell From the majestic guest, and every morn The empty store which she had wept at eve, Mysteriously replenished woke the joy That ancient Israel felt, when round their camp The manna lay like dew. Thus many days They fed, and the poor famine-stricken boy Looked up with a clear eye, while vigorous health Flushed with unwonted crimson his pure cheek, And bade the fair flesh o'er his wasted limbs Come like a garment. The lone widow mused On her changed lot, yet to Jehovah's name Gave not the praise, but when the silent moon Moved forth all radiant, on her star-girt throne, Uttered a heathen's gratitude, and hailed In the deep chorus of Zidonian song "Astarte, queen of Heaven!"

But then there came

A day of wo. That gentle boy, in whom His mother lived, for whom alone she deemed Time's weary heritage a blessing, died. Wildly the tides of passionate grief broke forth, And on the prophet of the Lord, her lip Called with indignant frenzy. So he came And from her bosom took the breathless clay, And bore it to his chamber. There he knelt

In supplication, that the dead might live. He rose, and looked upon the child. His cheek Of marble meekly on the pillow lay, While round his polished forehead, the bright curls Clustered redundantly. So sweetly slept Beauty and innocence in Death's embrace, It seemed a mournful thing to waken them. Another prayer arose-and he, whose faith Had power o'er Nature's elements, to seal The dripping cloud, to wield the lightning's dart, And soon, from death escaping, was to soar On car of flame up to the throne of God, Long, long, with labouring breast, and lifted eyes, Solicited in anguish. On the dead Once more the prophet gazed. A rigor seemed To settle on those features, and the hand, In its immovable coldness, told how firm Was the dire grasp of the insatiate grave. The awful seer laid down his humble lip Low to the earth, and his whole being seemed With concentrated agony to pour Forth in one agonizing, voiceless strife Of intercession. Who shall dare to set Limits to prayer, if it hath entered heaven, And won a spirit down to its dense robe Of earth again?

Look! look upon the boy!
There was a trembling of the parted lip,
A sob—a shiver—from the half-sealed eye
A flash like morning—and the soul came back
To its frail tenement.

The prophet raised
The renovated child, and on that breast
Which gave the life-stream of its infancy
Laid the fair head once more

If ye would know Aught of that wildering trance of ecstacy,

Go ask a mother's heart, but question not So poor a thing as language. Yet the soul Of her of Zarephath, in that blest hour Believed,—and with the kindling glow of faith Turned from vain idols to the living God.

HEAVEN BRIGHTER THAN EARTH.

"Oh! make Heaven seem brighter than this world."

Dying words of the Rev. Mr. Bruen

Those skies, no night that wear,
Nor cloud nor tempest know,
Those flowers no blight that bear,
Those streams that stainless flow—
Are they not brighter far
Than all that lures us here?
Where storms may fright each timid star
From Midnight's lonely sphere.

Here, Hope of sorrow drinks,
Here Beauty fades with care,
And Virtue from Temptation shrinks,
And Folly finds Despair;
But 'mid that world above
No baneful step may stray,
The white-winged seraph's glance of love
Wonld melt each ill away.

Friendship is there the guest Of chilling doubt no more, And Love, with thornless breast, Whose pangs and fears are o'er: There is no farewell sigh
Throughout that blessed clime,
No mourning voice, nor severed tie,
Nor change of hoary time.

Why plant the cypress near
The pillow of the just?
Why dew with murmuring tear
Their calm and holy dust?
Rear there the rose's pride,
Bid the young myrtle bloom,
Fit emblems of their joys who bide
Beyond the insatiate tomb.

'Mid that celestial place
Our soaring thoughts would glow,
Even while we run this pilgrim-race
Of weariness and woe;
For who would shrink from death
With sharp and icy hand,
Or heed the pangs of shortening breath,
To win that glorious land?

SUDDEN DEATH OF A LADY.

No sound the ear of Midnight heard,
No ripple woke the stream,
No breath the slumbering rose-leaf stirred
Nor marred Affection's dream:
On Winter's pavement, sheen and cold,
There was no echoing tread,
No hand upon the curtain's fold,
Yet on the Spoiler sped.

The Spoiler Spirit! what sought he
Within that blissful bower!—
The gold on which Care turns the key
To thwart the robber's power!
Pale, gleaming pearls that er'st did glow
Down in the deep, dark seas?
The diamond or the ruby? No!
He came not forth for these.

Morn rose, and sweet the sabbath-bell
From tower and dell did break,
And with a high and solemn swell
Glad praise God's temple spake:
But where is she, with form of grace,
With cheek serenely fair,
Who near God's altar loved the place?
Go ask the Spoiler where!

Slow Evening veiled yon rifled bower,
An infant group are there,
Why doth no mother mark the hour
To hear their murmured prayer?
And why doth grief's unwonted tide
O'erflow their wondering eye?
They mourn to think their angel-guide
Should turn from them, and die.

Dear, beauteous babes! On you the morn
Fresh beams of hope shall pour,
Ye know not from your arms is torn
What earth can ne'er restore:
Yet one is near, whose widowed breast,
Whose brow, stern Sorrow's prey,
In lines too strong for speech, attest
What Death hath borne away.

Love yields the grave its idol-trust,
While the rent heart-strings bleed,
But Faith, whose pinion scorns the dust,
Blames not the Spoiler's deed;
A new and tuneful lyre she hears,
Where joys forever bloom,
And bids us through our blinding tears
Write blessed on the tomb.

THE VALLEY OF JEHOSHAPHAT.

COME, Son of Israel, scorned in every land, Outcast and wandering-come with mournful step Down to the dark vale of Jehoshaphat, And weigh the remnant of thy hoarded gold To buy thyself a grave among the bones Of patriarchs and of prophets, and of kings. It is a glorious place to take thy rest, Poor child of Abraham, 'mid those awful scenes, And sceptred monarchs, who with Faith's keen eye Piercing the midnight darkness that o'erhung Messiah's coming, gave their dying flesh Unto the worm, with such a lofty trust In the strong promise of the invisible. Here are damp gales to lull thy dreamless sleep, And murmuring recollections of that lyre Whose passing sweetness bore King David's prayer Up to the ear of Heaven, and of that strain With which the weeping prophet dirge-like sung Doomed Zion's visioned woes. You rifted rocks, So faintly purpled by the westering sun, Reveal the unguarded walls, the silent towers, Where in her stricken pomp, Jerusalem Sleeps like a palsied princess, from whose head The diadem hath fallen. Still half-concealed In the deep bosom of that burial-vale A fitful torrent, 'neath its time-worn arch Hurries with hoarse tale mid the echoing tombs. Thou too art near, rude-featured Olivet, So honoured of my Saviour.

Tell we where His blessed knees thy flinty bosom prest, When all night long his wrestling prayer went up; That I may pour my tear-wet orison Upon that sacred spot. Thou Lamb of God! Who for our sakes wert wounded unto death, Bid blinded Zion turn from Sinai's fires Her tortured foot, and from the thundering law Her terror-stricken ear rejoicing raise Unto the Gospel's music. Bring again Thy scattered people who so long have borne A fearful punishment, so long wrung out The bitter dregs of pale astonishment Into the wine-cup of the wondering earth. And oh! to us, who from our being's dawn Lisp out Salvation's lessons, yet do stray Like erring sheep, to us thy Spirit give, That we may keep thy law, and find thy fold, Ere in the desolate city of the dead We make our tenement, while Earth doth blot Our history from the record of mankind.

FAREWELL TO AN ANCIENT CHURCH.

FAREWELL, thou consecrated dome,
Whence prayer and chant and anthem rose,
Whose walls have given meek hope a home,
And tearful penitence, repose.

Here gathered round her shepherd-guide A flock, to the Redeemer dear, While praise in full responsive tide Soared heavenward, to its native sphere.

Here at this altar's hallowed side,
Oft was the bond of deathless love
Sealed by the kneeling, trembling bride—
Where is that bride? Perchance above.

The mother here her infant drew,
Unscathed by sin, or sorrrow's rod,
To win the pure, baptismal dew—
Where is that mother? Ask of God.

And duly here have childhood's train
Bowed to Instruction's mildest sway;
But were those ceaseless lessons vain?
The page of doom alone can say.

Here many a brow in beauty's prime
Hath faded, like the rose-tinged cloud,
And many a head grown white with time,
'That towered in manhood's glory proud.

Oh! if from yon celestial place,
Bright bands regard a world like this,
Here many a sainted soul may trace
The birth-place of its endless bliss.

With tenderest recollections fraught,
How do these parting moments swell!
Thou ancient nurse of holy thought,
Dear, venerated friend, farewell!

CONSECRATION OF A CHURCH.

"LIFT up your heads, ye hallowed gates, and give The King of Glory room."

And then a strain Of solemn, trembling melody inquired,

"Who is the King of Glory ?"

But a sound

Brake from the echoing temple, like the rush Of many waters, blent with organ's breath, And the soul's harp, and the uplifted voice Of prelate, and of people, and of priest Responding joyously—"the Lord of Hosts, He is the King of Glory."

Enter in,

To this his new abode, and with glad heart Kneel low before his footstool. Supplicate That favouring presence which doth condescend From the pavilion of high heaven to beam On earthly temples, and in contrite souls. Here fade all vain distinctions that the pride Of man can arrogate. This house of prayer Doth teach that all are sinners—all have strayed Like erring sheep. The wealthy or the poor, The bright or ebon brow, the pomp of power, The boast of intellect, what are they here? Man sinks to nothing while he deals with God. Yet let the grateful hymn, as those who share A boundless tide of blessings—those who tread Their pilgrim path, rejoicing in the hope

Of an ascended Saviour—through these walls
Forever flow. Their dedicated dome!
Still in thy majesty and beauty stand,
Stand, and give praise, until the rock-ribbed earth
In her last throes shall tremble. Then dissolve
Into thy native dust, with one long sigh
Of melody, while the redeemed souls
That 'neath thine arch to endless life were born,
Go up on wings of glory, to the "house
Not made with hands."

TO A DYING INFANT.

Go to thy rest, my child!
Go to thy dreamless bed,
Gentle and undefiled,
With blessings on thy head;
Fresh roses in thy hand,
Buds on thy pillow laid,
Haste from this fearful land,
Where flowers so quickly fade.

Before thy heart might learn
In waywardness to stray,
Before thy feet could turn
The dark and downward way;
Ere sin might wound the breast,
Or sorrow wake the tear,
Rise to thy home of rest,
In you celestial sphere.

Because thy smile was fair,
Thy lip and eye so bright,
Because thy cradle-care
Was such a fond delight,
Shall Love with weak embrace
Thy heavenward flight detain?
No! Angel, seek thy place
Amid yon cherub-train.

THE HEART OF KING ROBERT BRUCE.

"When he found his end drew nigh, that great king summoned his barons and peers around him, and, singling out the good Lord James of Douglas, fondly entreated him, as his old friend and companion in arms, to cause his heart to be taken from his body, after death, and to transport it to Palestine, in redemption of a vow which he had made to go thither in person."

Sir Walter Scott's History of Scotland.

KING ROBERT bore with gasping breath
The strife of mortal pain,
And gathering round the couch of death,
His nobles mourned in vain.
Bathed were his brows in chilling dew
As thus he faintly cried,
"Red Comyn in his sins I slew
At the high altar's side.

"For this, a vow my soul hath bound In armed lists to ride,
A warrior to that Holy Ground Where my Redeemer died:
Lord James of Douglas, see! we part!
I die before my time,
I charge thee bear this pulseless heart
A pilgrim to that clime."

He ceased, for lo! in close pursuit, With fierce and fatal strife,

He came, who treads with icy foot
Upon the lamp of life.

The brave Earl Douglas, trained to meet Dangers and perils wild, Now kneeling at his sovereign's feet Wept as a weaned child.

Beneath Dunfirmline's hallowed nave,
Enwrapt in cloth of gold,
The Bruce's relics found a grave
Deep in their native mould;
But locked within its silver vase,
Next to Lord James's breast,
His heart went journeying on apace,
In Palestine to rest.

While many a noble Scottish knight,
With sable shield and plume,
Rode as its guard in armour bright
To kiss their Saviour's tomb.
As on the scenery of Spain
They bent a traveller's eye,
Forth came in bold and glorious train,
Her flower of chivalry.

Led by Alphonso 'gainst the Moor,
They came in proud array,
And set their sorried phalanx sure
To bide the battle-fray.
"God save ye now, ye gallant band
Of Scottish warriors true,
Good service for the Holy Land
Ye on this field may do."

So with the cavalry of Spain
In brother's grasp they closed,
And the grim Saracen in vain
Their blended might opposed,
But Douglas with his falcon-glance
O'erlooking crest and spear,

Saw brave St. Clair with broken lance, That friend from childhood dear.

He saw him by a thousand foes
Opprest and overborne,
And high the blast of rescue rose
From his good bugle-horn;
And reckless of the Moorish spears
In bristling ranks around
His monarch's heart oft steeped in tears
He from his neck unbound,

And flung it toward the battle front,
And cried with panting breath,
"Pass first, my liege, as thou wert wont—
I follow thee to death."
Stern Osmyn's sword was dire that day,
And keen the Moorish dart,
And there Earl Douglas bleeding lay
Beside the Bruce's heart.

Embalmed with Scotland's flowing tears,
That peerless champion fell,
And still the lyre to future years
His glorious deeds shall tell,
The "good Lord James" that honoured name
Each Scottish babe shall call,
And all who love the Bruce's fame
Shall mourn the Douglas' fall.

"'T WAS BUT A BABE."

I ASKED them why the verdant turf was riven From its young rooting, and with silent lip They pointed to a new-made chasm among The marble-pillared mansions of the dead. Who goeth to his rest in you damp couch? The tearless crowd past on-"'t was but a babe." A babe!—And poise ye in the rigid scales Of calculation, the fond bosom's wealth? Rating its priceless idols as ye weigh Such merchandise as moth and rust corrupt, Or the rude robber steals? Ye mete out grief, Perchance, when youth, maturity or age, Sink in the thronging tomb, but when the breath Grows icy on the lip of innocence Repress your measured sympathies, and say "'T was but a babe."

What know ye of her love Who patient watcheth till the stars grow dim Over her drooping infant, with an eye Bright as unchanging Hope if his repose? What know ye of her woe who sought no joy More exquisite, than on his placid brow To trace the glow of health, and drink at dawn The thrilling lustre of his waking smile?

Go ask that musing father why yon grave So narrow, and so noteless might not close Without a tear? And though his lip be mute, Feeling the poverty of speech, to give Fit answer to thee, still his pallid brow And the deep agonizing prayer that loads Midnight's dark wing to him the God of strength, May satisfy thy question.

Ye who mourn Whene'er you vacant cradle, or the robes That decked the lost one's form, call back a tide Of alienated joy, can ye not trust Your treasure to His arms, whose changeless care Passeth a mother's love? Can ye not hope, When a few hasting years their course have run, To go to him, though he no more on earth Returns to you?

And when glad Faith doth catch Some echo of celestial harmonies, Archangels' praises, with the high response Of cherubim, and seraphim, oh think—

Think that your babe is there.

"ONLY THIS ONCE."

Exonus X. 17.

"Only this once,"—the wine-cup glowed All sparkling with its ruby ray, The Bacchanalian welcome flowed And Folly made the revel gay.

Then he, so long, so deeply warned,
The sway of conscience rashly spurned,
His promise of repentance scorned,
And coward-like to vice returned.

"Only this once."—The tale is told,
He wildly quaffed the poisonous tide,
With more than Esau's madness sold
The birth-right of his soul—and died.

I do not say that breath forsook
The clay, and left its pulses dead,
But reason in her empire shook,
And all the life of life was fled.

Again his eyes the landscape viewed,
His limbs again their burden bore,
And years their wonted course renewed,
But hope and peace returned no more.

And angel-eyes with pity wept
When he whom virtue fain would save,
His sacred vow so falsely kept,
And strangely sought a drunkard's grave.

"Only this once."—Beware,—beware!—Gaze not upon the blushing wine,
Repel temptation's syren-snare,
And prayerful seek for strength divine.

THE KNELL.

A SILVER sound was on the summer-air,
And yet it was not music. The sweet birds
Went warbling wildly forth from grove and dell
Their thrilling harmonies, yet this low tone
Chimed not with them. But in the secret soul
There was a deep response, troubling the fount
Where bitter tears are born. Too well I knew
The tomb's prelusive melody. I turned,
And sought the house of mourning.

Ah, pale friend! Who speak'st not—look'st not—dost not give the hand, Hath love so perished in that pulseless breast,

Once its own throne?

Thou silent, changeless one,

The seal is on thy virtues now no more,
Like ours to tremble in temptation's hour,
Perchance, to fall. Fear hath no longer power
To chill thy life-stream, and frail hope doth fold
Her rainbow wing, and sink to rest with thee.
How good to be unclothed, and sleep in peace!

Friend!—I grieve to lose thee. Thou hast been The sharer of my sympathies, the soul That prompted me to good, the hand that shed Dew on my drooping virtues. In all scenes Where we have dwelt together—walking on In friendship's holy concord, I am now But a divided being. Who is left To love, as thou hast loved?

Yet still to share
A few more welcomes from thy soft blue eye,
A few more pressures of thy snowy hand,
And ruby lip, could I enchain thee here
To all that change and plenitude of ill
Which we inherit? Hence thou selfish grief!
Thy root is in the earth, and all thy fruits
Bitter and baneful. Holy joy should spring
When pure hearts take their portion.

Go beloved!

First, for thou wert most worthy.—I will strive, As best such frail one may, to follow thee.

THE LIBERATED CONVICT.

DARK prison-dome, farewell.

How slow the hours Have told their leaden march within thy walls, Toil claimed the day, and stern remorse the night, And every season with a frowning face Approached, and went unreconciled away. Ah! who with virtue's pure, unblenching soul Can tell how tardily old Time doth move. When guilt and punishment have clogged his wings! The winter of the soul, the frozen brow Of unpolluted friends, the harrowing pangs Of the lost prayer, learned at the mother's knee, The uptorn hope, the violated vow, The poignant memory of unuttered things, Do dwell, dark dome, with him, who dwells with thee. And yet, thou place of woe, I would not speak Too harshly of thee, since in thy sad cell Repentance found me, and did steep with tears My lonely pillow, till the heart grew soft, And spread itself in brokenness before The Eye of Mercy. Now my penal doom Completed, justice with an angel's face Unbars her dreary gate. But when I view Once more my home, when mild, forgiving eyes Shall beam upon me, and the long-lost might Of freedom nerve my arm, may the strong lines Of that hard lesson sin hath taught my soul, Gleam like a flaming beacon.

God of Heaven!

Who not for our infirmities or crimes
Dost turn thy face away, gird thou my soul
And fortify its purpose, so to run
Its future pilgrim-race, as not to lose
The sinner's ransom at the bar of doom.

THE BELL OF ST. REGIS.

In 1704, when Deerfield was taken by the Indians, a small church-bell was carried away on a sledge as far as Lake Champlain and buried. It was afterwards taken up and conveyed to Canada.

The red men came in their pride and wrath,
Deep vengeance fired their eye,
And the blood of the white was in their path,
And the flame from his roof rose high.

Then down from the burning church they tore
The bell of tuneful sound,
And on with their captive train they bore
That wonderful thing toward their native shore,
The rude Canadian bound.

But now and then, with a fearful tone,
It struck on their startled ear—
And sad it was, 'mid the mountains lone,
Or the ruined tempest muttered moan,
That terrible voice to hear.

It seemed like the question that stirs the soul Of its secret good or ill, And they quaked as its stern and solemn toll Re-echoed from rock to hill.

And they started up in their broken dream, 'Mid the lonely forest-shade,

And thought that they heard the dying scream, And saw the blood of slaughter stream Afresh through the village glade.

Then they sat in council, those chieftains old,
And a mighty pit was made,
Where the lake with its silver waters rolled
They buried that bell 'neath the verdant mould,
And crossed themselves and prayed.

And there till a stately powow came
It slept in its tomb forgot,
With a mantle of fur, and a brow of flame
He stood on that burial spot:

They wheeled the dance with its mystic round
At the stormy midnight hour,
And a dead man's hand on his breast he bound,
And invoked, ere he broke that awful ground,
The demons of pride and power.

Then he raised the bell, with a nameless rite,
Which none but himself might tell,
In blanket and bear-skin he bound it tight,
And it journeyed in silence both day and night,
So strong was that magic spell.

It spake no more, till St. Regis' tower
In northern skies appeared,
And their legends extol that powow's power
Which lulled that knell like the poppy flower,
As conscience now slumbereth a little hour
In the cell of a heart that's seared.

THE ANGEL'S SONG.

"They heard a voice from Heaven, saying, Come up hither."

YE have a land of mist and shade,
Where spectres roam at will,
Dense clouds your mountain cliffs pervade,
And damps your vallies chill;
But ne'er has midnight's wing of woe
Eclipsed our changeless ray;
"Come hither," if ye seek to know
The bliss of perfect day.

Doubt, like the bohan-upas spreads
A blight where'er ye tread,
And hope, a wailing mourner, sheds
The tear o'er harvests dead;
With us, no traitorous foe assails
When love her home would make,
In Heaven, the welcome never fails,
"Come," and that warmth partake.

Time revels 'mid your boasted joys,
Death dims your brightest rose,
And sin your bower of peace destroys—
Where will ye find repose?
Ye 're wearied in your pilgrim-race,
Sharp thorns your path infest,
"Come hither,"—rise to our embrace,
And Christ shall give you rest.

Twas thus, methought, at twilight hour
The angel's lay came down,
Like dews upon the drooping flower,
When droughts of summer frown;
How richly o'er the ambient air
Swelled out that music free,
Oh!—when the pangs of death I bear,
Sing ye that song to me.

THE MARTYR OF SCIO.

BRIGHT Summer breathed in Scio. Gay she hung Her coronal upon the clive boughs, Flushed the rich clusters on the ripening vines, And shook fresh fragrance from the citron groves 'Till every breeze was satiate. But the sons Of that fair isle bore winter in their soul, For 'mid the temples of their ancestors, And through the weeping mastic bowers, their step Was like the man who hears the oppressor's voice In Nature's softest echo. The stern Turk In sullen domination idly roamed Where mighty Homer awed the listening world.

Once to the proud Divan, with stately step A youth drew near: Surpassing beauty sate Upon his princely brow, and from his eye A glance like lightning parted as he spake.

"I had a jewel. From my sires it came In long transmission; and upon my soul There was a bond to keep it for my sons. Tis gone, and in its place a false one shines. I ask for justice."

Brandishing aloft
His naked scimitar, the Cadi cried
"By Allah and his Prophet! guilt like this
Shall feel the avenger's stroke. Show me the wretch
Who robbed thy casket."

Then the appellant tore The turban from his head, and cast it down;

"Lo! the false jewel, see. And would'st thou know Whose fraud exchanged it for my precious gem? Thou art the man. My birth-right was the faith Of Jesus Christ, which thou hast stolen away With hollow words. Take back thy tinselled bait, And let me sorrowing seek my Saviour's fold. Tempted I was, and madly have I fallen, Oh, give me back my faith."

And there he stood,
The stately-born of Scio, in whose veins
Stirred the high blood of Greece. There was a pause,
A haughty lifting up of Turkish brows,
In wonder and in scorn; a hissing tone
Of wrath precursive, and a stern reply—
"The faith of Moslem, or the sabre stroke,
Chose thee, young Greek!"

Then rose his lofty form In all its majesty, and his deep voice Rang out sonorous as a triumph-song, "Give back my faith!"

A pale torch faintly gleamed Through niche and window of a lonely church, And thence the wailing of a stifled dirge Rose sad to Midnight's ear. A corpse was there—And a young beauteous creature, kneeling low In voiceless grief. Her wealth of raven locks Swept o'er the dead man's brow, as there she laid The withered bridal crown, while every hope That at its twining woke, and every joy Young love in fond idolatry had nursed, Perished that hour.

Feebly she raised her child, And bade him kiss his father. But the boy Shrank back in horror from the clotted blood, And wildly clasped his hands with such a cry Of piercing anguish, that each heart recoiled From his impassioned woe. But there was one

Unmoved, one white-haired, melancholy man, Who stood in utter desolation forth, Silent and solemn, like some lonely tower; Yet in his tearless eye there seemed a spark Of victor glory 'mid despair to burn, That Sciote Martyr was his only son.

ALICE.

A very interesting daughter of the late Dr. Cogswell, who was deprived of the powers of hearing and speech, cherished so ardent an affection for her father, that, after his death, she said, in her strong language of gesture, that "her beart had so grown to his, it could not be separated." By the Providence of the Almighty she was called in a few days to follow him; and from the abodes of bliss, where we trust she has obtained a mansion, may we not imagine her as thus addressing the objects of her fondest earthly affections?

Sisters!—there's music here,
From countless harps it flows,
Throughout this bright, celestial sphere
Nor pause, nor discord knows.
The seal is melted from my ear
By love divine
And what through life I pined to hear,
Is mine! Is mine!

The warbling of an ever-tuneful choir,

And the full, deep response of David's sacred lyre.

Did kind earth hide from me

Did kind earth hide from me Her broken harmony,

That thus the melodies of Heaven might roll,

And whelm in deeper tides of bliss, my rapt, my wondering
soul?

Joy!—I am mute no more, My sad and silent years, With all their loneliness are o'er, Sweet sisters! dry your tears: 158 ALICE.

Listen at hush of eve—listen at dawn of day—
List at the hour of prayer—can ye not hear my lay?

Untaught, unchecked it came,
As light from chaos beamed,
Praising his everlasting name,
Whose blood from Calvary streamed—
And still it swells that highest strain, the song of the redeemed.

Brother!—my only one!
Beloved from childhood's hours,
With whom, beneath the vernal son,
I wandered when our task was done,
And gathered early flowers;
I cannot come to thee,
Though 't was so sweet to rest
Upon thy gently-guiding arm—thy sympathizing breast:
'Tis better here to be.

No disappointments shroud
The angel-bowers of joy,
Our knowledge hath no cloud,
Our pleasures no alloy,
The fearful word—to part,
Is never breathed above,
Heaven hath no broken heart—
Call me not hence, my love.

Oh, mother!—He is here
To whom my soul so grew,
That when Death's fatal spear
Stretched him upon his bier,
I fain must follow too.
His smile my infant griefs restrained—
His image in my childish dream
And o'er my young affections reigned,
With gratitude unuttered and supreme.
these refulgent skies burst forth in radian

But yet till these refulgent skies burst forth in radiant glow I know not half the unmeasured debt a daughter's heart doth owe.

Ask ye, if still his heart retains its ardent glow?

Ask ye, if filial love

Unbodied spirits prove?

'Tis but a little space, and thou shalt rise to know.

I bend to soothe thy woes,

How near—thou canst not see—
I watch thy lone repose,

Alice doth comfort thee;

To welcome thee I wait-blest mother! come to me.

MY NATIVE PLACE.

Blest land! where first without a thorn,
The germs of infant hope were born,
Where budding joys sprang fair and new
To meet the sun, and drink the dew;
Though scenes more wonderful and wild,
Have since my charmed eye beguiled,
Yet none have with such graphic art
Impressed their semblance on my heart,
And none can boast thy magic power
To rule the musing, twilight hour.

Come in thy garb of rock and stream, With wind-swept harp and sunset gleam, And eye o'er dizzy heights ascending, And voice with falling waters blending; Come!—for my filial feelings greet Thine image with communion sweet.

Nurse of my earliest dreams! how dear Still steals thy music o'er my ear, From warbling nest, or summer-shower, Or mountain streamlet's murmuring power, Or liquid flute, where graceful glides Some fairy boat, o'er moon-lit tides; Still rise those tones, with tuneful swell From miser-memory's treasure-cell.

Nurse of my youth! what clime hath spread In sheltered nook, or vernal bed,

Violets so fresh, so deeply blue, Or snow-drops of such pearly hue, As thou didst strew, with aspect bland, To roving eye and careless hand.

Stern winter now hath hushed thy lay,
And mixed thy russet locks with grey,
And dashed thy frost-bound chalice down,
And reft the blossoms from thy crown;
But breasts that glow with love for thee,
From wintry torpor still are free,
And hearts that drew from thee their breath,
Should know no ice, save that of death.

Those rugged features, sternly fair,
Those craggy summits, bleak and bare,
But most of all, yon sylvan shades,
Deep-hidden dells and lone cascades,
From richer climes, and scenes more gay,
Have won my soul's first love away.

Home of my birth! old Time hath not. To mar and scathe thy brow forgot, Dark stains upon thy walls to fling, And shade thy casements with his wing; And pampered taste, and frowning pride Might well thy humble roof deride, But childhood's careless heart, its rest Doth build, as light as ring-dove's nest, And to the lowly dwelling bring A wealth that mocks the sceptred king. Thee, too, embowered 'mid rocks, I spy, Meek dome where science met our eye, Where knowledge spread her infant lore, Revealing joys unknown before, While friendship's charms, that ne'er can clov. Enhanced the student's silent joy.

Return once more, ye much loved throng! Replete with beauty, youth and song, Your greeting smiles were fond and fair, I stretch my arms—ye are not there; I call—ye answer not the strain, Haunt, bower and hearth, I search in vain, Where are ye?—distant echoes drear, And Death's dark caverns answer—here.

Thus like the pageant of a dream,
This shadowy span of life doth seem,
Thus, in the twinkling of an eye
The mourner with the mourned shall lie.
Land of my birth! a few times more
Winter may scathe thy temples hoar,
Or Summer, with unsandled foot,
Her sickle to thy harvest put;
And then, should kind remembrance save
One wild-flower garland for my grave,
Or from Oblivion's voiceless shore
One solitary trace restore,
Then let the cherished record be,
My hope in heaven, my love to thee.

PARTING OF A MOTHER WITH HER CHILD.

He knew her not, that fair young boy,
Though cradled on her breast,
He caught his earliest infant smile,
And nightly sank to rest,
For stern disease had changed the brow
Once to his gaze so dear,
And to a whisper sunk the voice
That best he loved to hear.

So, stranger-like, he wondering gazed,
While wild emotions swell,
As with a deathlike, cold embrace,
She breathed a last farewell,
And of the Almighty's hand gave back
The idols of her trust,
And with a joyful hope went down
To slumber in the dust.

Go, blooming babe, and fondly seek
The path she trod below,
And, girt with Christian meekness, learn
To pluck the sting from woe—
That so, to that all-glorious clime,
Unmarked by pain or care,
Thou, in thy Saviour's strength mayest come
And know thy mother there.

INDIAN NAMES.

"How can the red men be forgotten, while so many of our states and territories, bays, lakes and rivers, are indelibly stamped by names of their giving?"

YE say they all have passed away,
That noble race and brave,
That their light canoes have vanished
From off the crested wave;
That 'mid the forests where they roamed
There rings no hunter shout,
But their names is on your waters,
Ye may not wash it out.

'Tis where Ontario's billow
Like Ocean's surge is curled,
Where strong Niagara's thunders wake
The echo of the world.
Where red Missouri bringeth
Rich tribute from the west,
And Rappahannock sweetly sleeps
On green Virginia's breast.

Ye say their cone-like cabins,
That clustered o'er the vale,
Have fled away like withered leaves
Before the autuung gale,

But their memory liveth on your hills, Their baptism on your shore, Your everlasting rivers speak Their dialect of yore.

Old Massachusetts wears it,
Within her lordly crown,
And broad Ohio bears it,
Amid his young renown;
Connecticut hath wreathed it
Where her quiet foliage waves,
And bold Kentucky breathed it hoarse
Through all her ancient caves.

Wachuset hides its lingering voice
Within his rocky heart,
And Alleghany graves its tone
Throughout his lofty chart;
Monadnock on his forehead hoar
Doth seal the sacred trust,
Your mountains build their monument,
Though ye destroy their dust.

Ye call these red-browed brethren
The insects of an hour,
Crushed like the noteless worm amid
The regions of their power;
Ye drive them from their father's lands,
Ye break of faith the seal,
But can ye from the court of Heaven
Exclude their last appeal?

Ye see their unresisting tribes,
With toilsome step and slow,
On through the trackless desert pass,
A caravan of woe;

Think ye the Eternal's ear is deaf?
His sleepless vision dim?
Think ye the soul's blood may not cry
From that far land to him?

THE CORAL INSECT.

Tom on! toil on! ye ephemeral train,
Who build on the tossing and treacherous main;
Toil on, for the wisdom of man ye mock,
With your sand-based structures and domes of rock,
Your columns the fathomless fountains lave,
And your arches spring up through the crested wave:
Ye're a puny race, thus to boldly rear
A fabric so vast, in a realm so drear.

Ye bind the deep with your secret zone,
The ocean is sealed, and the surge a stone,
Fresh wreaths from the coral pavement spring
Like the terraced pride of Assyria's king,
The turf looks green where the breakers rolled,
O'er the whirlpool ripens the rind of gold,
The sea-snatched isle is the home of men,
And mountains exult where the wave hath been.

But why do ye plant 'neath the billows dark
The wrecking reef for the gallant bark?
There are snares enough on the tented field,
'Mid the blossomed sweets that the valleys yield,
There are serpents to coil ere the flowers are up,
There's a poison-drop in man's purest cup,
There are foes that watch for his cradle-breath,
And why need ye sow the floods with death?

With mouldering bones the deeps are white, From the ice-clad pole to the tropics bright, The mermaid hath twisted her fingers cold, With the mesh of the sea-boy's curls of gold, And the gods of ocean have frowned to see The mariner's bed 'mid their halls of glee; Hath earth no graves, that ye thus must spread The boundless sea with the thronging dead?

Ye build! ye build! but ye enter not in;
Like the tribes whom the desert devoured in their sin,
From the land of promise, ye fade and die,
Ere its verdure gleams forth on your wearied eye.
As the cloud-crowned pyramids' founders sleep
Noteless and lost in oblivion deep,
Ye slumber unmarked 'mid the desolate main,
While the wonder and pride of your works remain.

MARRIAGE OF THE DEAF AND DUMB.

No word! no sound! But yet a solemn rite Proceedeth through the festive-lighted hall. Hearts are in treaty and the soul doth take That oath which unabsolved must stand, till death With icy seal doth stamp the scroll of life. No word! no sound! But still you holy man With strong and graceful gesture doth impose The irrevocable vow, and with meek prayer Present it to be registered in Heaven.

Methinks this silence heavily doth brood Upon the spirit. Say, thou flower-crowned bride! What means the sigh that from thy ruby lip Doth scape, as if to seek some element Which angels breathe?

Mute! mute! 'tis passing strange!
Like necromancy all. And yet 'tis well.
For the deep trust with which a maiden casts
Her all of earth, perchance her all of heaven,
Into a mortal's hand, the confidence
With which she turns in every thought to him,
Her more than brother, and her next to God,
Hath never yet been shadowed out in words,
Or told in language. So ye voiceless pair,
Pass on in hope. For ye may build as firm
Your silent altar in each other's hearts,
And catch the sunshine through the clouds of time
As cheerily as though the pomp of speech
Did herald forth the deed. And when ye dwell

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Where flower fades not, and death no treasured link Hath power to sever more, ye need not mourn The ear sequestrate and the tuneless tongue, For there the eternal dialect of love Is the free breath of every happy soul.

MISSION HYMN.

Onward, onward, men of Heaven!
Rear the gospel's banner high,
Rest not till its light is given,
Star of every pagan sky.
Bear it where the pilgrim-stranger
Faints 'neath Asia's vertic ray,
Bid the red-browed forest-ranger
Hail it, ere he fades away.

Where the arctic ocean thunders,
Where the topics fiercely glow,
Broadly spread its page of wonders,
Brightly bid its radiance flow.
India marks its lustre stealing,
Shivering Greenland loves its rays,
Afric 'mid the deserts kneeling,
Lifts the untaught strain of praise.

Rude in speech, or grim in feature,
Dark in spirit, though they be,
Show that light to every creature,
Prince or vassal—bond or free.
Lo! they haste to every nation,
Host on host the ranks supply;
Onward! Christ is your salvation,
And your death is victory.

THE POET BRAINERD.

I ROVED where Thames old Ocean's breast doth cheer, Pouring from crystal urn the waters sheen, What time dim twilight's silent step was near, And gathering dews impearled the margin green; Yet though mild autumn with a smile serene Had gently fostered Summer's lingering bloom, Methough strange sadness brooded o'er the scene, While the deep river murmuring on in gloom Mourned o'er its sweetest bard, laid early in the tomb.

His soul for friendship formed, sublime, sincere, Of each ungenerous deed his high disdain, Perchance the world might scan with eye severe; Perchance his harp her guerdon failed to gain; But Nature guards his fame, for not in vain He sang her shady dells, and mountains hoar, King Philip's swelling bay repeats his name To its lone tower, and with eternal roar Niagara bears it round to the wide-echoing shore.

Each sylvan haunt he loved; the simplest flower That burns Heaven's incense in its bosom fair, The crested billow with its fitful power, The chirping nest that wooed a mother's care, All woke his worship as some altar rare Or sainted shrine doth win the pilgrim's knee; And he hath gone to rest where earth and air

Lavish their sweetest charms, while pure and free Sounds forth the wind-swept harp of his own native sea.

His country's brave defenders, few and gray,
By penury stricken, with despairing sighs
He sang, and boldly woke a warning lay,
Lest from their graves a withering curse should rise;
Now near his bed on which the peaceful skies
And watching stars look down, on Groton's height
Their monument attracts the traveller's eyes
Whose souls unshrinking took their martyr-flight
When Arnold's traitor-sword flashed out in fiendish might.

Youth, with free hand, her frolic germs had sown, And garlands clustered round his manly head, Those blossoms withered, and he stood alone Till on his cheek the blushing hectic fed, And o'er his manly brows cold death-dews spread; Then in his soul a quenchless star arose Whose holy beams their purest lustre shed, When the dimmed eye to its last pillow goes, He followed where it led, and found a saint's repose.

And now farewell. The rippling stream shall hear
No more the echo of thy sportive oar,
Nor the loved group thy father's halls that cheer
Joy in the magic of thy presence more;
Long shall their tears thy broken lyre deplore.
Yet doth thine image warm and deathless dwell
With those who prize the minstrel's hallowed lore,
And still thy music, like a treasured spell,
Thrills deep within their sails. Lamented bard, farewell!

P*

THE TOMB.

"So parted they: the angel up to Heaven, And Adam to his bower."

Milton.

This is the parting place: this narrow house, With its turf roof and marble door, where none Have entered and returned. If earth's poor gold Ere clave unto thee, here unlade thyself; For thou didst bring none with thee to this world, Nor may'st thou bear it hence. Honours hast thou, Ambition's shadowy gathering? Shred them loose To the four winds, their natural element. Yea, more, thou must unclasp the living ties Of strong affection. Hast thou nurtured babes? And was each wailing from their feeble lip A thorn to pierce thee? every infant smile And budding hope a spring of ecstacy? Turn, turn away, for thou henceforth to them A parent art no more? Wert thou a wife? And was the arm on which thy spirit leaned Faithful in all thy need? Yet must thou leave This fond protection, and pursue alone Thy shuddering pathway down the vale of death. Friendship's free intercourse—the promised joys Of soul-implanted, soul-confiding love, The cherished sympathies which every year Struck some new root within thy yielding breast,

Stand loose from all, thou lonely voyager Unto the land of spirits.

Yea, even more!

Lay down thy body! Hast thou worshipped it
With vanity's sweet incense, and wild waste
Of precious time? Did beauty bring it gifts,
The lily brow, the full resplendent eye;
The tress, the bloom, the grace, whose magic power
Woke man's idolatry? Oh! lay it down,
Earth's reptile banqueters have need of it.

Still may'st thou bear o'er Jordan's stormy wave, One blessed trophy; if thy life hath striven By penitence and faith such boon to gain, The victor palm of Christ's atoning love: And this shall win thee entrance when thou stand'st A pilgrim at Heaven's gate.

"THOU HAST MADE DESOLATE ALL MY COMPANY."

Јов.

There shone a beam within my bower,
Affection's diamond spark,
The spoiler came with fatal power—
That beam is quenched and dark.
There was a shout of childhood's joy,
A laugh of infant glee,
The earth closed o'er my glorious boy,
My nursling—Where is he?

There seemed a sound like rushing wings,
So thick my sorrows came,
A blight destroyed my precious things,
My treasures fed the flame;
An ocean of unfathomed woe
Swept on with all its waves,
And here all desolate I stand,
Alone amid my graves.

Alone! there flows no kindred tear,
No sympathizing sigh,
The feet of curious throngs are near,
But every cheek is dry.
And is there nought but curtaining turf,
And cold earth loosely thrown,

To shut me from those cherished forms, My beautiful, my own?

Yet who this fearful deed hath wrought?
Who thus hath laid me low?
Was it a hand with vengeance fraught?
The malice of a foe?
No!—He who called my being forth
From mute, unconscious clay;
He who with more than parent's love
Hath led me night and day;

Who erreth not, who changeth not,
Who woundeth but to heal,
Who darkeneth not man's sunny lot
Save for his spirit's weal:
Therefore I bow me to his sway,
I mourn, but not repine,
And chastened, yet confiding say,
Lord—not my will, but thine.

THE EXECUTION.

THERE'S silence 'mid you gathered throng—why move they on so slow?

With neither sign nor sound of mirth, to break their pause of woe?

And why upon you guarded man is bent each gazing eye?

Where do his measured footsteps tend?—He cometh forth to die!

To die! No sickness bows his frame, or checks the flowing breath,

Say, why doth Justice sternly rise to do the work of death? Still boasts his brow a bitter frown, his eye a moody fire. Oh Guilt! unbind thy massive chains, and let the soul respire.

He standeth on the scaffold's verge, the holy priest is near, Yet no contrition heaves his breast, or wrings the parting tear; O! wilt thou bear with cold disdain the pangs of mortal strife,

And thus in mad defiance drain the forfeit cup of life?

Look round upon thy native earth, the glorious and the fair, Cliff, thicket and resounding stream, thy boyhood sported there;

Think of thy sire, that aged man, with white locks scattered thin,

And call these blest affections back, that melt the ice of sin.

Bethink thee of thy cradle-hours, and of a mother's prayer, Who nightly laid her cheek to thine, with guardian angel's care,

And, for her sake, propitiate Him who shields the sinner's head,

And take repentance to thy breast, ere thou art of the dead.

There's yet a moment. To his ear reveal thy hidden pain, Give passage to one suppliant sigh—one prayer—in vain, in vain.

Look, look to Him, whose mercy heard the dying felon's sigh,

Say, "Jesus save me!" who can tell but he will heed thy cry.

A shuddering horror shakes the crowd, young eyes are veiled in dread,

Affrighted childhood wails aloud, and veterans bow the head, For guilt unhumbled, unannealed, hath felt the avenger's rod, And sped, with falsehood's sullen front, to dare the glance of God.

MORNING.

" God made the country, and man made the town."

Cowper

Morn breaketh on the mountains. Their grey peaks Catch its first tint, and through the moss that veils Their rugged foreheads, smile, as when the stars Together sang, at young creation's birth. Fresh gales awake, and the tall pines bow down To their soft visit; and the umbrageous oaks Spread their broad banners, while each leaf doth lift Itself, as for a blessing. Through the boughs Of the cool poplars, steals a sighing sound, The leaping rills make music, and the groves Pour from their cloistered nests a warbling hymn. From all her deep recesses, Nature's voice, Like the clear horn amid the Alpine hills, Is praise to God, at this blest hour of morn. Morn cometh to the cottage. Through its door Peep ruddy faces. Infant mirth awakes. The fair young milk-maid o'er the threshold trips, The shepherd's dog goes forth, the lamb sports gay, And the swain dips his glittering scythe in dews, Which like bright tears the new-shorn grass doth shed: Joy breathes around, while Health, with glowing lip And cheek embrowned, and Industry, with song Of jocund chorus, hail the King of Day. Morn looketh on the city. See how slow

Its ponderous limbs unfold. On arid sands Thus the gorged boa, from some deep repast Uncoils his length. Heaven smileth on those spires: But their loud bells, and organ-pipes, and hymns Of high response, are silent. Flame hath fallen Wherewith to kindle incense, but man locks His bosom's altar, and doth sell for sleep What Esau sold for pottage. Stately domes, And marble columns greet the rising sun, Yet not like Memnon's statute utter forth A gratulating tone. Anrora glides, Gaily pavilioned, on a purple cloud. Sworn worshippers of beauty, where are ye? Why Egypt's queen came not so daintily, When, on the Cydnus, her resplendent barge Left golden traces. But your eyes, perchance, Are dim with splendours of some midnight hall, And curtained close, forego this glorious sight.

Hark, life doth stir itself! The dray-horse strikes
His clattering hoof, and eyes with quivering limb
The tyrant-lash. And there are wakeful eyes
That watched for dawn, where sickness holds its sway,
Marking with groans the dial-face of time.
Half-famished penury from its vigil creeps,
The money-getter to his labour goes,
Gaunt avarice prowls—but where is wealth and power,
The much-indebted, and the high-endowed?
Count they heaven's gifts so carelessly, that morn
With kindred blush no gratitude doth claim?
Lo! from their plenitude, disease hath sprung,
The dire disease that ossifies the heart,
And luxury enchains them, when the soul
With her fresh, waking pulse, should worship God.

BAPTISM OF AN INFANT, AT ITS MOTHER'S FUNERAL.

Whence is that trembling of a father's hand, Who to the man of God doth bring his babe, Asking the seal of Christ?—Why doth the voice That uttereth o'er its brow the Triune Name Falter with sympathy?—And most of all, Why is you coffin-lid a pedestal For the baptismal font?

Again I asked.

But all the answer was those gushing tears Which stricken hearts do weep.

For there she lay-

The fair, young mother, in that coffin-bed,
Mourned by the funeral train. The heart that beat
With trembling tenderness, at every touch
Of love or pity, flushed the cheek no more.

Tears were thy baptism, thou unconscious one,
And Sorrow took thee at the gate of life,
Into her cradle. Thou may'st never know
The welcome of a nursing mother's kiss,
When in her wandering ecstacy, she marks
A thrilling growth of new affections spread
Fresh greenness o'er the soul.

Thou may'st not share Her hallowed teaching, nor suffuse her eye With joy, as the first germs of infant thought Unfold, in lisping sound.

Yet may'st thou walk
Even as she walked, breathing on all around
The warmth of high affections, purified,
And sublimated, by that Spirit's power
Which makes the soul fit temple for its God.
——So shalt thou in a brighter world, behold
That countenance which the cold grave did veil
Thus early from thy sight, and the first tone
That bears a mother's greeting to thine ear
Be wafted from the minstrelsy of Heaven.

THE LONELY CHURCH.

It stood among the chestnuts, its white spire And slender turnets pointing where man's heart Should oftener turn. Up went the wooded cliffs Abruptly beautiful, above its head, Shutting with verdant screen the waters out, That just beyond in deep sequestered vale Wrought out their rocky passage. Clustering roofs And varying sounds of village industry, Swelled from its margin, while the busy loom, Replete with radiant fabrics, told the skill Of the prompt artizan.

But all around The solitary dell, where meekly rose That concecrated church, there was no voice Save what still Nature in her worship breathes, And that unspoken lore with which the dead Do commune with the living. There they lay, Each in his grassy tenement, the sire Of many winters, and the noteless babe O'er whose empty cradle, night by night, Sate the poor mother mourning, in her tears Forgetting what a little span of time Did hold her from her darling. And methought, How sweet it were, so near the sacred house Where we had heard of Christ, and taken his yoke, And Sabbath after Sabbath gathered strength To do his will, thus to lie down and rest, Close 'neath the shadow of its peaceful walls;

And when the hand doth moulder, to lift up
Our simple tomb-stone witness to that faith
Which cannot die. Heaven bless thee, Lonely Church!
And duly may'st thou warn a pilgrim-band,
From toil, from cumbrance, and from strife to flee,
And drink the waters of eternal life:
Still in sweet fellowship with trees and skies,
Friend both of earth and heaven, devoutly stand
To guide the living and to guard the dead.

INTELLECTUAL WANTS OF GREECE.

TO AMERICAN FEMALES.

GREECE was an hungered, and ye gave her bread,
Unclad and shuddering from the inclement blast,
And ye, in love, a sheltering mantle spread;
For this a voice of gratitude hath past
O'er the broad ocean-wave, and thousands bear
Your name upon their lips, in the hushed hour of prayer.

There is a cry for knowledge, from that clime
Which held her lamp to earth's benighted eye,
In the dim ages of remembered time:
Rise! shed the beams of immortality
On the mind's prison-house: so shall your fame
Endure, when this world's pomp hath fed Destruction's flame.

I saw your infants for the needle's care
Renounce their promised holiday-delight:
Saw even your servants with a joyous air
Give for the "classic land" their hard earned mite;
Mothers! ye gazed with rapture-kindled brow,
Ye prompted that blest work, why do ye linger now?

Sisters! on whom the manna-shower is strewed,
Who at eternal fountains drink your fill,
Should a redundance of your angel food
Turn from the starving mind Compassion's thrill?
Hear ye the gasping of the famished soul?
Haste! reach the bread of Heaven; say to the sick—be whole.

PAUL AT ATHENS.

COME to the hill of Mars, for he is there, That wondrous man, whose eloquence doth touch The heart like living flame. With brow unblanched, And eve of fearless ardour he confronts That high tribunal with its pen of flint, Whose irreversible decree made pale The Gentile world. All Athens gathers near, Fickle, and warm of heart, and fond of change, And full of strangers, and of those who pass Life in the idle toil to hear or tell Of some new thing. See, thither throng the hands Of Epicurus, wrapt in gorgeous robe, Who seem with bright and eager eyes to ask-"What will this babbler say?" With front austere Stand a dark group of Stoics, sternly proud, And pre-determined to confute, yet still 'Neath their deep wrinkles of the settled brow Lurks some unwonted gathering of their powers, As for no common foe. With angry frown Stalk the fierce Cynics, anxious to condemn, And prompt to punish, while the patient sons Of gentle Plato bind the listening soul To search for wisdom, and with reason's art Build the fair argument. Behold the throngs Press on the speaker, drawing still more close In denser circles, as his thilling tones

Speak of the God who "warneth every where Men to repent," and of that fearful day When he shall judge the world. Loud tumult wakes, The tide of strong emotion hoarsely swells, And that blest voice is silent. They have mocked At heaven's high messenger, and he departs From the wild circle. But his graceful hand Points to an altar, with its mystic scroll-"The unknown God,"-Oh Athens! is it so? Thou who hast crowned thyself with woven rays As a divinity, and called the world Thy pilgrim-worshipper, dost thou confess Such ignorance and shame? The unknown God. Why all thy hillocks and resounding streams Do boast their diety, and every house, Yea, every beating heart within thy walls May choose its temple and its priestly train, Victim and garland, and appointed rite; Thou makest the gods of every realm thine own, Fostering with maddened hospitality All forms of idol worship. Can it be That still thou foundst not Him who is so near To every one of us, in "whom we live, And move, and have a being?" Found not Him Of whom thy poets spake with childlike awe?

And thou, Philosophy, whose art refined Did aim to pierce the labyrinth of Fate, And compass with a finespun sophist web This mighty universe—didst thou fall short Of the Upholding Cause? The Unknown God. Thou, who didst smile to find the admiring world Crouch as a pupil to thee, wert thou blind? Blinder than he, who in his humble cot, With hardened hand, his daily labour done, Turneth the page of Jesus, and doth read, With toil, perchance, that the trim schoolboy scorns,

Counting him, in his arrogance, a fool, Yet shall that poor, wayfaring man lie down With such a hope as thou couldst never teach Thy king-like sages—yea, a hope that plucks The sting from death, the victory from the grave.

THE DISOBEDIENT SON.

"Tempt not the sea,"—my father said,
His locks were white with age,
And low he bowed his reverend head
Upon the Bible's page.
"Tempt not the sea, my William dear,"
I heard my mother sigh,
Saw on her furrowed cheek the tear,
But rendered no reply.

That night,—it was the last, last time!
From my sweet home I fled,
The sabbath-bell with evening chime
Reproached my rebel tread.
One eye there was I shunned to meet,
I could not bid farewell,
And yet its tender glance was sweet,
How sweet, I dared not tell.

For ah! the sea, the sea had bound
My heart in wizard chain,
My boyhood knew no tuneful sound
Like the storm-stricken main.
And when bright fancies o'er my soul
In dreams their sway would urge,
How proud the sapphire waves would roll
Their white and crested surge.

And now that broad, deep sea, I crossed,
A truant sailor-boy.

And when its wildest billows tossed,
I laughed and leaped for joy.

Once when the midnight storm was loud,
Half deafened by the sound,
Reckless I climbed the slippery shroud,
And sank in gulfs profound.

On went the ship. With shouts of woe
My gasping lips were dried,
High rolled the waves with crests of snow,
And all my hope defied.
Methought even Earth's foundations rocked
With warring ocean's strife,
While scornful winds like demons mocked
My breathless toil for life.

So, there upon the broad expanse,
Like a vile weed I clung,
While jeering breakers held their dance,
And the mad tempest sung.
Up came the dawn. With pain I raved,
Then like a child would weep.
Methought it walked like Christ, who saved
The faithless on the deep.

Up rose the clear and glorious sun,
Dark sea-birds clapped their wing,
And hovered o'er me one by one,
As o'er a perished thing.
A ship! A ship!—her gallant crew
With pride the waves did stem,
My shrieks of anguish wilder grew,
What were those skrieks to them?

Wrecks passed me by. I floated still
A cold and helpless form,
Impelled by Ocean's tyrant will,
An atom 'mid the storm.
Strange visions racked my reeling brain,
Unearthly forms did rise,
And upward through the glassy main
I met my true-love's eyes.

Torn hair, methought, like rays of light,
Fell round me on the flood,
I knew my father's locks so white—
Who tinged those locks with blood?
A cottage with its peaceful thatch
And tapered casement glowed,
My shuddering hand essayed the latch,
But burning lava flowed.

Close to my ear a monster sung,
Green from the crceping slime,
And with his red, protruded tongue
Hissed at me for my crime.
"Is there no grave of rest," I cried,
"Down in the dark, deep sea?"
His hideous jaws he opened wide—
"Where is the rest for thee?"

But lo! there came a spectre-boat,
I hailed not—made no sign,
Yet o'er the wave I ceased to float,
Nor felt the whelming brine.
I waked—how long had been my sleep!
How dreamless my repose!
Strange faces seemed the watch to keep,
They were my country's foes.

In foreign climes the yoke I bore,
Stern Slavery's lot I knew,
Heaven heard: and toward my native shore,
My parents' home, I drew.
Where was my hoary sire? They told
How soon his race was run,
And how he sought his pillow cold,
Lamenting for his son.

Shuddering I turned me toward the cot,
Which in my crime I left,
There was my widowed mother's lot
Of sight and joy bereft.
But who was bending o'er her bed,
With voice like pity's dove?
Those were the eyes whose glance I fled—
That was my own true love.

The thraldom of my sin was broke,

I knelt me by her side,

The priest the hallowed words hath spoke,
And blest her as my bride.

My step, my blinded mother hails,
I toil with spirit free,
And only in my fireside tales

Recal the treacherous sea.

"BLESSED ARE THE DEAD."

Come, gather to this burial-place, ye gay! Ye, of the sparkling eye, and frolic brow, I bid ve hither. She, who makes her bed This day, 'neath you damp turf, with spring-flowers sown, Was one of you. Time had not laid his hand On tress or feature, stamping the dread lines Of chill decay, till Death had nought to do, Save that slight office which the passing gale Doth to the wasted taper. No, her cheek Shamed the young rose-bud; in her eye was light By gladness kindled; in her footsteps grace; Song on her lips; affections in her breast, Like soft doves nesting. Yet, from all she turned, All she forsook, unclasping her warm hand From Friendship's ardent pressure, with such smile As if she were the gainer. To lie down In this dark pit she cometh, dust to dust, Ashes to ashes, till the glorious morn Of resurrection. Wondering do you ask-Where is her blessedness! Go home, ye gay, Go to your secret chambers, and kneel down, And ask of God. Urge your request like him Who on the slight raft, 'mid the ocean's foam. Toileth for life. And when ye win a hope That the world gives not, and a faith divine, Ye will no longer marvel how the friend So beautiful, so loved, so lured by all The pageantry on earth, could meekly find A blessedness in death.

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FIRST GIFT TO THE INDIANS AT ALBANY.

"Albany was first visited by its discoverer, Capt. Hudson, on the 19th of September, 1609. The frank and generous natives made his people everywhere welcome, and they, in return, made their hearts gay with wine and aqua vitæ, till one of them became intoxicated, and greatly astonished the others."

Watson's Historic Tales of the Olden Time.

They come! they come! the pallid race, The red men gather from the chase, From forest-shade and light canoe They throng that "water-bird to view, Whose mighty wings that near the shore, They deem their Great Manitto bore.

Frank is their welcome to the band,
The ready smile, the open hand,
The proffered fruits, with gladness prest,
The purple plum in downy vest,
The clustering grape, the corn-sheaf's gold,
The untaught greeting, warm and bold.

But by what gift, what token strong, Did Europe's sons, renowned in song, Mark their first visit to the child Of simple faith and daring wild? A cup! a cup! but who may tell, What deadly dregs within it swell? The sickening eye, the burning cheek, Its fearful magic strangely speak, And on their turf of verdant die, See! they who taste it helpless lie.

Type of the woes that soon must sweep Their blasted race away, Down to oblivion dark and deep, With none their hopeless wrongs to weep, Or mourn their sad decay. Yes, when the Old World hasting prest Her friendship on this infant West, The boon she brought, the pledge she gave, Was poison and a drunkard's grave. But thou, fair city, throned in pride, Queen of the Hudson's silver tide, Well hast thou, by thy deeds, effaced This stain upon thine annal traced-Well hast thou by thy zeal to aid Temperance, thine early trespass paid: And as the kneeling form that prest A Saviour's tear-laved feet, was blest, So hast thou shown, with victor-sway, That love which washes sin away.

MEETING OF THE BLIND WITH THE DEAF, DUMB AND BLIND.

On the meeting of the blind pupils from the Institution at Boston, with the deaf and dumb, and the deaf, dumb and blind, at the Asylum in Hartford.

A MINGLED group, from distant homes,
In youth and health and hope are here,
But yet some latent evil seems
To mark their lot with frown severe,
And one there is, upon whose soul
Affliction's thrice-wreathed chain is laid,
Mute stranger, 'mid a world of sound,
And locked in midnight's deepest shade.

And 'mid that group her curious hand
O'er brow and tress intently stray,
Hath sympathy her heart-strings wrung,
That sadly thus she turns away?
Her mystic thoughts we may not tell,
For inaccessible and lone,
No eye explores their hermit-cell,
Save that which lights the Eternal Throne

But they of silent lip rejoiced
In bright Creation's boundless store,
In sun and moon and peopled shade,
And flowers that gem earth's verdant floor;
In fond affection's speaking smile,
In graceful motions waving line,
R *

And all those charms that beauty sheds
O'er human form and face divine.

While they, to whom the orb of day
Is quenched in "ever-during dark,"
Adored that intellectual ray
Which writes the Sun a glow-worm spark,
And in that blest communion joyed
Which thought to thought doth deftly bind,
And bid the tireless tongue exchange
The never-wasted wealth of mind.

And closer to their souls they bound
The bliss of Music's raptured thrill,
That "linked melody" of sound
That gives to man a seraph's skill,
So they on whose young brows had turned,
The warmth of Pity's tearful gaze,
Each in his broken censer burned
The incense of exulting praise.

Yes, they whom kind Compassion deemed Scantly with Nature's gifts endued, Poured freshest from their bosom's fount The gushing tide of gratitude, And with that tide a moral flowed, A deep reproof to those who share Of sight, and sound, and speech the bliss, Yet coldly thank the Giver's care.

THE CONSUMPTIVE GIRL.

FROM A PICTURE.

Thou may'st not raise her from that couch, kind nurse, To bind those clustering tresses, or to press
The accustomed cordial. Thou no more shalt feel
Her slight arms twining faintly round thy neck
To prop her weakness. That low, whispered tone
No more can thank thee, but the earnest eye
Speaks with its tender glance of all thy care,
By night and day. Henceforth thy mournful task
Is brief: to wipe the cold and starting dew
From that pure brow, to touch the parching lip
With the cool water-drop—and guide the breeze
That fragrant though her flowers comes travelling on,
Freshly to lift the poor heart's broken valve,
Which gasping waits its doom.

Mother! thy lot

Hath been a holy one; upon thy breast
To cherish that fair bud, to share its bloom,
Refresh its languor with the rain of Heaven,
And give it back to God. The hour is come.
Thy sleepless night-watch o'er her infancy
Bore its own payment. Thou hast never known
For her, thy child, burden, or toil, or pang,
But what the full fount of maternal love
Did wash away, leaving those diamond sands
Which memory from her precious casket strews.

Behold, her darkening eye doth search for thee, As the bowed violet through some chilling screne Turns toward the Sun that cheered it. Well thine heart Hath read its language from her cradle-hour, What saith it to thee?

"Blessed one, farewell!
I go to Jesus; early didst thou teach
My soul the way, from yonder Book of Heaven;
Come soon to me, sweet guide."

Ah, gather up
The glimmering radiance of that parting smile—
Prolong the final kiss—hang fondly o'er
The quivering pressure of that marble hand,
Those last, deep tokens of a daughter's love.

Weep, but not murmur. She no more shall pine Before thine eyes in smothered agony, And waste away, and wear the hectic flush, That cheats so long, to wake a keener pain. Beside thy hearth she is a guest no more; But in Heaven's beauty shalt thou visit her, In Heaven's high health.

Call her no longer thine.

Thou couldst not keep Consumption's moth away
From her frail web of life. Thou could'st not guard
Thy darling from the lion. All thy love,
In the best armour of its sleepless might,
The spoiler trampled as a reed. Give thanks
That she is safe with Him who hath the power
O'er pain and sin and death. Mourner give thanks.

CREATION.

"LET there be light!" and Chaos fled Back to his midnight cell, And light, the earliest gift of Heaven, On cradled nature fell.

Earth from the encroaching waters rose, Strong Ocean knew his place, Bold rivers forced their unknown way, Young streams began their race.

Forth came the Snn, that monarch-proud,
And at his genial rays,
The springing groves, and pencilled flowers
Put on new robes of praise.

But when his weary couch he sought, Behold the regent-Queen, Enthroned on silver car, pursued Her nightly course serene.

And glorious shone the arch of Heaven
With stars serenely bright,
That bowed to every passing cloud
Their coronets of light.

Life roamed along the verdant mead, Life glided through the flood, And tuneful 'mid the woven boughs Watched o'er the nesting brood. But then, with undisputed might,
That Architect Divine,
His own immortal essence breathed
Into a clay-built shrine;

And stamped his image on the man, And gave him kingly power, And brought him to a home of love In sinless Eden's bower.

Then music from undying harps
The young creation blest,
And forth the first-born Sabbath spread
Its dove-like wing of rest.

It came with holy gladness fraught,
With pure benignant ray,
And God himself the lesson taught—
To keep the Sabbath-day

MARRIAGE HYMN.

Nor for the summer-hour alone, When skies resplendent shine, And youth and pleasure fill the throne, Our hearts and hands we join.

But for those stern and wintry days
Of peril, pain and fear,
When Heaven's wise discipline doth make
This earthly journey drear.

Not for this span of life alone,
Which as a blast doth fly,
And like the transient flower of grass,
Just blossom, droop and die.

But for a being without end,
This vow of love we take,
Grant us, Oh God! one home at last,
For our Redeemer's sake.

METHUSELAH.

"And all the days of Methuselah were nine hundred sixty and nine years—and he died."

GENESIS.

And was this all? He died! He who did wait
The slow unfolding of centurial years,
And shake that burden from his heart, which turns
Our temples white, and in his freshness stand
Till cedars mouldered and firm rocks grew grey—
Left he no trace upon the page inspired,
Save this one line—he died?

Perchance he stood

Till all who in his early shadow rose
Faded away, and he was left alone,
A sad, long-living, weary-hearted man,
To fear that Death, remembering all beside,
Had sure forgotten him.

Perchance he roved
Exulting o'er the ever-verdant vales,
While Asia's sun burned fervid on his brow,
Or 'neath some waving palm-tree sate him down,
And in his mantling bosom nursed the pride
That mocks the pale destroyer, and doth think
To live forever.

What majestic plans, What mighty Babels, what sublime resolves, Might in that time-defying bosom spring, Mature, and ripen, and east off their fruits For younger generations of bold thought
To wear their harvest diadem, while we
In the poor-hour-glass of our seventy years
Scarce see the buds of some few plants of hopes,
Ere we are laid beside them, dust to dust,

Yet whatsoe'er his lot, in that dim age
Of mystery, when the unwrinkled world had drank
No deluge-cup of bitterness, whate'er
Were earth's illusions to his dazzled eye,
Death found him out at last, and coldly wrote,
With icy pen on life's protracted scroll,
Naught but this brief unflattering line—he died.

Ye gay flower-gatherers on time's crumbling brink, This shall be said of you, howe'er ye vaunt Your long to-morrows in an endless line, Howe'er amid the gardens of your joy Ye hide yourselves, and bid the pale King pass, This shall be said of you, at last, he died; Oh, add one sentence more, he lived to God.

"IN THE GARDEN WAS A SEPULCHRE."

ST. JOHN

Mourn not ye, whose babe hath found Purer skies and firmer ground, Flowers of bright perennial hue, Free from thorns, and fresh with dew, Founts, that tempests never stir, Gardens, without sepulchre.

Mourn not ye, whose babe hath sped, From this region of the dead, To you winged seraph-band, Golden lute and glorious land, Where no tempter's subtle art Clouds the brow or wounds the heart.

Knowledge, in that clime doth grow Free from weeds of toil and woe, Peace whose olive never fades, Love, undimmed by sorrow's shades, Joys, which mortals may not share, Mourn not ye, whose babe is there.

DEATH OF AN AGED CHRISTIAN.

I THOUGHT that death was terrible. I've seen His ministry in the distorted brow, The glazing eye, the struggle and the groan, With which the heart-strings break. Yet here was one Whose summoned breath went forth as peacefully As folds the spent rose when the day is done. Still life to her was dear, for with strong root That charity whose fruit is happiness Did grow and blossom in her, and the light Of her own cheerful spirit flowing out, Tinged earth's brief rain-drops with the bow of Heaven. Time had respected her, had spared her brow Its beauty, and her heart the unchilled warmth Of those affections, gentle and sublime Which make the fireside holy. Hand in hand With those her care had nurtured, and who joyed. To pay their debt of gratitude, she past, Benign and graceful, down the vale of age, Wrapped up in tender love. Without a sigh, A change of feature, or a shaded smile, She gave her hand to the stern messenger, And as a glad child seeks its Father's house, Went home. She in her Saviour's ranks had done A veteran's service, and with Polycarp Might say to Death, "For more than fourscore years He was my Lord-shall I deny him now?" No! No! Thou could'st not turn away from him

Who was thy hope from youth, and on whose arm Thy feebleness of hoary hairs was staid. Before his Father and the Angel host He will adjudge thee faithful. So farewell, Blessed, and full of days. No more thy prayer Up through the solitude of night shall rise To bless thy children's children—nor thy soul Yearn for re-union with those kindred ones Who went to rest before thee. 'Twas not meet That thou should'st longer tarry from that bliss Which God reserveth for the pure in heart.

SAILOR'S HYMN.

When the parting bosom bleeds, When our native shore recedes, When the wild and faithless main Takes us to her trust again, Father! view a sailor's woe—Guide us wheresoe'er we go,

When the lonely watch we keep, Silent, on the mighty deep; While the boisterous surges hoarse Bear us darkly on our course, Eye that never slumbers!—shed Holy influence on our head.

When the sabbath's peaceful ray O'er the ocean's breast doth play, Though no throngs assemble there, No sweet church-bell warns to prayer, Spirit! let thy presence be, Sabbath to the unresting sea.

When the raging billows dark,
Thundering toss our threatened bark,
Thou, who on the whelming wave
Didst the weak disciple save—
Thou, who hear'st us when we pray,
Jesus! Saviour! be our stay.

When in foreign lands we roam, Far from kindred and from home, Stranger-eyes our conduct viewing, Heathen-bands our steps pursuing, Let our conversation be, Fitting those who follow thee.

Should pale Death, with arrow dread, Make the ocean-caves our bed, Though no eye of love might see Where that shrouded grave shall be—Christ! who hear'st the surges roll, Deign to save the Sailor's soul.

MUSINGS.

I DID not dream, but yet fantastic thought Wrought such wild changes on the spirit's harp, It seemed that slumber ruled.

A structure rose,
Deep-founded and gigantic. Strangely blent
Its orders seemed. The solemn Gothic arch—
The obelisk antique—the turret proud
In castellated pomp—the palace dome—
The grated dungeon—and the peasant's cot—
Were grouped within its walls.

A throne was there;
A king, with all his gay and courtly train,
In robes of splendour, and a vassal throng,
Eager to do their bidding, and to wear
A gilded servitude. The back-gound seemed
Darkened by misery's pencil. Famine cast

A tinge of paleness o'er the brow of toil, While Poverty, to soothe her naked babes, Shrieked forth a broken song.

Then came a groan—A rush—as if of thunder. The grey rocks
From yawning clefts breathed forth volcanic flames,
While the huge fabric, parting at its base,
A ruin seemed. A miserable mass
Of tortured life rolled through the burning gates,
And spread destruction o'er the scorching soil,
Like Etna's lava-stream.

There was a pause!
Mad revolution mourned its whirlwind wreck,
And even 'mid smouldering fires, the artificers
Wrought to uprear the pile.

But all at once,

A bugle blast was heard—a courser's tramp— While a young warrior waved his sword and cried— "Away! Away!"—Like dreams the pageant fled, Monarch, and royal dome, and nobles proud.

So there he stood, in solitary power—
Supreme and self-derived. Where the rude Alps
Mock with their battlements the bowing cloud,
His eagle banner streamed. Pale Gallia poured
Strong incense to her idol, mixed with blood
Of her young conscript-hearts. Chained in wild wrath
The Austrian lion crouched. Even Cæsar's realm
Cast down its crown pontifical, and bade
The Eternal City lay her lip in dust.
The land of pyramids bent darkly down,
And from the subject nations rose a voice
Of wretchedness, that awed the trembling globe.

Earth, slowly rising from her thousand thrones, Did homage to the Corsican, as he The favoured patriarch in his dream beheld Heaven, with her sceptred blazonry of stars, Bow to a reaper's sheaf.

But fickle man,

Though like the sea, he boast himself awhile, Hath bounds to his supremacy. I saw A listed field, where the embattled kings Drew in deep wrath their armed legions on.

The self-made warrior blenched not, and his eye Was like the flashing lightning, when it cleaves The vaulted firmament.

In vain!—In vain!
The hour of fate had come. From a far isle,
'Gainst whose firm rocks the foiled Pacific roars,

The wondering surges listened to the moan Of a chafed spirit warring with its lot:
And there, where every element conspired To make ambition's prison doubly sure,
The mighty hero gnawed his chain—and died.

THE DYING PHILOSOPHER.

I have crept forth to die among the trees,
They have sweet voices that I love to hear,
Sweet, lute-like voices. They have been as friends
In my adversity—when sick and faint
I stretched me in their shadow all day long;
They were not weary of me. They sent down
Soft summer breezes fraught with pitying sighs
To fan my blanching cheek. Their lofty boughs
Pointed with thousand fingers to the sky,
And round their trunks the wild vine fondly clung,
Nursing her clusters, and they did not check
Her clasping tendrils, nor deceive her trust,
Nor blight her blossoms, and go towering up
In their cold stateliness, while on the earth
She sank to die.

But thou, rejoicing bird,
Why pourest thou such a rich and mellow lay
On my dull ear? Poor bird!—I gave thee crumbs,
And fed thy nested little ones; so thou
(Unlike to man!) thou dost remember it.
O mine own race!—how often have ye sate
Gathered around my table, shared my cup,
And worn my raiment, yea! far more than this,
Been sheltered in my bosom, but to turn
And lift the heel against me, and cast out
My bleeding heart in morsels to the world,
Like catering cannibals.

Take me not back
To those imprisoned curtains, broidered thick
With pains, beneath whose sleepless canopy
I've pined away so long. The purchased care,
The practised sympathy, the fawning tone
Of him who on my vesture casteth lots,
The weariness, the secret measuring
How long I have to live, the guise of grief
So coarsely worn—I would not longer brook
Such torturing ministry. Let me die here,
'Tis but a little while. Let me die here.
Have patience, Nature, with thy feeble son,
So soon to be forgot, and from thine arms,
Thou gentle mother, from thy true embrace,
Let my freed spirit pass.

Alas! how vain
The wreath that Fame would bind around our tomb—
The winds shall waste it, and the worms destroy,
While from its home of bliss the disrobed soul
Looks not upon its greenness, nor deplores
Its withering loss. Ye who have toiled to earn
The fickle praise of far posterity,
Come, weigh it at the grave's brink, here with me,
If ye can weigh a dream.

Hail, holy stars!

Heaven's stainless watchers o'er a world of woe,
Look down once more upon me. When again,
In solemn night's dark regency, ye ope
Your searching eyes, me shall ye not behold,
Among the living. Let me join the song,
With which ye sweep along your glorious way;
Teach me your hymn of praise. What have I said?
I will not learn of you, for ye shall fall.
Lo! with swift wing I mount above your sphere,
To see the Invisible, to know the Unknown,
To love the Uncreated!—Earth, farewell!

A MOTHER IN HEAVEN TO HER DYING BABE.

Hush, hush, my wailing one,
Thy mother hovers near,
Her breath is on thy pallid cheek,
Her whisper in thine ear;
She may not dry thy tears,
Nor hold thy throbbing head,
Oh haste to these immortal spheres,
Where tear was never shed.

Keen anguish wrings thy breast,
And wakes the gasping sigh,
Cold dews are gathering o'er thy brow,
And darkness dims thine eye,
Heaven hath no throb of pain,
Heaven hath no tempter's charms,
Friends! Friends!—why will ye thus detain
My darling from my arms?

Long had he dwelt below,
Perchance his erring path,
Had been through bitterness and woe,
On to his Maker's wrath;
Why thus with fruitless cares
The angel-spirit stay?
Hark! the Redeemer calls it home,
Rise, dearest!—come away.

THE TOMB OF ABSALOM.

Is this thy tomb, amid the mournful shades Of the deep valley of Jehoshaphat, Thou son of David? Kidron's gentle brook Is murmuring near, as if it fain would tell Thy varied history. Methinks I see Thy graceful form, thy smile, thy sparkling eye, The glorious beauty of thy flowing hair, And that bright, eloquent lip, whose cunning stole The hearts of all the people. Didst thou waste The untold treasures of integrity, The gold of conscience, for their light applause, Thou fair dissembler?

Say, rememberest thou When o'er you flinty steep of Olivet A sorrowing train went up? Dark frowning seers Denouncing judgment on a rebel prince, Past sadly on; and next a crownless king Walking in sad and humbled majesty, While hoary statesmen bent upon his brow Indignant looks of tearful sympathy. What caused the weeping there?

Thou heardst it not, For thou within the city's walls didst hold Thy revel brief and base. So thou could'st set The embattled host against thy father's life, The king of Israel, and the loved of God! He 'mid the evils of his changeful lot,

Saul's moody hatred, stern Philistia's spear, His alien wanderings, and his warrior toil, Found nought so bitter as the rankling thorn Set by thy madness of ingratitude Deep in his yearning soul.

What were thy thoughts

When in the mesh of thy own tresses snared Amid the oak whose quiet verdure mocked Thy misery, forsook by all who shared Thy meteor-greatness and constrained to learn There in that solitude of agony, A traitor hath no friends !- what were thy thoughts When death careering on the triple dart Of vengeful Joab found thee? To thy God Rose there one cry of penitence, one prayer For that unmeasured mercy which can cleanse Unbounded guilt? Or turned thy stricken heart Toward him who o'er thy infant graces watched With tender pride, and all thy sins of youth In blindfold fondness pardoned? All thy crimes Were cancelled in that plentitude of love Which laves with fresh and everlasting tide A parent's heart.

I see that form which awed The foes of Israel with its victor-might Bowed low in grief, and hear upon the breeze That sweeps the palm-groves of Jerusalem, The wild continuous wail,—"Oh Absalom! My son! My son!"

We turn us from thy tomb, Usurping prince! Thy beauty and thy grace Have perished with thee, but thy fame survives—The ingrate son that pierced a father's heart.

THE LOST DARLING.

She was my idol. Night and day to scan
The fine expansion of her form, and mark
The unfolding mind like vernal rose-bud start
To sudden beauty, was my chief delight.
To find her fairy footsteps follow me,
Her hand upon my garments, or her lip
Long sealed to mine, and in the watch of night
The quiet breath of innocence to feel
Soft on my cheek, was such a full content
Of happiness, as none but mothers know.

Her voice was like some tiny harp that yields To the slight fingered breeze, and as it held Brief converse with her doll, or playful soothed The moaning kitten, or with patient care Conned o'er the alphabet—but most of all Its tender cadence in her evening prayer Thrilled on the ear like some ethereal tone Heard in sweet dreams.

But now alone I sit, .

Musing of her, and dew with mournful tears
Her little robes, that once with woman's pride
I wrought, as if there were a need to deck
What God had made so beautiful. I start,
Half fancying from her empty crib there comes
A restless sound, and breathe the accustomed words
"Hush! Hush thee, dearest." Then I bend and weep—
As though it were a sin to speak to one
Whose home is with the angels.

Gone to God!

And yet I wish I had not seen the pang That wrung her features, nor the ghastly white Settling around her lips. I would that Heaven Had taken its own, like some transplanted flower, Blooming in all its freshness.

Gone to God!

Be still my heart! what could a mother's prayer, In all the wildest extacy of hope, Ask for its darling like the bliss of heaven?

THE SCHOOL-MISTRESS.

ADAPTED TO A PICTURE.

How doth this picture's art relume Of childhood's scenes the buried bloom! How from oblivion's sweeping stream Each floating flower and leaf redeem! From neighbouring spire, the iron chime That told the school's allotted time, The lowly porch where woodbine crept, The floor with careful neatness swept, The hour-glass in its guarded nook. Which oft our busy fingers shook By stealth, if flowed too slow away The sands that held us from our play: The murmured task, the frequent tear, The timid laugh, prolonged and dear, These all on heart, and ear, and eye, Come thronging back, from years gone by.

And there thou art! in peaceful age
With brow as thoughtful, mild and sage,
As when upon thy pupil's heart
Thy lessons breathed—yes there thou art!
And in thy hand that sacred book
Whereon it was our pride to look,
Whose truths around thy hoary head,
A never-fading halo shed,
Whose glorious hopes in holy trust
Still blossom o'er thy mouldering dust.

Even thus it is, where'er we range,
Throughout this world of care and change,
Though Fancy every prospect gild,
Or Fortune write each wish fulfilled,
Still, pausing 'mid our varied track,
To childhood's realm we turn us back,
And wider as the hand of time
Removes us from that sunny clime,
And nearer as our footsteps urge
To weary life's extremest verge,
With fonder smile, with brighter beam,
Its far-receding landscapes gleam,
And closer to the withered breast,
Its renovated charms are prest.

And thus the stream, as on it flows, 'Neath summer-suns, or wintry snows, Through vale, or maze, or desert led,' Untiring tells its pebbly bed, How passing sweet the buds that first Upon its infant marge were nurst, How rich the violet's breath perfumed, That near its cradle-fountain bloomed, And deems no skies were e'er so fair As kindled o'er its birth-place there.

THE SAILOR'S FUNERAL.

The ship's bell tolled, and slowly o'er the deck
Came forth the summoned crew.—Bold, hardy men,
Far from their native skies, stood silent there,
With melancholy brows.—From a low cloud
That o'er the horizon hovered, came the threat
Of distant, muttered thunder. Broken waves
Heaved up their sharp, white helmets, o'er the expanse
Of ocean, which in brooding stillness lay
Like some vindictive king, who meditates
On hoarded wrongs, or wakes the wrathful war.

The ship's bell tolled !-And lo, a youthful form, Which oft had boldly dared the slippery shrouds At midnight's watch, was as a burden laid Down at his comrades' feet .- Mournful they gazed Upon his hollow cheek, and some there were Who in that bitter hour remembered well The parting blessing of his hoary sire, And the fond tears that o'er his mother's cheek Went coursing down, when his gay, happy voice Left its farewell .- But one who nearest stood To that pale shrouded corse, remembered more:— Of a white cottage with its shaven lawn, And blossomed hedge, and of a fair-haired girl Who at her lattice, veiled with woodbine, watched His last, far step, and then turned back to weep. And close that comrade in his faithful breast Hid a bright chestnut lock, which the dead youth Had severed with a cold and trembling hand

In life's extremity, and bade him bear With broken words of love's last eloquence To his blest Mary.—Now that chosen friend Bowed low his sun-burnt face, and like a child Sobbed in deep sorrow.

But there came a tone,
Clear as the breaking moon o'er stormy seas—
"Iam the resurrection!"—Every heart
Suppressed its grief, and every eye was raised.
There stood the chaplain, his uncovered brow
Unmarked by earthly passion, while his voice,
Rich as the balm from plants of paradise,
Poured the Eternal's message o'er the souls
Of dying men. It was a holy hour!
There lay the wreck of manly beauty, here
Bent mourning friendship, while supporting faith
Cast her strong anchor, where no wrathful surge
Might overwhelm, nor mortal foe invade.

There was a plunge!—The riven sea complained, Death from her briny bosom took his own.

The troubled fountains of the deep lift up
Their subterranean portals, and he went
Down to the floor of ocean, 'mid the beds
Of brave and beautiful ones. Yet to my soul,
Mid all the funeral pomp, with which this earth
Indulgeth her dead sons, was nought so sad,
Sublime or sorrowful, as the mute sea
Opening her mouth to whelm that sailor youth.

ZAMA.

I LOOKED, and on old Zama's arid plain
Two chieftains stood. At distance ranged their hosts,
While they with flashing eye, and gesture strong,
Held their high parley. One was sternly marked
With care and hardship. Still his warrior soul
Frowned in unbroken might, as when he sealed,
In ardent boyhood, the eternal vow
Of enmity to Rome. The other seemed
Of younger years, and on his noble brow
Beauty with magnanimity sat throned;
And yet, methought, his darkening eye-ball said
"Delendo est Carthago."

Brief they spake,
And parted as proud souls in anger part,
While the wild shriek of trumpets, and the rush
Of cohorts rent the air. I turned away.
The pomp of battle, and the din of arms
May round a period well, but to behold
The mortal struggle, and the riven shield—
To mark how Nature's holiest, tenderest ties
Are sundered—to recount the childless homes,
And sireless babes, and widows' early graves,
Made by one victor-shout, bids the blood creep
Cold through its channels.

Once again I looked When the pure moon unveiled a silent scene, Silent, save when from 'neath some weltering pile

A dying war-horse neighed, in whose gored breast Life lingered stubbornly, or some pale knight Half-raised his arm, awakened by the call Of his loved steed, even from the dream of death.

With stealthy step the prowling plunderer stalked, The dark-winged raven led her clamorous brood To their full feast, and on the shadowy skirts Of that dire field, the fierce hyena rolled A keen, malevolent eye.

Time sped his course.
Fresh verdure mantled Zama's fatal plain,
While Carthage, with a subjugated knee
And crownless head, toiled 'mid the slaves of Rome.

Once more I sought Hamilear's awful son—And lo! an exiled, and despised old man, Guest of Bithynian perfidy, did grasp
The poison-goblet in his withered hand,
And drink and die!

Say! is this he who rent
The bloody laurel from Saguntum's walls?
That Eagle of the Alps, who through the clouds,
Which wrapped in murky folds their slippery heights,
Forced his unwieldy elephants? who rolled
Victory's hoarse thunder o'er Ticinus' tide?
And 'mid the field of Cannæ waved his sword
Like a destroying angel?

This is he!

And this is human glory!

God of Might!

Gird with thy shield our vacillating hearts, That 'mid the illusive and bewildering paths Of this brief pilgrimage, we may not lose Both this world's peace, and the rewards of that Which hath no shadow.

From this double lose,

This wreck of all probationary hope, Defend us, by thy power.

DEATH OF A MISSIONARY TO LIBERIA.

THERE is a sigh from Niger's sable realm,
A voice of Afric's weeping. One hath fallen,
Who pitched his tent on far Liberia's sands,
And with the fervour of unresting love
Did warn her children to a Saviour's arms.

Alone he fell—that heart so richly filled With all affection's imagery—fair scenes Of home and brotherhood—so strongly moved To pour the promptings of its seraph-zeal In boundless confidence, and so replete With tender memory of its buried joys, That 'mid their hallowed tombs it fain had slept, Did in its stranger-solitude endure The long death-struggle and sink down to rest.

Say ye alone he fell? It was not so.

There was a hovering of celestial wings
Around his lowly couch, a solemn sound
Of stricken harps, such as around God's throne
Make music night and day. He might not tell
Of that high music, for his lip was sealed,
And his eye closed. And so, ye say—he died,
But all the glorious company of Heaven
Do say—he lives, and that your brief farewell,
Uttered in tears, was but the prelude-tone
Of the full welcome of eternity.

A FATHER TO HIS MOTHERLESS CHILDREN.

Come, gather closer to my side,
My little smitten flock,
And I will tell of him who brought
Pure water from the rock—
Who boldly led God's people forth
From Egypt's wrath and guile,
And once a cradled babe did float,
All helpless on the Nile.

You're weary, precious ones, your eyes
Are wandering far and wide,
Think ye of her who knew so well
Your tender thought to guide?
Who could to Wisdom's sacred lore
Your fixed attention claim?
Ah! never from your hearts erase
That blessed Mother's name.

'Tis time to sing your evening hymn,
My youngest infant dove,
Come press thy velvet cheek to mine,
And learn the lay of love;
My sheltering arms can clasp you all,
My poor deserted throng,
Cling as you used to cling to her
Who sings the angel's song.

Begin, sweet birds, the accustomed strain,
Come, warble loud and clear;
Alas! alas! you're weeping all,
You're sobbing in my ear;
Good night—go say the prayer she taught,
Beside your little bed,
The lips that used to bless you there,
Are silent with the dead.

A father's hand your course may guide
Amid the thorns of life,
His care protect those shrinking plants
That dread the storms of strife;
But who, upon your infant hearts
Shall like that mother write?
Who touch the strings that rule the soul?
Dear, smitten flock, good night!

THE MOURNING LOVER.

THERE was a noble form, which oft I marked As the full blossom of bright boyhood's charms Ripened to manly beauty. Nature bade His eloquent lip and fervid eye to win Fair woman's trusting heart.

Yet not content,
Because ambition's fever wrought within,
He went to battle, and the crimson sod
Told where his life-blood gushed.

The maid who kept

In her young heart the secret of his love, With all its hoarded store of sympathies And images of hope, think ye she gave, When a few years their fleeting course had run, Her heart again to man?

No! No! She twined

Its riven tendrils round a surer prop,
And reared its blighted blossoms toward that sky
Which hath no cloud. She sought devotion's balm,
And with a gentle sadness turned her soul
From gaiety and song. Pleasure, for her,
Had lost its essence, and the viol's voice
Gave but a sorrowing sound. Even her loved plants
Breathed too distinctly of the form that bent
With her's to watch their budding. 'Mid their flowers,
And through the twining of their pensile stems,
The semblance of a cold, dead hand would rise,

Until she bade them droop and pass away With him she mourned.

And so, with widowed heart
She parted out her pittance to the poor,
Sat by the bed of sickness, dried the tear
Of the forgotten weeper, and did robe
Herself in mercy, like the bride of Heaven.
Years past away, and still she seemed unchanged,
The principle of beauty hath no age,
It looketh forth, even though the eye be dim,
The forehead frost-crowned, yea, it looketh forth,
Wherever there doth dwell a tender soul,
That in its chastened cheerfulness would shed
Sweet charity on all whom God hath made.

Years past away, and 'mid her holy toils
The hermit-heart found rest. Each night it seemed,
When to her lonely, prayerful couch she came,
As if an angel folded his pure wing
Around her breast, inspiring it to hold
A saint's endurance.

Of her spirit's grief
She never spake. But as the flush of health
Receded from her cheek, her patient eye
Gathered new lustre, and the mighty wing
Of that supporting angel seemed to gird
Closer her languid bosom, while in dreams
A tuneful tone, like his who slumbered deep
Amid his country's dead, told her of climes
Where vows are never sundered.

One mild eve,
When on the foreheads of the sleeping flowers
The loving spring-dews hung their diamond wreaths,
She from her casket drew a raven curl,
Which once had clustered round her lost one's brow,
And prest it to her lips and laid it down
Upon her bible, while she knelt to pour
The nightly incense of a stricken heart

At her Redeemer's feet. Grey morning came,
And still her white cheek on that holy page
Did calmly rest. Her's was that quiet sleep
Which hath no wakening here. Fled from her brow
Was every trace of pain, and in its stead
Methought the angel who so long had been
Her comforter, had left a farewell-gift,
That smile which in the Court of Heaven doth beam.

PICTURE OF A SLEEPING INFANT, WATCHED BY A DOG.

Sweet are thy slumbers, baby. Gentle gales Do lift the curtaining foliage o'er thy head, And nested birds sing lullaby; and flowers That form the living broidery of thy couch Shed fresh perfume.

He, too, whose guardian eye Pondereth thy features with such true delight, And faithful semblance of parental care; Counting his master's darling as his own, Should aught upon thy helpless rest intrude, Would show a lion's wrath.

And when she comes,

Thy peasant-mother, from her weary toil,
Thy shout will cheer her, and thy little arms
Entwine her sunburnt neck, with joy as full
As infancy can feel. They who recline
In royalty's proud cradle, lulled with strains
Of warbling lute, and watched by princely eyes,
And wrapt in golden tissue, share perchance,
No sleep so sweet as thine.

Is it not thus With us, the larger children? Gorgeous robes, And all the proud appliances of wealth Touch not the heart's content: but he is blest, Though clad in humble garb, who peaceful greets The smile of nature, with a soul of love.

ON THE ESTABLISHMENT OF SCHOOLS IN AFRICA.

Spirit of Science! who so long
Expatriate from thy native sphere,
Hast traced no line, and breathed no song,
That dark, deserted land to cheer—

Spirit of Power! who lotus-crowned
Didst reign 'mid Egypt's temples proud,
But in oblivion's slumbers drowned
'Neath the drear pyramids hast bowed—

Spirit of Piety! who nursed
Of old, amid that sultry clime
Oft from Tertullian's musing burst,
Or martyred Cyprian's page sublime,

Again ye wake, ye thrill the soul,
Your resurrection morn appears,
Ye pour your language o'er the scroll
Which Afric scans through raptured tears;

Wide may your hallowed wings expand
From shore to shore, from wave to wave,
Till distant realms shall stretch the hand
To strike the fetter from the slave—

Till Afric to her farthest bound
Shall bid each billow of the sea,
And every palm-grove, catch the sound,
And echoing shout—" Be free! be free!"

ROME.

'T is sunset on the Palatine. A flood
Of living glory wraps the Sabine hills,
And o'er the rough and serrate Appenines
Floats like a burning mantle. Purple mists
Rise faintly o'er the grey and ivied tombs
Of the Campagna, as sad memory steals
Forth from the twilight of the heart, to hold
Its mournful vigil o'er affection's dust.
Was that thy camp, cld Romulus? where creeps
The clinging vine-flower round yon fallen fanes
And mouldering columns?

Lo! thy clay-built huts,
And band of malcontents, with barbarous port,
Up from the sea of buried ages rise,
Darkening the scene. Methinks I see thee stand,
Thou wolf-nursed monarch, o'er the human herd
Supreme in savageness, yet strong to plant
Barrier and bulwark, whence should burst a might
And majesty, by thy untutored soul
Unmeasured, unconceived. As little dreams
The truant boy, who to the teeming earth
Casts the light acorn, of the forest's pomp,
Which springing from that noteless germ, shall rear
Its banner to the skies, when he must sleep
A noteless atom.

Hark! the owlet's cry
That, like a muttering sybil, makes her cell
'Mid Nero's house of gold, with clustering bats,

And gliding lizards. Would she tell to man In the hoarse plaint of that discordant shriek, The end of earthly glory?

See, how meek And unpretending, 'mid the ruined pride Of Caracalla's circus, yon white flock Do find their sweet repast. The playful lamb, Fast by its mother's side, doth roam at peace. How little dream they of the hideous roar Of the Numidian lion, or the rage Of the fierce tiger, that in ancient times Fought in this same arena, for the sport Of a barbarian throng. With furious haste No more the chariot round the stadium flies: Nor toil the rivals in the painful race To the far goal; nor from yon broken arch Comes forth the victor, with flushed brow, to claim The hard-earned garland. All have past away, Save the dead ruins, and the living robe That Nature wraps around them. Anxious fear, High-swollen expectancy, intense despair, And wild, exulting triumph, here have reigned, And perished all.

'T were well could we forget
How oft the gladiator's blood hath stained
Yon grass-grown pavement, while imperial Rome,
With all her fairest, brightest brows looked down
On the stern courage of the wounded wretch
Grappling with mortal agony. The sigh
Or tone of tender pity, were to him
A dialect unknown, o'er whose dim eye
The distant vision of his cabin rude,
With all its echoing voices, all the rush
Of its cool, flowing waters, brought a pang
To which the torture of keen death was light.
A haughtier phantom stalks! What dost thou here,
Dark Caracalla, fratricide? whose step

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Through the proud mazes of thy regal dome Pursued the flying Geta; and whose hand 'Mid that heaven-sanctioned shrine, a mother's breast, Did pierce his bosom. Was it worth the price Thus of a brother's blood, to reign alone, Those few, short, poisoned years?

Around thy couch Gleamed there no nightly terror? no strange dream Of bright locks, dripping blood upon thy soul In fiery martyrdom? Rose not thy sire, The stern Severus, from his British tomb To ask thee of thy brother, and to curse The mad ambition of the second Cain? Was there no pause, no conflict, ere thy heart Plunged into guilt like this? no fluttering pulse, No warning of offended Deity, to make Thy spirit quail? or didst thou shake thy spear At virtue's guards, and coldly sell thy soul? Fade, fade, grim phantom! 'tis too horrible To question thus with thee.

Again the scene
Spreads unempurpled, unimpassioned forth;
The white lambs resting 'neath the evening shade,
While dimly curtained 'mid her glory, Rome
Slumbereth, as one o'erwearied.

AN EXHIBITION OF A SCHOOL OF YOUNG LADIES.

How fair upon the admiring sight,
In Learning's sacred fane,
With cheek of bloom, and robe of white
Glide on yon graceful train!
Blest creatures! to whose gentle eye
Earth's gilded gifts are new,
Ye know not that distrustful sigh
Which deems its vows untrue.

There is a bubble on your cup
By buoyant fancy nurst,
How high its sparkling foam leaps up!
Ye do not think 't will burst:
And be it far from me to fling
On budding joys a blight,
Or darkly spread a raven's wing
To shade a path so bright.

There twines a wreath around your brow,
Blent with the sunny braid,
Love lends its flowers a radiant glow,
Ye do not think 't will fade;
And yet 't were safer there to bind
That plant of changeless die,
Whose root is in the lowly mind,
Whose blossom in the sky.

Yet who o'er Beanty's form can hang
Nor think how future years
May bring stern Sorrow's speechless pang,
Or Disappointment's tears,
Unceasing toil, unpitied care,
Cold treachery's serpent moan,
Ills that the tender heart must bear,
Unanswering and alone.

But as the frail and fragrant flower,
Crushed by the sweeping blast,
Doth even in death an essence pour,
The sweetest, and the last,
So woman's deep, enduring love,
Which nothing can appal,
Her steadfast faith, that looks above
For rest, can conquer all.

A DOOR OPENED IN HEAVEN.

"I looked, and behold, a door was opened in Heaven." Revelations, IV. 31.

It seemed not as a dream, and yet I stood
Beside Heaven's gate. Its mighty valves were loosed,
And upward, from earth's tribulation came
A soul, whose passport, signed in Calvary's blood,
Prevailed. Around the golden threshold's verge
I saw the dazzling of celestial wings,
Thronging to welcome it. The towering form
Of an archangel bore it company
Up to God's throne. Soft on my ear their tones,
Serenely wafted by ambrosial gales,
Fell like rich music.

"Wherefore didst thou pass Weeping along thy pilgrimage?" inquired The sinless scraph.

"Thorns beset my path.
I sought and found not. I obtained and mourned.
I loved and lost. Ingratitude and Hate
Did whet their serpent tooth upon my fame—
My wealth took wing. I planted seeds of bliss,
And sorrow blossomed."

But the risen from earth Faultered to mark that high archangel's glance Bent downward with surprise, as though it asked "Had thy felicity no deeper root,

Thou sky-born soul, for whom the Christ of God Bowed to be crucified?"

So when I saw,
Or dreamed I saw, that even in Heaven might dwell
Reproof and penitence, I prayed to look
Ever upon that flood of light which gilds
Each morning with its mercy; and whose beams
Are brightened every moment, and to bear
God's discipline with gladness, that no tear
For trials lost, be shed beyond the grave.

PASSAGE OF THE BERESINA.

"On with the cohorts,—on! A darkening cloud Of Cossack lances hovers o'er the heights; And hark!—the Russian thunder on the rear Thins the retreating ranks."

The haggard French, Like summoned spectres, facing toward their foes, And goading on the lean and dying steeds That totter 'neath their huge artillery, Give desperate battle. Wrapt in volumed smoke A deuse and motley mass of hurried forms Rush toward the Beresina, Soldiers mix Undisciplined amid the feebler throng, While from the rough ravines the rumbling cars That bear the sick and wounded, with the spoils, Tern rashly from red Moscow's sea of flame, Line the steep banks. Chilled with the endless shade Of black pine-forests, where unslumbering winds Make bitter music-every heart is sick For the warm breath of its far, native vales, Vine-clad and beautiful. Pale, meagre hands Stretched forth in eager misery, implore Quick passage o'er the flood. But there it rolls, 'Neath its ice-curtain, horrible and hoarse, A fatal barrier 'gainst its country's foes. The combat deepens. Lo! in one broad flash The Russian sabre gleams, and the wild hoof Treads out despairing life.

With maniac haste They throng the bridge, those fugitives of France,

Reckless of all, save that last, desperate chance— Rush, struggle, strive, the powerful thrust the weak, And crush the dying.

Hark! a thundering crash,
A cry of horror! Down the broken bridge
Sinks, and the wretched multitude plunge deep
'Neath the devouring tide. That piercing shriek
With which they took their farewell of the sky
Did haunt the living, as some doleful ghost
Troubleth the fever-dream. Some for a while,
With ice and death contending, sink and rise,
While some in wilder agony essay
To hold their footing on that tossing mass
Of miserable life, making their path
O'er palpitating bosoms. 'Tis in vain!
The keen pang passes and the satiate flood
Shuts silent o'er its prey.

The severed host
Stand gazing on each shore. The gulph—the dead
Forbid their union. One sad throng is warned
To Russia's dungeons, one with shivering haste
Spread o'er the wild, through toil and pain to hew
Their many roads to death. From desert plains,
From sacked and solitary villages
Gaunt Famine springs to sieze them; Winter's wrath,
Unresting day or night, with blast and storm,
And one eternal magazine of frost,
Smites the astonished victims.

God of Heaven!
Warrest thou with France, that thus thine elements
Do fight against her sons? Yet on they press,
Stern, rigid, silent—every bosom steeled
By the strong might of its own misery
Against all sympathy of kindred ties.
The brother on his fainting brother treads—
Friend tears from friend the garment and the bread—
That last, scant morsel, which his quivering lip

Hoards in its death-pang. Round the midnight fires, That fiercely through the startled forest blaze, The dreaming shadows gather, madly pleased To bask, and scorch, and perish—with their limbs Crisped like the martyr's, and their heads fast sealed To the frost-pillow of their fearful rest.

Turn back, turn back, thou fur-clad emperor,
Thus toward the palace of the Thuilleres
Flying with breathless speed. You meagre forms,
You breathing skeletons, with tattered robes
And bare and bleeding feet, and matted locks,
Are these the high and haughty troops of France,
The buoyant conscripts, who from their blest homes
Went gaily at thy bidding? When the cry
Of weeping Love demands her cherished ones,
The nursed upon her breast—the idol-gods
Of her deep worship—wilt thou coldy point
The Beresina—the drear hospital,
The frequent snow-mound on the unsheltered march,
Where the lost soldier sleeps!

O War! War! War!

Thou false baptised, who by thy vaunted name Of glory stealest o'er the ear of man To rive his bosom with thy thousand darts, Disrobed of pomp and circumstance, stand forth, And show thy written league with sin and death. Yes, ere ambition's heart is seared and sold, And desolated, bid him mark thine end And count thy wages.

The proud victor's plume, The hero's trophied fame, the warrior's wreath Of blood-dashed laurel—what will these avail The spirit parting from material things? One slender leaflet from the tree of peace, Borne, dove-like, o'er the waste and warring earth, Is better passport at the gate of Heaven.

ON THE DEATH OF A POET.

ANOTHER master of the lyre hath swept His parting strain. Swan-like and sweet it rose, But sank unfinished. And methought I heard Its melody in Heaven, where harp and voice, Forever hymning the Eternal name, Blend without weariness. No more he holds. Tender and sad, his night-watch o'er the dead, For he is where the Spoiler's icy foot Hath never trod, nor the dark seeds of grief In baleful harvest sprung. 'Twere sweet, indeed, A little longer to have drawn his smile Into the heart of love, and seen him do. With all his graceful singleness of soul. A Saviour's bidding. But be still, be still, Ye who did gird him up for Heaven, and walk Even to its gates in his blest company-If he hath entered first, what then? be still! And let the few, brief sands of time roll on, And keep your armour bright, and waiting stand For his warm welcome to a realm of bliss.

AUTUMN.

TREE! why hast thou doffed thy mantle of green For the gorgeous garb of an Indian queen? With the umbered brown, and the crimson stain, And the yellow friuge on its broidered train? And the autumn gale through its branches sighed Of a long arrear, for the transient pride.

Stream! why is thy rushing step delayed?
Thy tuneful talk to the pebbles staid?
Hath the Spoiler found thee who wrecks the plains?
Didst thou trifle with him till he chilled thy veins?
But it murmured on with a mournful tone,
Till fetters of ice were around it thrown.

Rose! why art thou drooping thy beautiful head? Hast thou bowed to the frost-king's kiss of dread? When thou sawest his deeds in the withering vale, Didst thou, lingering, list to his varnished tale? And she answered not, but strove to fold In her bosom the blight of his dalliance bold.

Yet ye still have a voice to the musing heart, Tree, Stream and Rose, as ye sadly part, "We are symbols, ye say, of the hasting doom Of youth, and of health, and of beauty's bloom, When Disease, with a hectic flush doth glow, And Time steal on with his tress of snow." Is this all?—is your painful lesson done?

And they spoke in their bitterness, every one,

"The soul that admits in an evil hour,

The breath of vice to its sacred bower,

Will find its peace with its glory die,

Like the fading hues of an autumn sky."

SCENE AT ATHENS, DURING THE REVOLUTION.

City of Cecrops, there thou art on high,
But not in pride, as when the wondering world
Knelt to thee as a pupil, and the light
That from thy mountains flashed, fell on the globe,
As on a thing opaque. The Moslem draws
His leaguring lines around thee, and afar
'Mid thine Acropolis, is heard the sigh
Of the o'erwearied soldier, famine-struck,
Yet not despairing. He, amid his watch,
Muses on Missolonghi. Even thy vines
Uncultured, wither, and thine olives shrink
From the hot hand of war. No more thy herds
Roam o'er their pasture, and methinks the bee
That toward Hymethus hastens, sadly spreads
A languid wing.

See yon attenuate boy,
With his young tottering sister, who explore
Eager each close recess. Why glean they thus
Those scanty blades of herbage? Do they hide,
And nourish carefully some tender lamb,
Last of the flock? No! no! Their wasted brows
A stronger need bespeak. And there he goes,
A poor snail-gatherer, from whose eye, perchance,
Speaks forth the blood of Pericles.

But lo!

The cry of sudden skirmish, and sharp war,

Peals out at distance. The infuriate Turks Rush to the guarded wall, and, vaunting, rear The haughty crescent o'er the cross of Christ. High Heaven hath mercy. The brief battle swells Back to the plain again, and sweeping on, Like the spent whirlwind, sinks. The courser's tramp. And clash of ataghan, and trumpet blast, And the fierce shout of man's wild passions die Upon the tranquil air. But there are strewn Sad witnesses around: the shivered sword, The frequent blood-pool, and the severed limb. While here and there a gorgeous Mussulman Sleeps in his pomp of armour. The slain Greeks Do lie with faces heavenward, as becomes Sons of Miltiades. Methinks the frown That knits their brows, tells how with Death did strive The thought of Athens, and their country's fate. Would this were all!

But there are dens and caves, And rugged mountain-paths, where those have fallen Whom love would die to save; and their soft hands Did woo the sabre's edge, and press it close, As a long-parted friend.

Ah! might I turn
Forever from such scenes. But in my dreams,
When woe doth tint them, to this hour I see
A beauteous form, which on the encrimsoned turf
Was smitten down, and close those polished arms
Bound to the marble breast, in death's embrace,
A young, unconscious babe.

The ruddy boy
Seemed full of health, and light his sportive hand
'Mid his fair mother's glossy tresses roved,
While his bright lip, not yet to language trained,
Solicited regard. But when no sound
Assured the nursling, and an icebolt seemed
From that dead breast to shoot into his soul,

He raised his cherub head, with such a cry Of horror, as I deemed no infant heart Could utter or conceive.

And they who oft
Stood with the unblenching brave, when the thick air
Steamed like a sulphur-furnace, and the earth
Reeked with fresh blood, and thousand parting souls
Sent forth the fearful groan, did say that naught
'Mid all the appalling ministry of war
Had ever moved them like that wailing babe.

ON SEEING THE DEAF, DUMB AND BLIND GIRL, SITTING FOR HER PORTRAIT.

Heaven guide thee artist! Though thy skill Can make the enthusiast's passion tear, And catch expression's faintest thrill, What power shall prompt thy pencil here?

She hath no eye—God quenched its beam,
No ear—though thunder's trump be blown,
No speech—her spirit's voiceless stream
Flows dark, unfathomed and unknown.

Yet hath she joys, though none may know
Their germ, their impulse, or their power.
And oft her kindling features glow
In meditation's lonely hour,

Or when unfolding blossoms breathe
Their fragrance 'neath a vernal sky,
Or feeling weaves its wild-flower wreath
As some remembered friend draws nigh,

Then doth the heart its lore reveal

Though lip and eye are sealed the while,
And then do wildering graces steal

To paint their language on her smile.

For still the undying soul may teach Without a glance, a tone, a sigh,

And well canst thou its mirrored speech Interpret to the wondering eye.

What though her locked and guarded mind
Doth foil philosophy divine,
Till even reason fails to find
A clue to that untravelled shrine.

Yet may thine art with victor sway
Win laurels from this desert wild,
And to a future age pourtray
Mysterious Nature's hermit child.

ON THE DEATH OF MISS HANNAH ADAMS.

She was the author of a "View of Religious Opinions," "History of the Jews," and other works. She died, respected and beloved, at the age of seventy-six; and was the first who was buried in the Mount Auburn Cemetery, in Boston.

GENTLE and true of heart! I see thee still, Abstractly bending o'er the storied tome. While the deep lines of meditation steal, Unfrowning, o'er thy brow. I see thee still, Thine eve upraised at friendship's sacred smile, Pouring the heart's warm treasures freely forth, In guileless confidence. Methinks I hear That eloquence, which sometimes bore thy soul High o'er its prison-house of timid thought, And round the ancient people of thy God, And on the hill of Zion, joyed to bind Its choicest wreath. Thy stainless life was laid A gift on virtue's altar, and thy mind, Commingling wisdom with humility, Passed on its sheltered pilgrimage in peace, Lonely-but not forgot. When thou didst mourn One generation of thy friends laid low, Another came. Most fair and youthful forms, Such as man's love doth worship, in the hour Of its idolatry, did turn aside To seat them at thy feet, and strew thy home With offerings of fresh flowers. 'Twas sweet to see Beauty, and grace, and wealth, such tribute pay

At wisdom's lowly shrine. Yes, they who moved On the high places of the earth, came down To do thee honour, and to comfort thee With an untiring ardour. Say no more That humble merit, fashionless and poor, Hath none to lift it from its upas-shade, And guard its welfare with unswerving zeal Through the long vale of helplessness and age. It is not so. Thy grateful shade responds—It is not so.

Farewell. Thy rest shall be
In such companionship as thou hast loved,
Even from thy being's dawn; pure-breathing plants,
Soft melodies of waters and of trees,
The brightest, holiest charms of earth and sky;
Nor yet unchronicled, or unbeloved
Of faithful memory, shall be thy sleep,
Meek worshipper of nature and of God.

DEATH OF A MISSIONARY.

Drowned at a ford of the Kaskaskia, in the state of Illinois.

Cold sweep the waters o'er thee. Thou hast found, 'Mid all the ardour of thy youthful zeal
And self-devotion to thy Master's cause,
An unexpected bed. The ice-swoln tides
Of the Kaskaskia shall no more resound
To the wild struggles of thy failing steed
In that deep plunge which gave thy soul to God.
Say, 'mid thy journeyings o'er the snow-clad waste
Of yon lone prairie, on that fearful day,
When death was by thy side, where dwelt thy thought?
Upon thy angel mission, or the scenes
Of thy loved home, with all its sheltering trees
And tuneful sound of waters?
Didst thou hope,

When Heaven's pure seed should blossom in the soil Of the far Illinois, again to sit
Around that fire-side and recount thy toils,
And mingle prayers with those who fondly nursed
Thy tender infancy? Now there are tears
In that abode, whene'er thy cherished name
Breaks from the trembling lip. Oh! ye who mourn
With hoary temples o'er the smitten son,
Slain in his Saviour's service, know that pain
Shall never vex him more. Peril and change,
And winter's blast, and summer's sultry ray,

And sinful snare, what are they now to him But dim-remembered names. If 't were so sweet To have a son on earth, where every ill Might point a sword against his heart, and pierce Your own through his, are ye not doubly blest To have a son in Heaven?

THE LITTLE HAND.

Thou wak'st, my baby boy, from sleep, And through its silken fringe Thine eye, like violet, pure and deep, Gleams forth with azure tinge.

With what a smile of gladness meek
Thy radiant brow is drest,
While fondly to a mother's cheek
Thy lip and hand are prest.

That little hand! what prescient wit Its history may discern, When time its tiny bones hath knit With manhood's sinews stern?

The artist's pencil shall it guide?
Or spread the adventurous sail?
Or guide the plough with rustic pride,
And ply the sounding flail?

Though music's labyrinthine maze,
With dexterous ardour rove,
And weave those tender, tuneful lays
That beauty wins from love?

Old Coke's or Blackstone's mighty tome, With patient toil turn o'er? Or trim the lamp in classic dome, 'Till midnight's watch be o'er? Well skilled the pulse of sickness press?
Or such high honour gain,
As o'er the pulpit raised to bless
A pious, listening train?

Say, shall it find the cherished grasp
 Of friendship's fervour cold?
 Or shuddering feel the envenomed clasp
 Of treachery's serpent-fold?

Yet oh! may that Almighty Friend, From whom existence came, That dear and powerless hand defend From deeds of guilt and shame.

Grant it to dry the tear of woe, Bold folly's course restrain, The alms of sympathy bestow, The righteous cause maintain;

Write wisdom on the wing of time, Even 'mid the morn of youth, And with benevolence sublime, Dispense the light of truth,

Discharge a just, an useful part
Through life's uncertain maze,
Till, coupled with an angel's heart,
It strike the lyre of praise.

HEBREW DIRGE.

"Mourn for the living, and not for the dead." Hebrew Dirge.

I saw an infant, marble cold,
Borne from the pillowing breast,
And in the shroud's embracing fold
Laid down to dreamless rest;
And moved with bitterness I sighed,
Not for the babe that slept,
But for the mother at its side,
Whose soul in anguish wept.

They bare a coffin to its place,
I asked them who was there?
And they replied "a form of grace,
The fairest of the fair."
But for that blest one do ye moan,
Whose angel-wing is spread?
No, for the lover pale and lone,
His heart is with the dead.

I wandered to a new-made grave,
And there a matron lay,
The love of Him who died to save,
Had been her spirit's stay,
Yet sobs burst forth of torturing pain;
Wail ye for her who died?

No, for that timid, infant train Who roam without a guide.

I murmur not for those who die,
Who rise to glory's sphere,
I deem the tenants of the sky
Need not our mortal tear,
Our woe seems arrogant and vain,
Perchance it moves their scorn,
As if the slave beneath his chain,
Deplored the princely born.

We live to meet a thousand foes,
We shrink with bleeding breast,
Why shall we weakly mourn for those
Who dwell in perfect rest?
Bound for a few sad, fleeting years
A thorn-clad path to tread,
Oh! for the living spare those tears
Ye lavish on the dead.

ON LAYING THE CORNER-STONE OF THE MONUMENT TO THE MOTHER OF WASHINGTON.

Long hast thou slept unnoted. Nature stole In her soft ministry around thy hed, Spreading her vernal tissue, violet-gemmed, And pearled with dews.

She bade bright Summer bring Gifts of frankincense, with sweet song of birds, And Autumn cast his reaper's coronet Down at thy feet, and storiny Winter speak Sternly of man's neglect.

But now we come To do thee homage—mother of our chief! Fit homage—such as honoureth him who pays.

Methinks we see thee—as in olden time—Simple in garb—majestic and serene,
Unmoved by pomp or circumstance—in truth
Inflexible, and with a Spartan zeal
Repressing vice, and making folly grave.
Thou didst not deem it woman's part to waste
Life in inglorious sloth—to sport awhile
Amid the flowers, or on the summer wave,
There fleet, like the ephemeron, away,
Building no temple in her children's hearts,
Save to the vanity and pride of life
Which she had worshipped.

For the might that clothed The "Pater Patriæ," for the glorious deeds That make Mount Vernon's tomb a Mecca shrine For all the earth, what thanks to thee are due, Who, 'mid his elements of being, wrought, We know not—Heaven can tell.

Rise, sculptured pile!

And show a race unborn, who rests below,
And say to mothers what a holy charge
Is theirs—with what a kingly power their love
Might rule the fountains of the new-born mind.
Warn them to wake at early dawn—and sow
Good seed, before the world hath sown her tares;
Nor in their toil decline—that angel-bands
May put the sickle in and reap for God,
And gather to his garner.

Ye, who stand,
With thrilling breast, to view her trophied praise,
Who nobly reared Virginia's godlike chief—
Ye, whose last thought upon your nightly couch,
Whose first at waking, is your cradled son,
What though no high ambition prompts to rear
A second Washington; or leave your name
Wrought out in marble with a nation's tears
Of deathless gratitude—yet may you raise
A monument above the stars—a soul
Led by your teachings, and your prayers to God.

THE DYING MOTHER'S PRAYER.

I HEARD the voice of prayer—a mother's prayer—
A dying mother, for her ouly son.
Young was his brow, and fair.
Her hand was on his head,
Her words of love were said,
Her work was done.

And there were other voices near her bed—
Sweet, bird-like voices—for their mother dear
Asking, with mournful tear.
Ah, by whose hand shall those sad tears be dried,
When one brief hour is fled,
And her's shall pulseless rest, low with the silent dead.

Yes, there was Death's dark valley drear and cold!

And the hoarse dash of Jordan's swelling wave,
Alone she treads: is there no earthly hold,
No friend—no helper—no strong arm to save!

Down to the fearful grave,
In the firm courage of a faith serene,
Alone she prest—

And as she drew the chord
That bound her to the Lord
More closely round her breast,
The white wing of the waiting angel spread
More palpably, and earth's bright things grew pale.
Even fond affection's wail

Seemed like the far-off sigh of spring's forgotten gale,

And so the mother's prayer,
So often breathed above,
In agonizing love,
Rose high in praise of God's protecting care.
Meek on his arm her infant charge she laid,
And, with a trusting eye,
Of christian constancy,
Confiding in her blest Redeemer's aid,
She taught the weeping band
Who round her couch of pain did stand,
How a weak woman's hand,
Fettered with sorrow and with sin,
Might from the King of Terror's win
The victory.

DREAM OF THE DEAD.

SLEEP brought the dead to me. Their brows were kind,
And their tones tender, and, as erst they blent
Their sympathies with each familiar scene.
It was my earthliness that robed them still
In their material vestments, for they seemed
Not yet to have put their glorious garments on.
Methought, 'twere better thus to dwell with them,
Than with the living.

'Twas a chosen friend,
Beloved in school-days' happiness, who came,
And put her arm through mine, and meekly walked,
As she was wont, where'er I willed to lead,
To shady grove or river's sounding shore,
Or dizzy cliff, to gaze enthralled below
On wide-spread landscape and diminished throng.

One, too, was there, o'er whose departing steps Night's cloud hung heavy ere she found the tomb; One, to whose ear no infant lip, save mine, E'er breathed the name of mother.

In her hour

Of conflict with the spoiler, that fond word
Fell with my tears upon her brow in vain—
She heard not, heeded not. But now she flew,
Upon the wing of dreams, to my embrace,
Full of fresh life, and in that beauty clad
Which charmed my earliest love. Speak, silent shade!
Speak to thy child! But with capricious haste
Sleep turned the tablet, and another came,

A stranger-matron, sicklied o'er and pale,
And mournful for my vanished guide I sought.

Then, many a group, in carnest converse flocked, Upon whose lips I knew the burial-clay Lay deep, for I had heard its hollow sound, In hoarse reverberation, "dust to dust!"

They put a fair, young infant in my arms, And that was of the dead. Yet still it seemed Like other infants. First with fear it shrank, And then in changeful gladness smiled, and spread Its little hands in sportive laughter forth. So I awoke, and then those gentle forms Of faithful friendship and maternal love Did flit away, and life, with all its cares, Stood forth in strong reality.

Sweet dream!

And solemn, let me bear thee in my soul Throughout the live-long day, to subjugate My earth-born hope. I how me at your names, Sinless and passionless and pallid train! The seal of truth is on your breasts, ye dead! Ye may not swerve, nor from your vows recede, Nor of your faith make shipwreck. Scarce a point Divides you from us, though we fondly look Through a long vista of imagined years, And in the dimness of far distance, seek To hide that tomb, whose crumbling verge we tread

TO BEREAVED PARENTS.

TENDER guides, in sorrow weeping,
O'er your first-born's smitten bloom,
Or fond memory's vigil keeping
Where the fresh turf marks her tomb.

Ye no more shall see her bearing
Pangs that woke the dove-like moan,
Still for your affliction caring,
Though forgetful of her own.

Ere the bitter cup she tasted, Which the hand of care doth bring— Ere the glittering pearls were wasted, From glad childhood's fairy string,

Ere one chain of hope had rusted— Ere one wreath of joy was dead— To the Saviour, whom she trusted, Strong in faith, her spirit fled.

Gone—where no dark sin is cherished,
Where nor woes, nor fears invade,
Gone—ere youth's first flower had perished,
To a youth that ne'er can fade.

THE SEA.

Emblem of everlasting power, I come
Into thy presence, as an awe-struck child
Before its teacher. Spread thy boundless page,
And I will ponder o'er its characters,
As erst the pleased disciple sought the lore
Of Socrates or Plato. You old rock
Hath heard thy voice for ages, and grown grey
Beneath thy smitings, and thy wrathful tide
Even now is thundering 'neath its caverned base.
Methinks it trembleth at the stern rebuke—
Is it not so?

Speak gently, mighty sea! I would not know the terrors of thine ire That vex the gasping mariner, and bid The wrecking argosy to leave no trace Or bubble where it perished. Man's weak voice, Though wildly lifted in its proudest strength With all its compass—all its volumed sound, Is mockery to thee. Earth speaks of him—Her levelled mountains—and her cultured vales, Town, tower and temple, and triumphal arch, All speak of him, and moulder while they speak.

But of whose architecture and design
Tell thine eternal fountains, when they rise
To combat with the cloud, and when they fall?
Of whose strong culture tell thy sunless plants
And groves and gardens, which no mortal eye
Hath seen and lived?

What chisel's art hath wrought Those coral monuments, and tombs of pearl, Where sleeps the sea-boy 'mid a pomp that earth Ne'er showed her buried kings?

Whose science stretched

The simplest line to curb thy monstrous tide, And graving "Hitherto" upon the sand, Bade thy mad surge respect it?

From whose loom

Come forth thy drapery, that ne'er waxeth old, Nor blancheth 'neath stern Winter's direst frost?

Who hath thy keys, thou deep? Who taketh note
Of all thy wealth? Who numbereth the host
That find their rest with thee? What eye doth scan
Thy secret annal, from creation locked
Close in those dark, unfathomable cells—
Which he who visiteth, hath ne'er returned
Among the living?

Still but one reply?

Do all thine echoing depths and crested waves
Make the same answer?—of that One Dread Name—
Which he, who deepest plants within his heart,
Is wisest, though the world may call him fool.

Therefore, I come a listener to thy lore And bow me at thy side, and lave my brow In thy cool billow, if, perchance, my soul, That fleeting wanderer on the shore of time, May, by thy voice instructed, learn of God.

THE SECOND BIRTH-DAY.

Thou dost not dream, my little one,
How great the change must be,
These two years, since the morning sun
First shed his beams on thee;
Thy little hands did helpless fall,
As with a stranger's fear,
And a faint, wailing cry, was all
That met thy mother's ear.

But now, the dictates of thy will
Thine active feet obey,
And pleased thy busy fingers still
Among thy playthings stray,
And thy full eyes delighted rove
The pictured page along,
And, lisping to the heart of love,
Thy thousand wishes throng.

Fair boy! the wanderings of thy way,
It is not mine to trace,
Through buoyant youth's exulting day,
Or manhood's bolder race,
What discipline thy heart may need,
What clouds may veil thy sun,
The Eye of God, alone can read,
And let his will be done,

Yet might a mother's prayer of love Thy destiny control, Those boasted gifts, that often prove
The ruin of the soul,
Beauty and fortune, wit and fame,
For thee it would not crave,
But tearful urge a fervent claim
To joys beyond the grave.

Oh! be thy wealth an upright heart,
Thy strength the sufferer's stay,
Thine early choice, that better part,
Which cannot fade away;
Thy zeal for Christ a quenchless fire,
Thy friends the men of peace,
Thy heritage an angel's lyre,
When earthly changes cease.

ON A PICTURE OF PENITENCE.

Ave, look to Heaven. Earth seems to lend Refuge nor ray thy steps to guide, Bids pity with suspicion blend, And slander check compassion's tide.

We will not ask what thorn bath found Admittance to thy bosom fair, If love bath dealt a traitor's wound, Or hopeless folly wake despair:

We only say, that sinless clime,

To which is raised thy streaming eye,
Hath pardon for the deepest crime,

Though erring man the boon deny:

We only say, the prayerful breast,
The gushing tear of contrite pain,
Have power to ope that portal blest,
Where vaunting pride doth toil in vain.

THE ARK AND DOVE.

"Tell me a story-please," my little girl Lisped from her cradle. So I bent me down And told her how it rained, and rained, and rained, Till all the flowers were covered; and the trees Hid their tall heads, and where the houses stood, And people dwelt, a fearful deluge rolled; Because the world was wicked, and refused To heed the words of God. But one good man, Who long had warned the wicked to repent, Obey and live, taught by the voice of Heaven, Had built an Ark, and thither, with his wife And children, turned for safety. Two and two, Of beasts and birds, and creeping things he took, With food for all, and when the tempest roared, And the great fountains of the sky poured out A ceaseless flood, till all beside were drowned, They in their quiet vessel dwelt secure. And so the mighty waters bare them up, And o'er the bosom of the deep they sailed For many days. But then a gentle dove 'Scaped from the casement of the Ark, and spread Her lonely pinion o'er that boundless wave. All, all was desolation. Chirping nest, Nor face of man, nor living thing she saw, For all the people of the earth were drowned, Because of disobedience. Nought she spied Save wide, dark waters, and a frowning sky, Nor found her weary foot a place of rest.

So, with a leaf of olive in her mouth,
Sole fruit of her drear voyage, which, perchance,
Upon some wrecking billow floated by,
With drooping wing the peaceful Ark she sought.
The righteous man that wandering dove received,
And to her mate restored, who, with sad moans,
Had wondered at her absence.

Then I looked
Upon the child, to see if her young thought
Wearied with following mine. But her blue eye
Was a glad listener, and the eager breath
Of pleased attention curled her parted lip.
And so I told her how the waters dried,
And the green branches waved, and the sweet buds
Came up in loveliness, and that meek dove
Went forth to build her nest, while thousand birds
Awoke their songs of praise, and the tired Ark
Upon the breezy breast of Ararat
Reposed, and Noah, with glad spirit, reared
An altar to his God.

Since, many a time, When to her rest, ere evening's earliest star, That little one is laid, with earnest tone, And pure cheek prest to mine, she fondly asks "The Ark and Dove."

Mothers can tell how oft
In the heart's eloquence, the prayer goes up
From a sealed lip, and tenderly hath blent
With the warm teaching of the sacred tale
A voiceless wish, that when that timid soul,
New in the rosy mesh of infancy,
Fast bound, shall dare the billows of the world,
Like that exploring Dove, and find no rest,
A pierced, a pitying, a redeeming Hand
May gently guide it to the Ark of peace.

SIR WALTER SCOTT.

Magician of old Scotia's clime,
The sweet, the powerful, the sublime,
Whose lyre could rule even wrinkled care,
And stir the reverie of Despair,
Who shall its broken strings repair?
Who wake the lay, so high resounding
With clash of lance and war-horse bounding,
And bannered host, with trumpet shrieking,
And battle-field, in carnage reeking?
Who touch with cadence, soft and clear,
The minstrel song to lady's ear,
While the young moonbeam faintly throws
Its silver light o'er fair Melrose.

Then haughty Marmion's fitful strife,
The canvas glowing into life,
The gliding bark from hallowed shore,
That Hilda's cloistered maidens bore,
The dungeon vault, the stifled wail,
The sightless judge, the victim pale,
King James, amid the festive throng,
The wily Lady Heron's song,
The marshalled field, the stirring drum,
The smoke-wrapped hosts, that rushing come,
The fallen knight's forsaken sigh,
His reinless war-steed sweeping by—
Thy mighty strain the palm hath won
From earthquake-echoing Marathon,

And flaming Ilion's horrors yield To pictured Flodden's fatal field.

Hush! 'tis old Alan's plaintive lay,
That faithful harper, sad and gray,
Hark! to black Roderick's boastful song,
That rolls the trosach-glens along,
And lo! with proud, unbending frame,
Comes Douglas forth, with Malcolm Graeme,
While she, by whose light footstep prest,
The uncrushed harebell rears its breast,
With brow averted, blushing, hears
A father's praise to lover's ears.

The spell is broke, the illusion fled,
And he, whose strong, enchanting wand
Made the rude mountains of his land,
The tiny lake, the tangled dell,
And outlaw's cave, and hermit's cell,
A classic haunt, a Mecca shrine,
To pilgrim throngs, a Palestine,

Is with the dead.

THE NINETIETH BIRTH-DAY.

How seems the wide expanse, respected sage,
The broad horizon of life's troubled sky?
The lengthened course from infancy to age,
How gleams its chart on Wisdom's pausing eye?

Thou, who didst see our infant country start

To giant strife from cradle sleep, serene,
How strikes that drama on the heaven-taught heart
That calmly weighs the actor and the scene?

How seem the gaudes that tempt ambition's trust?
The hero's pomp, the banner proud unfurled?
The sculptured trophy o'er the nameless dust?
The insatiate tear, that scorns a conquered world?

Those boasted gifts that kindle passion's power
To fitful fires of momentary ray?
Those dreaded woes, that wake at midnight-hour
The prayer—" Oh father! take this eup away."

How seem they all? Forgive the intrusive strain, We, fleeting emmets, withering ere our prime, Would fain one deep, ennobling vision gain, Through thy majestic telescope of time.

Those, who with thee the race of life begun, The fair, the strong, the exquisitely blest, Have faded from thy presence, one by one, And sunk, o'erwearied, to an earlier rest.

Alone, subline, and tending toward the sky!
Thus towers Mont Blane above the hoary train,
Wins the first smile of day's refulgent eye,
And latest throws its radiance o'er the plain.

ON THE DEATH OF DR. ADAM CLARKE.

Know ye a prince hath fallen? They who sit On gilded throne, with rubied diadem, Caparisoned and guarded round, till death Doth stretch them 'neath some gorgeous canopy, Yet leave no foot-prints in the realm of mind—Call them not kings—they are but crowned men. Know ye a prince hath fallen?

Nature gave

The signet of her royalty, and years
Of mighty labour won that sceptred power
Of knowledge, which from unborn ages claims
Homage and empire, such as time's keen tooth
May never waste. Yea,—and the grace of God
So witnessed with his spirit, so impelled
To deeds of christian love, that there is reared
A monument for him, which hath no dread
Of that fierce flame which wreeks the solid earth.

I see him 'mid the Shetlands, spreading forth The riches of the Gospel—kneeling down To light its lamp in every darkened hut:— Not in the armour of proud learning braced, But with a towel girded—as to wash The feet of those whom earthly princes scorn. I see him lead the rugged islander, Even as a brother, to the Lamb of God, Counting his untaught soul more precious far Than all the lore of all the lettered world.

I hear his eloquence—but deeper still, And far more eloquent, there comes a dirge O'er the hoarse wave. "All that we boast of man, Is as the flower of grass."

Farewell—Farewell!
Pass on with Wesley, and with all the great
And good of every nation. Yea!—pass on
Where the cold name of sect, which sometimes throws
Unholy shadow o'er the heaven-warmed breast,
Doth melt to nothingness—and every surge
Of warring doctrine, in whose eddying depths,
Earth's charity was drowned, is sweetly lost
In the broad ocean of eternal love.

Y*

INTEMPERANCE.

Parent! who with speechless feeling,
O'er thy cradle treasure bent—
Found each year new claims revealing,
Yet thy wealth of love unspent:
Hast thou seen that blossom blighted,
By a dire, untimely frost?
All thy labour unrequited—
Every glorious promise lost?

Wife! with agony unspoken,
Shrinking from Affliction's rod,
Is thy prop, thine idol broken,
Fondly trusted, next to God?
Husband! o'er thy hope a mourner;
Of thy chosen friend ashamed:
Hast thou to her burial borne her,
Unrepentant, unreclaimed?

Child! in tender weakness turning
To thy heaven-appointed guide:
Doth a lava-poison burning,
Tinge with gall affection's tide
Still that orphan-burden bearing,
Darker than the grave can show,
Dost thou bow thee down despairing,
To a heritage of woe?

Country! on thy sons depending,
Strong in manhood, bright in bloom:
Hast thou seen thy pride descending,
Shrouded to the unhonoured tomb?
Rise!—on eagle-pinion soaring,
Rise!—like one of god-like birth,
And Jehovah's aid imploring,
Sweep the spoiler from the earth,

THOUGHTS AT THE FUNERAL OF A RESPECTED FRIEND.

THAT solemn knell, whose mournful call
Strikes on the heart, I heard.
I saw the sable pall

Covering the form revered.

And lo! his father's race, the ancient, and the blest, Unlock the dim sepulchral halls, where silently they rest,

And to the unsaluting tomb,

Curtained round with rayless gloom, He entereth in, a wearied guest.

To his bereaved abode, the fireside chair,
The holy, household prayer,
Affection's watchful zeal, his life that blest,
The tuneful lips that soothed his pain,
With the dear name of "Father" thrilling through his breast,

He cometh not again.

Flowers in his home bloom fair, The evening taper sparkles clear,

The intellectual banquet waiteth there,

Which his heart held so dear.

The tenderness and grace

That make religion beautiful, still spread

Their sainted wings to guard the place-

Alluring friendship's frequent tread.

Still seeks the stranger's foot that hospitable door, But he, the husband and the sire, returneth never more.

His was the upright deed,
His the unswerving course,
'Mid every thwarting current's force,
Unchanged by venal aim, or flattery's hollow reed:
The holy truth walked ever by his side,
And in his bosom dwelt, companion, judge, and guide.

But when disease revealed
To his unclouded eye
The stern destroyer standing nigh,
Where turned he for a shield?
Wrapt he the robe of stainless rectitude
Around his breast to meet cold Jordan's flood?
Grasped he the staff of pride
His steps through death's dark vale to guide?
Ah no! self-righteousness he cast aside,
Clasping, with firm and fearless faith, the cross of Him who died.

Serene, serene,

He pressed the crumbling verge of this terrestrial scene,
Breathed soft, in childlike trust,
The parting groan,
Gave back to dust its dust—
To heaven its own.

THE BAPTISM.

'Twas near the close of that blest day, when, with melodious swell,

To crowded mart and lonely vale, had spoke the Sabbathbell;

And on a broad, unruffled stream, with bordering verdure bright,

The westering sunbeam richly shed a tinge of crimson light.

When, lo! a solemn train appeared, by their loved pastor led, And sweetly rose the holy hymn, as toward that stream they sped,

And he its cleaving, crystal breast, with graceful movement trod.

His steadfast eye upraised, to seek communion with its God.

Then bending o'er his staff, approached that willow-fringed shore,

A man of many weary years, with furrowed temples hoar, And faintly breathed his trembling lip—"Behold, I fain

would be

Buried in baptism with my Lord, ere death shall summon me."

With brow benign, like Him whose hand did wavering Peter guide,

The pastor bore his tottering frame through that translucent tide,

- And plunged him 'neath the shrouding wave, and spake the Triune name,
- And joy upon that withered face, in wondering radiance came.
- And then advanced a lordly form, in manhood's towering pride,
- Who from the gilded snares of earth had wisely turned aside,
- And following in *His* steps, who bowed to Jordan's startled wave,
- In deep humility of soul, faithful this witness gave.
- Who next?—A fair and fragile form, in snowy robe doth move,
- That tender beauty in her eye that wakes the vow of love—Yea, come, thou gentle one, and arm thy soul with strength divine,
- This stern world hath a thousand darts to vex a breast like thine.
- Beneath its smile a traitor's kiss is oft in darkness bound— Cling to that Comforter, who holds a balm for every wound; Propitiate that Protector's care, who never will forsake,
- And thou shalt strike the harp of praise, even when thy heartstrings break.
- Then with a firm, unshrinking step, the watery path she trod, And gave, with woman's deathless trust, her being to her God,
- And when all drooping from the flood she rose, like lily-stem, Methought that spotless brow might wear an angel's diadem.
- Yet more! Yet more!—How meek they bow to their Redeemer's rite,
- Then pass with music on their way, like joyous sons of light;

Yet, lingering on those shores I staid, till every sound was hushed,

For hallowed musings o'er my soul, like spring-swollen rivers rushed.

'Tis better, said the Voice within, to bear a Christian's cross, Than sell this fleeting life for gold, which Death shall prove but dross,

Far better, when yon shrivelled skies are like a banner furled,

To share in Christ's reproach, than gain the glory of the world.

WORKS

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The book has enough of fiction to enliven the fancy and gratify the curiosity of youth, who might not otherwise read it; while it conveys lessons of piety, and arguments for the man of understanding. We wish that many a lovely Jewess could be persuaded to read "Miriam."—The Philadelphian.

The work altogether deserves to stand high in the class of productions to which it belongs .- Episcopal Recorder.

When we see a book which bears the imprint of Key & Biddle, we are always sure to see a handsome one. In this case, we can give as high praise to the matter as we can to the mechanical execution.

"Influence" was one of the very best of that class of religious novels lately so prevalent in England; and its gifted young author has even improved upon herself, in this affecting and powerful story. She has aken that touching incident, well known through the medium of our tracts, of a Jewish maiden who, on her dying bed, won over her reluctant father to the religion of the Jesus he

It was a subject too good to be left unimproved, and in "Miriam" has been embalmed, one of the most beautiful and delicate religious narratives we have ever read. No one whose feelings and sympathies are uncorrupted, can peruse this touching tale, without feeling a strong interest, and that sympathy which will sometimes melt them into tears. Upon the publication of Miriam in London, it quickly ran through three editions, and we doubt not it will attain a co-extensive popularity here, where there is more freshness of the feelings, and a more deeply imbued spirit of rational piety, to appreciate the fine tone of religious spirit which pervades it .- N. Y. Com. Adv.

AIDS TO MENTAL DEVELOPMENT, or Hints to Parents. Being a System of Mental and Moral Instruction, exemplified in Conversations between a Mother and her Children, with an Address to Mothers. By a Lady of Philadelphia.

A MANUAL ON THE SABBATH; embracing a consideration of its Perpetual Obligation, Change of Day, Utility and Duties. By John Holmes Agnew, Professor of Languages, Washington College, Washington, Pa. With an Introductory Essay, by Dr. Miller, of Princeton, N. J.

COUNSELS FROM THE AGED TO THE YOUNG. Dr. Alexander.

THE PHILOSOPHY OF A FUTURE STATE. By Thomas Dick, author of the Christian Philosopher, &c.

TODD'S JOHNSON'S DICTIONARY OF THE ENGLISH LANGUAGE. To which is added, a copious Vocabulary of Greck, Latin, and Scriptural Proper Names, divided into syllables, and accented for pronunciation. By Thomas Rees, LL.D., F.R.S.A. The above Dictionary will make a beautiful pocket volume, same size as Young Man's Own Book.

MEMORANDA OF A RESIDENCE AT THE COURT OF LONDON. By Richard Rush, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary from the United States of America; from 1817 to Second edition, revised and enlarged.

PAROCHIAL LECTURES ON THE LAW AND THE GOS-PEL. By Stephen H. Tyng, D.D., Rector of St. Paul's Church, Philadelphia.

THE CHRISTIAN PHILOSOPHER, or the Connection of Science and Philosophy with Religion. By Thomas Dick.

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THE IMPROVEMENT OF SOCIETY, by the Diffusion of Knowledge; or an Illustration of the advantages which would result from a general dissemination of rational and scientific information among all ranks. Illustrated with engravings. By Thomas Dick, LL.D., author of Philosophy of a Future State, &c.

THE PIECE BOOK, comprising Choice Specimens of Poetry and Eloquence, intended to be transcribed or committed to memory.

MEMOIRS OF HORTENSE BEAUHARNAIS, DUCHESS OF ST. LEU AND EX-QUEEN OF HOLLAND.

This is an interesting account of a conspicuous character. She was the daughter of Josephine Beauharnais, alias, or afterwards, Josephine Bonaparte, former wife of Napoleon of France; and she became the wife of Louis Bonaparte, the ex-king of Holland. Of those who have figured at large on the great theatre of life, at one of the most memorable cras in history, many interesting anecdotes are given. We can safely recommend this work to the reading public. American Sentinel.

No one of all those distinguished personages who occupied so large a space in the world's eye, from their connexion with Napoleon, presents a story of deeper interest than the amiable and accomplished subject of these memoirs. Possessing all the grace and fascination of manner, which so eminently characterized her mother, the Empress Josephine, she has a strength and cultivation of intelher mother, the Empress Josephine, she has a strength and cultivation of inter-lect; an extent and variety of knowledge; and a philosophic fortitude which the Empress never could boast. Unhappy in her marriage, she was yet a de-voted wife and fond mother; and though gifted with every quality to adorn royalty, she willingly withdrew to the shades of private life, resigning the crown she had embellished without a murmur. Many of the details of this work will be found deeply interesting, and the notes are copious and instructing. The translator has faithfully preserved the spirit of his original—Schwedow Courier.

of his original .- Saturday Courier.

BY KENT BIDDLE.

HARPE'S HEAD, A LEGEND OF KENTUCKY.

By JAMES HALL, Esq. author of Legends of the West, &c. &c.

It is an able production, characteristic of the writer's eminent talents, and abounding with narratives and sketches of absorbing interest. The history of Harpe forms the ground-work of the tale, the incidents of which are developed with much skill and effect .- Philad. Gazette.

Harpe's Head is one of the most interesting stories with which we are ac-

quainted .- Daily Chronicle.

Judge Hall is among the most popular of American writers, and in the present production, has given another proof of the felicity of his genius. It abounds with narratives and sketches of deep interest, relating to the early periods of the settlement of Kentucky.—*N. Y. Com. Adv.*

the settlement of Kentucky.—N. Y. Com. Adv.

Mr. James Hall, a native of Philadelphia, and favorably known as the author of Legends of the West, has just published a new work, entitled "Harpe's Hean, A Legend of Kentucky." It is well calculated to add to his fame, and though it bears evidences of being a hasty composition, reflects great credit upon the author. It is the story of Micajah Harpe, a Kentuckian Freebooter, and the scene changes from Virginia, in the olden time, to Ohio and Kentucky. The account of a Virginia Barbece is so well and naturally executed, that it is the specific of the property of the second of the property of the second of the property of the second of the property of must become a favorite. It is here inserted as a favorable specimen of the work. Miss Pendleton is altogether lovely.—Poulson's Daily Adv. With the ordinary characters which must be found in such a composition, we

have one quite original being, in the person of "Hark Short, the snake-killer;" and the production, as a whole, forms one of the most engaging volumes that we have met with. To its other merits we should not omit to add that, like other writings from the same pen, it is distinguished by an unobtrusive tone of the purest moral sentiment.—Penn. Inquirer.

We cheerfully commend this work to the attention of our readers, assuring them that they will be amused, entertained, and instructed by its perusal—they will find Indian warfare,—savage modes of life—the difficulties and dangers experienced by the early pioneers in the "far, far west"—delineated with a master kand, in language glowing, vivid, and natural.—National Banner.

WACOUSTA, OR THE PROPHECY;

A TALE OF THE CANADAS. 2 vols.

This work is of a deeply interesting character, and justly lays claim to be of the highest cast. We think it decidedly superior to any production of the kind which has recently emanated from the press. It abounds with thrilling scenes, and the author has displayed a power of delineation rarely surpassed .- Daily In-

telligencer.

We have read it, and unhesitatingly pronounce it one of the most deeply in-teresting works of fiction which has met our eye for many a month. It is a historical novel-the scenes of which are laid principally at Detroit and Mackina -and some of the tragic events which those places witnessed in the early settlement of the country, are given with historic accuracy-particularly the massacre of Mackina.—The author is evidently conversant with Indian stratagem and with Indian eloquence; and has presented us with specimens of both, truly characteristic of the untutored savage. We would gladly present our readers with an extract from this interesting work, did our limits permit. In lieu of an extract, however, we commend the work itself to them .- Commercial Herald.

The principal personage of this novel is a savage chief, and the story of his retreat, bearing off captive the daughter of the Governor, is told with thrilling effect. It is well written throughout, and abounds with interesting scenes.-

Com. Adv.

THE YOUNG LADY'S SUNDAY BOOK;

A Practical Manual of the Christian Duties of Piety, Benevolence, and Self-government. Prepared with particular reference

to the Formation of the Female Character. By the author of "The Young Man's Own Book." Philadelphia. Key & Biddle, 1833. 32mo. pp. 312.

We have read many of the selections in this little volume, and have met with nothing objectionable—Generally, the style is pure, easy, and pleasing, and the matter good, well calculated for the purpose for which the work is intended, and we cheerfully recommend it to the persons for whom it is principally designed, as profitable for instruction,—Episcopal Recorder.

A most attractive little volume in its appearance—and in this age of sweeping frivolity in literature, of far superior excellence in its contents. Certainly some

such manual was required for the closet—when novels and light reading of every description have so ruled paramount in the drawing-room. We can give it no higher praise than to say that the extracts are of a character to accomplish all that the title-page holds out .- N. Y. Com. Adv.

A collection of excellent sentiments from approved authors, and adapted partice-larly to the formation of the female character. The chapters are short, and embrace a great variety of subjects of religious tendency, and altogether the book is replete with instruction. It is illustrated by two pretty engravings.—Pres-

byterian.

As the public feeling now runs, the publishers of this little work have done well by their effort to keep it in a proper channel. The Young Lady's Sunday Book is altogether practical in its character, and consisting, as it does, of short

pieces, takes a wide range in its subjects.

It is calculated to do good, and we should be happy to see the principles inculcated in the portions we have read become the ruling principles of all.—Journal

Messrs, Key & Biddle have just issued a volume of the most heautiful kind, entitled The Young Lady's Sunday Book. It is full of pure, didactic matter, the fruits of a pious and gifted mind; and while the clearness and light of its pages commend them to the eye, the truth of the precepts finds its way to the heart. The work can be unlesitatingly praised, as worthy in all respects. The embellishments are finished and tasteful. "Medilation," the frontispiece, from the burin of Ellis, would add a grace to any annual. We trust Messrs. Key & Biddle receive a fiberal patronage from the religious community, for we know of no booksellers in this country who issue more good volumes calculated to subserve the improved interest of wan. Biddle (1989) the immortal interests of man .- Philad. Gaz.

TRANSATLANTIC SKETCHES.

Comprising visits to the most interesting scenes in North America, and the West Indies, with Notes on Negro Slavery and Canadian Emigration. By Capt. J. E. Alexander, 42d Royal Highlanders, F. R. G. S. M. R. A. S. &c. author of Travels in Ava, Persia, &c.

We are happy to have the opportunity afforded us of noticing such a book of travels as that called Transatlantic Sketches .- American Sentinel.

One of the most interesting and instructive works that has appeared for some time, has just been issued from the press of Key & Eiddle, entitled Transat-

lantic Sketches .- Penn, Inquirer.

We wish we had room to speak of this volume according to our high opinion of its merit, and to make the reader acquainted with the style and spirit of the writer, by presenting some extracts. Captain Alexander, as a narrator of what he sees and hears, has hit our taste exactly. We do not feel like a reader, but a fellow-traveler—not in company with a dult, prosing fellow, but with a gentleman of life and spirit, of wit and learning. Upon the whole, we commend the book to the public, as one of the very best of the numerous recent publications of travels that here here early taste. of travels that have been sent forth .- Com. Herald.

THE RELIGIOUS SOUVENIR:

A Christmas, New-Year's, and Birth-Day Present for 1834. Edited by G. T. Bedell, D.D., illustrated with eight splendid steel engravings.

BY KEY & BIDDLE.

A volume, too, which does not degrade or disgrace the subject—a volume destined, not to pass away with the winter-greens that adorn our Christmas parlors, but to maintain a lasting hold on the attention of the Christian community, at least so long as good taste and good sense shall have any vote in the selection of books. We have read the volume carefully, and do not hesitate to pronounce it one of unusual interest as well as solid merit.—U. S. Gazette,

Messrs. Key & Biddle have made a valuable present to religious parents, guardians, and friends, in this elegant little volume. Why should all our gifts on these occasions be worldly, or worse? And why should religious truth always shun the aids of beautiful ornament? The embellishments are attractive, well selected, and well executed. The various papers which compose the volume are serious, tasteful, alluring, imbued with the spirit of the gospel, in a word, such as we should have expected from one so zealous for the cause of Christ, and so inventive of happy thoughts as the Rev. Editor. This annual may be safely recommended to the Christian public.—The Presbyterian.

To all, therefore, who desire intellectual improvement, and, at the same time, the gratification of a true taste—and to all who would make a really valuable present to their friends, we would say, in conclusion, go and procure the *Retitions Sourceurs*. It is not merely a brilliant little ornament for the parlor centretable, but a book worthy of a place in every sensible man's library.—Cincinnati Inquirer.

The typography, embellishments, and general appearance of the work, render it fully equal in these respects to any of the kind published in our country, while its subjects are far more suitable for the contemplation of Christians, than the light reading with which most of them are filled—Episcopal Recorder.

The articles are not only interesting, but calculated to produce a beneficial effect upon the minds of those who read it, therefore, a very proper work for the purpose for which it is designed, and hope it may meet with an extensive sale,—Baltimore Republican.

In the general character of those fashionable, and as to appearance, attractive volumes, the annuals, there is so much that is trashy and unprofitable, that it was with no little misgiving we looked into the pages of one which is now before us, entitled "The Religious Souvenir." The matter is altogether of a religious and moral tendency, not chargeable with sectarian bias, and such as the most scrupulous need not hesitate to admit into family reading.—The Friend.

This little work is intended to furnish what was heretofore wanted—a Christmas and New-Year's offering, which may be bestowed and accepted by the most scrapulous.—*Pittsburg Gazette*.

We are happy to announce the tasteful appearance and valuable matter of the Religious Souvenir for 1834. Dr. Bedell is as much distinguished for his helles-lettres attainment, as for the profoundness of his scholarship and the purity of his notives. He has found himself at home in this tasteful enterprise, and in good company with the associated talent of the contributors to his beautiful pages.—N. Y. Weekly Messenger.

Messrs. Key & Biddle have published a handsome little volume, entitled Religious Souvenir, and edited by the Rev. Dr. Bedell. It is embellished with beautiful engravings, and printed with elegance. The literary contents are very good, soundly pions, and free of all invidious remark or allusion. True Christianity is that which purifies the heart, liberalizes the feelings, and amends the conduct.—National Gazette.

We are free to confess our admiration of this lovely volume. It is decidedly the gem of the year. Not only unquestionably superior in elegance and execution to all others of its class published in this country, but worthy in the fine and careful finish of the admirable engravings, to rank along with the best of those annually produced by the finished artists and abounding capital of Eng land. We hope an unprecedented patronage will remnerate the spirited publishers for producing, at such a liberal expense, a work not less creditable to themselves than to the state of art in the country.—N. Y. Com. Adv.

We hall with pleasure the second appearance of this judicious instructive annual, with its exterior much improved, and its interior rich in lessons of piety. Its aim is hallowed—its usefulness unquestionable—and it is a gift which affection may offer without scruple, because approved by religion.—Charleston Court.

LETTERS TO AN ANXIOUS INQUIRER,

Designed to relieve the difficulties of a Friend, under Serious Impressions.

BY T. CARLTON HENRY, D. D.

Late Pastor of the Second Presbyterian Church, Charleston, S. C.

With an Introductory Essay, (in which is presented Dr. Henry's Preface to his Letters, and his Life, by a friend.) By G. T. Bedell, D.D., Rector of St. Andrew's Church, Philadelphia.

It is an important volume, and is an indispensable auxiliary to a proper contemplation of the most important of all subjects. The work contains a very judicious Introductory Essay, from the pen of the Rev. G. T. Bedell, Rector of St. Andrew's Church, in this city.—Sat. Erc. Post.

In a revival of religion among his own people, Dr. Bedell found this work useful, and was led to seek its republication in a cheap and neat form, for the advantage of those who cannot afford to purchase costly volumes. We hope the work may prove a blessing to all who shall read it.—The Philadelphian.

These letters have been for many years highly valued for the practical and appropriate instruction for which they are principally designed.—Presbyterian.

THE SOLDIER'S BRIDE, AND OTHER TALES.

By James Hall, Esq. author of "Legends of the West, &c.

CONTENTS.—1. The Soldier's Bride;—2. Cousin Lucy and the Village Teacher;—3. Empty Pockets;—4. The Captain's Lady;—5. The Philadelphia Dun;—6. The Bearer of Dispatches;—7. The Village Musician;—8. Fashionable Watering-Places;—9. The Useful Man;—10. The Dentist;—11. The Bachelor's Elysium;—12. Pete Featherton;—13. The Billiard Table.

We have just risen from the perusal of the Soldier's Bride. The impression it leaves upon the mind is like that which we receive from the sight of a landscape of rural beauty and repose—or from the sound of rich and sweet melody. Every part of this delightful tale is redolent of moral and natural loveliness. The writer belongs to the same class with Irving and Paulding; and as in his descriptions, characters, and incidents, he never loses sight of the true and legitimate purpose of fiction, the elevation of the taste and moral character of his readers, he will contribute his full share to the creation of sound and healthful literature.—U. S. Gazette.

Key & Biddle have recently published another series of Tales—the Soldier's Bride, &c. by James Hall. The approbation everywhere elicited by Judge Hall's Legends of the West, has secured a favorable reception for the present volume; and its varied and highly spirited contents, consisting of thirteen tales, will be found no less meritorious than his previous labors.—National Gazette.

We have found much to admire in the perusal of this interesting work. It abounds in correct delineation of character, and although in some of his tales, the author's style is familiar, yet he has not sacrificed to levity the dignity of his pen, nor tarnished his character as a chaste and classical writer. At the present day, when the literary world is flooded with fustinn and insiplicity, and the public taste attempted to be vitiated by the weak and effeminate productions of those whose minds are as incapable of imagining the lofty and generous feelings they would pourtray, as their hearts are of exercising them, it is peculiarly gratifying to receive a work, from the pages of which the eye may cater with satisfaction, and the mind feast with avidity and benefit.—Pittsburg Mercury.

TALES OF ROMANCE, FIRST SERIES.

This is not only an uncommonly neat edition, but a very entertaining book; how could it be otherwise, when such an array of authors as the following is presented—

The work contains Ali's Bride, a tale from the Persian, by Thomas Moore, in-

BY KEY & BIDDLE.

terspersed with poetry. The Last of the Line, by Mrs. S. C. Hall, an author who sustains a reputation which every succeeding production greatly chances. The Wire Merchant's Story, by the author of the King's Own. The Procrastinator, by T. Croton Croker. The Spanish Beadsman. The Legend of Rose Rocke, by the author of Stories of Waterloo. Barbara S.—, by Charles Lamb. A Story of the Heart. The Vacant Chair, by I. M. Wilson, and the Open of the Story of the Heart. The Vacant Chair, by J. M. Wilson; and the Queen of the Meadows, by Miss Mitford.

This volume has no pretensions to the inculcation of mawkish sensibility. We have read every word of it, and can confidently recommend it to our friends.

—Journal of Belles Lettres.

ZOE, OR THE SICILIAN SAYDA.

As an historical romance, embellished with the creations of a lively imagination, and adorned with the beauties of a classic mind, this production will take a high rank, and although not so much lauded as a Cooper or an Irving, he may be assured that by a continuance of his efforts, he will secure the approbation of his countrymen, and the reward of a wide-spread fame. - Daily Intelligencer.

We do not call attention to this on account of any previous reputation of its author; it possesses intrinsic merit, and will obtain favor because it merits it. It is historical, and the name and circumstances are to be found in the records of those times. The plot is ably conceived, the characters are vividly, and some are fearfully drawn. - Boston American Traveller.

THE TESTIMONY OF NATURE AND REVELATION TO THE BEING, PERFECTIONS, AND GOVERNMENT OF GOD. By the Rev. Henry Fergus, Dunfermline, author of the History of the United States of America, till the termination of the War of Independence, in Lardner's Cyclopedia.

The Rev. Mr. Fergus's Testimony of Nature and Revelation to the Being, Perfection, and Government of God, is an attempt to do in one volume what the Bridgewater Treatises are to do in eight. We wish one-eighth of the reward only may make its way to Dunfermline. Mr. Fergus's Treatise goes over the whole ground with fervor and ability; it is an excellent volume, and may be had for somewhere about about half the price of one Bridgewater octavo.—Londard or somewhere about about half the price of one Bridgewater octavo.—Londard or somewhere about about half the price of one Bridgewater octavo.—Londard or somewhere about about half the price of one Bridgewater octavo.—Londard or somewhere about about half the price of one Bridgewater octavo.—Londard or somewhere about about half the price of one Bridgewater octavo.—Londard or somewhere about about half the price of one Bridgewater octavo.—Londard or somewhere about about half the price of one Bridgewater octavo.—Londard or somewhere about about half the price of one Bridgewater octavo.—Londard or somewhere about about half the price of one Bridgewater octavo.—Londard or somewhere about about half the price of one Bridgewater octavo.—Londard or somewhere about about half the price of one Bridgewater octavo.—Londard or somewhere about about half the price of one Bridgewater octavo.—Londard or somewhere about about half the price of one Bridgewater octavo.—Londard or somewhere about about half the price of one Bridgewater octavo.—Londard or somewhere about about half the price of one Bridgewater octavo.—Londard or somewhere octavo.—Londard or somewhere octavo.

A work of great research and great talent .- Evangelical Magazine.

A very seasonable and valuable work. Its philosophy is unimpeachable, and its theology pure and elevated .- New Monthly Mag.

This is an elegant and enlighted work, of a pious and highly gifted man .-Metropolitan Magazine.

This excellent work contains, in a brief space, all that is likely to be useful in the Bridgewater Treatises, and displays infinitely more of original thought and patient research, than the two volumes which have been recently published by the managers of his lordship's legacy. We have never seen any work in which the necessity of a revelation was more clearly demonstrated, while at the same time its due importance was assigned to natural religion.

We hope that the work will be extensively used in the education of youth; it is admirably calculated to stimulate students to scientific research, and the ob-servation of Nature; it suggests subjects of contemplation, by which the mind must be both delighted and instructed; and, finally, it teaches the most sublime of all lessons, admiration of the power, delight in the wisdom, and gratitude for the love of our Creator .- Athenaum.

LETTERS FROM THE NORTH OF EUROPE,

Or Journal of Travels in Holland, Denmark, Norway, Sweden, Finland, Russia, Prussia, and Saxony. By Charles B. Elliott, Esq.

This is one of those remarkably pleasant tours which an intelligent gentleman, who has seen much of the world, is alone calculated to write-one of those productions which engage the attention and do not fatigue it, and which we read from first to last with the agreeable sensation, that we are gathering the information of very extensive travel easily, by our own fireside.-London Litc-

YOUNG MAN'S OWN BOOK.

A Manual of Politeness, Intellectual Improvement, and Moral Deportment, calculated to form the character on a solid basis, and to insure respectability and success in life.

Its contents are made up of brief and well written essays upon subjects very judiciously selected, and will prove a useful and valuable work to those who give it a careful reading, and make proper use of those hints which the author throws out.—Baston Trar.

We cheerfully recommend a perusal of the Young Man's Own Book to all our young friends, for we are convinced that if they read it faithfully, they will find themselves both wiser and better.—The Fowng Man's Advocate.

In the Young Man's Own Book, much sound advice upon a variety of important subjects is administered, and a large number of rules are laid down for the regulation of conduct, the practice of which cannot fail to insure respectability.—Saturday Courier.

JOURNAL OF A NOBLEMAN;

Being a Narrative of his residence at Vienna, during Congress.

The author is quite spirited in his remarks on occurrences, and his sketches of character are picturesque and amusing. We commend this volume to our readers as a very entertaining production.—Daily Intel.

We presume no one could take up this little volume and dip into it, without feeling regret at being obliged by any cause to put it down before it was read. The style is fine, as are the descriptions, the persons introduced, together with the anecdotes, and in general, the entire sketching is by the hand of a master. Everything appears natural—there is no affectation of learning—no overstraining—no departure from what one would expect to see and hear—all is easy—all graceful.—Com. Herald.

YOUNG LADY'S OWN BOOK,

A Manual of Intellectual Improvement and Moral Deportment. By the author of the Young Man's Own Book.

Messrs. Key & Biddle, of this city, have published a very neat little volume, entitled The Young Lady's Own Book. Its contents are well adapted to its useful purpose.—National Gazette.

The Young Lady's Own Book seems to us to have been carefully prepared, to comprehend much and various instruction of a practical character, and to correspond in its contents with its title.—Foung Man's Advocate.

The Young Lady's Own Book, embellished with beautiful engravings, should be in the hands of every young female.—Inquirer.

All the articles in the Young Lady's Own Book are of a useful and interesting character.— $M.Y.Com.\mathcal{A}dv.$

AN ADDRESS TO THE YOUNG, ON THE IMPORTANCE OF RELIGION. By John Foster, author of Essays on Decision of Character, &c.

We are not going to hold a rush light up to a book of John Foster's but only mean to tell what is its intent. It is an awakening appeal to youth of the renned and educated sort, upon the subject of their personal religion. There can be no doubt as to its currency.—The Presbyterian.

A MOTHER'S FIRST THOUGHTS. By the author of "Faith's Telescope."

This is a brief miniature, from an Edinburgh edition. Its aim is to furnish Religions Meditations, Prayers, and Devotional Peetry for pions mothers. It is most highly commended in the Edinburgh Presbyterian Review, and in the Christian Advocate. The author, who is a lady of Scotland, unites a deep knowledge of Sound theology, with no ordinary talent for sacred poetry.—Presbyterian.

BY KEY & BIDDLE.

EXAMPLE; OR, FAMILY SCENES.

This is one of those useful and truly moral publications which can not fail to be read with delight by the youth of both seves, who, as their hearts expand, and they advance in years, have need of some instructor to point out the path they should follow for their fature happiness. The author has been triumphantly successful in attaining these laudable objects in this interesting publication.—

Some of the 'Scenes' are sweetly touching, and, in our view, the author has succeeded remarkably well in presenting the sublime and yet simple truths of Evangelical Religion to the mind in a way of deep and abining impressions.—

N. Y. Com. Adv.

True religion is diffusive in its character, and when it is fairly exemplified in the life of an individual, it will excite attention, command respect, and perhaps lead to still happier results. Let your light so shine before men that they may see your good works, and glorify your Pather which is in heaven, is a command of high authority, and one which presupposes the force of example. These Family Scenes, which belong to the same class with Mrs. Sherwood's writings, are intended to illustrate the influence of example. The book is pleasingly written, and is characterized by a vein of pious and evangelical sentiment.—Presbyterian.

A HARMONY OF THE FOUR GOSPELS,

Founded on the Arrangement of the Harmonia Evangelica, by the Rev. Edward Greswell. With the Practical Reflections of Dr. Doddridge. Designed for the use of Families and Schools, and for Private Edification. By the Rev. E. Bickersteth, Rector of Wolton, Herts.

A beautiful duodecimo of about four hundred pages; and one of the best books which has appeared for many years, with respect to personal and domestic edification. It is next to impossible to read the ordinary Harmonies. The current of the narrative is broken by constant interruptions. In this, we have in convenient sections, the four Gospel histories, made up into one, in proper order, in the words of the common English translation. The devotional notes of Doddridge are better than any we have seen for reading in the closet, or at family worship. The name of Bickersteth, prefixed to a book, is enough to show that it is written simply to serve the cause of Christ.—The Presbyterian.

THE SPIRIT OF LIFE.

A Poem, pronounced before the Franklin Society of Brown University, Sept. 3, 1833. With other Poems. By Willis Gaylord Clark, Esq.

We hope Mr. Clark may find sufficient inducements to place before the public, in a more accessible form than that in which they are now scattered through the periodicals of the day, more of the creations of his fancy, breathing as they do the fervor of moral purity, as well as chastened and beautiful poetry—we do not hesitate to say they will be most highly acceptable. The anonymous productions of his pen have long attracted the highest praise, and it is high time that he should, in his own person, reap the laurels he has so well earned, and boldly challenge a rank among the best of the American poets.—N. Y. Mirror.

The "Spirit of Life" is a clustering of many of those beauties, which all, who admire poetry, have already seen and applanded in the different productions of Clark's gifted mind.—U. S. Gar.

This poetry is of no common order. The author beautifully describes the Spirit of Life as pervading all Nature, and triumphing over the power of death.—

Episcopal Recorder.

The "Spirit of Life" is an essay of sound morality, in the guise of smooth and easy versification. It aims by graceful numbers to better the heart; to teach it contentment here below.—Poulson's Daily Adv.

THE HAPPINESS OF THE BLESSED.

Considered as to the particulars of their state; their recognition of each other in that state; and its difference of degrees. To which are added, Musings on the Church and her Services. By Richard Mant, D. D. M. R. I. A. Lord Bishop of Down and Connor.

The design of the Rev. author in this production, is to adduce from scriptural authority, the most satisfactory evidence of the happiness and joy of those who by faith follow Christ, and who, in the exercise of those virtues required by the gospel, are emphatically denominated the children of God. The author has touched upon several topics connected with the subject, which must afford much consolation to the Christian, who, from the very nature of his organization, is liable to doubts and fearful forebodings as to the state of his heart and the grounds of his faith.

Christian hope, confidence, and charity, are stamped upon every page, and the writer deserves well of the Christian inquirer, for the industry which he has displayed in collecting and arranging so many important and valuable arguments in favor of the glorious and resplendent state of the faithful and humble disciple

of Jesus.

In this world, mankind have need of consolation-of the cup of sorrow all must drink-happiness is a phantom, a meteor, beautiful and bright, always alluring us by its glow-forever within our reach, but eternally eluding our grasp -but this state of things was designed by our Creator for our benefit-it was intended to withdraw our affections from the shadowy and unsubstantial pleasures of the world, to the Father of all in Heaven, and to prepare, by discipline and zeal, for a state, beyond the grave, of felicity, which eye hath not seen, ear hath not heard, neither hath it entered into the heart of man to conceive of. To our readers we cheerfully commend this delightful volume, confident that by its perusal the faith of the doubtful will be confirmed, and the anticipative hope of the confident increased .- Christian's Magazine.

We take the earliest opportunity of introducing to our readers this excellent little book, to which the deeply interesting nature of the subject, and the wellearned reputation of the Right Rev. author will secure no inconsiderable portion of attention. The vast importance of the topics herein treated, and the valuable practical effects they may assist in producing, induce us to call thus early the public attention to a work, small indeed in size, but which is calculated not a little to inform all candid and serious inquirers into a subject hitherto involved in much obscurity, but not a little elucidated by the present author .- Gent. Mag.

MEMOIR OF MISS MARY JANE GRAHAM.

By the Rev. Charles Bridges, M. A. author of Christian Ministry, &c. &c.

We have seldom read a biographical sketch which we could more cordially or confidently recommend to the Christian reader. The highly gifted, accomplished, and spiritually minded subject of the work has found a kindred spirit in the excellent author. He has used his valuable materials in such a manner as to render the memoir of Miss Graham not less rich in interest than full of instruction, to all who are capable of being interested in the highest mental endowments, sanctified and set apart to the service of God. There are few, either believers or unbelievers, who may not be instructed by the counsel, or benefited by the example of Miss Graham .- Episcopal Recorder.

In many respects it is one of the richest pieces of biography with which we are acquainted .- Presbyterian.

TALES OF ROMANCE, SECOND SERIES.

The Tales of Romance, which Messrs. Key & Biddle have just published, are altogether above the ordinary collections of the day. Every author included among the contributors to the volume, has acquired previously a distinct reputation in other works. Such names as Malcolm, Roscoe, and others, will be sufficient to give an idea of the merits of these Tales. The story of Fazio, from when the property of the sufficient is derived the tragedy of that name, is well and concisely told. We shall present the best part of it soon, to the readers of the Intelligencer.—Daily Intel.

BY KEY & BIDDLE.

GENERAL VIEW OF THE GEOLOGY OF SCRIPTURE,

In which the unerring truth of the Inspired Narrative of the early events in the world is exhibited, and distinctly proved, by the corroborative testimony of physical facts, on every part of the earth's surface. By George Fairholme, Esq.

The work before us is admirably calculated to enlighten the mind upon the subject of Creation, and we have rarely perused a work which has added so much to our stock of ideas, or which has given so much gratification. If the limits of our paper permitted, we should take pleasure in laying before our readers an analysis of the contents of this excellent production, but as that is out of the question, we must refer them to the work itself, where we can assure them they will find an abundance of information on the important subject of Creation.—

Phil. Gaz.

The Geology of Scripture, by George Fairholme, Esq. is an admirable work. The circulation of it should be extensive; and, judging from its intrinsic merit, such is its destiny.—Christian Gazette.

LIFE OF WILLIAM COWPER, ESQ.

Compiled from his correspondence and other authentic sources of information, containing remarks on his writings, and on the peculiarities of his interesting character, never before published. By Thomas Taylor.

Taylor's Life of Cowper has several private letters of the poet not found in other works, which serve to correct many false impressions relative to his mental aberration. It is due the cause of humanity, and of justice generally, that the truth should be received; especially when, by affecting the character of so great a man as Cowper, it in a great measure touches the whole of the human kind.—U. S. Gaz.

A comprehensive and perspicuous memoir of Cowper has been much wanted, and will be read with gratification by the admirers of this amiable and pious man, whose accomplishments, excellencies, and peculiarity of character, have rendered him an object of interest to the world. We are indebted to Mr. Taylor for his excellent work, and for the happy manner in which it has been accomplished.—Boston Trav.

Thirty years nearly have passed since we first read with great delight Hayley's Life of Cowper, and we have never cast our eyes on the volumes since, without wishing to unravel a few things in the pnet's history which were then left in mystery. Taylor professes to deal openly, and remove all concealment. In one beautiful volume, he has given us the substance of all which is known concerning the most sensible and pious of all the English poets; whose writings will be regarded as the best of their kind wherever the English language shall be read. In all his numerous works, he has no line of measured jungle without sense. Can this be said of scarcely any other child of the muses? Those who have Hayley's two volumes, will be thankful for the labors of Taylor; and those who have neither, should purchase this new compilation without delay. It is a work which will be found interesting to all classes, especially to the lovers of iterature and genuine piety, and to place within the reach of general readers, many of whom have neither the means nor the leisure to consult larger works, all that is really interesting respecting that singularly afflicted individual, whose productions, both poetic and prose, can never be read but with delight.—Philadolphian.

Messrs Key & Biddle deserve credit for placing within the reach of all, in so cheap and convenient a form, what must be salutary in every instance in its general effect. The character, pursuits, performances, and sufferings of Cowper, combine more interest than belongs to the life of any of the great English authors who spent any considerable part of their days in retirement.—Nat. Gaz.

A beautiful American edition, from the press of Key & Biddle, has just been published, and cannot fail to meet with a welcome reception from all who admire that hest of men and most agreeable of poets. It is the most complete and valuable edition of the Life of Cowper extant, and contains a well-executed portrait.—Poulson's Daily Adv.

WORKS PUBLISHED BY KEY & BIDDLE.

LEGENDS OF THE WEST.

By James Hall, second edition, containing the following beautiful told tales:-The Backwoodsman;-The Divining Rod;-The Seventh Son; -The Missionaries; -The Legend of Carondolet; -The Intestate;—Michael De Lancey;—The Emigrants;—The Indian Hater;—The Isle of the Yellow Sands;—The Barrackmaster's Daughter;-The Indian Wife's Lament.

We are glad to see a new edition of these well-told tales of Judge Hall has recently been published .- Bost. Eve. Gaz.

The deserved popularity of these tales of Judge Hall, have secured to them the publication of a second edition. His sketches are admirably drawn, and his personal familiarity with scenery and life in the West, have furnished him with incidents of peculiar interest, greatly increased by felicitous description .- N. Y.

The rapid sale of the first, has created a demand for a second edition of the

work, whose title heads this article.

The "Legends" comprise twelve articles, one of which is poetic. The scenes of these tales are all located in the "far, far West," and the characters are taken from the aborigines and early emigrants. The difficulties and dangers which the first settlers had to undergo ere they were established in security, are depicted in glowing colors, and with a master hand.

The rude and savage warfare of the ludians, the secret ambuscade, the midnight slaughter, the conflagration of the log but in the prairie and forest, the shricks of consuming women and children, are presented to our minds by the author in vivid and impressive language. These tales pessess much interest, as they are founded in fact, and are illustrative of the labits of the Indian, and the life of the hunter. As a writer, Judge Hall is more American than any other we possess; his scenes are American; his characters are American, and his language is American His personages are invested with an individuality which cannot be mistaken, and his conceptions and illustrations are drawn from the great storehouse of Nature .- Daily Intel.

THE CHURCH OF GOD.

In a Series of Dissertations, by the Rev. Robert Wilson Evans, of Trinity College, Cambridge.

The object of the writer is to show that the fundamental doctrines of the Christian Religion have been taught in the various dispensations, from the institution of the Church in the family of Adam, to the more clear and perfect exposition of its principles by the Savior and his apostles. He is thus led to deal wholly with general principles—those in which the great body of Christians agree. This frees his work from all savor of sectarianism, and the ingenuity and talent exhibited in its execution, commend it to the religious of every name. It would perhaps be well to say, that the above work is by the author of "Rectory of Valchead."—Episcopal Recorder.

THE PROGRESSIVE EXPERIENCE OF THE HEART, UNDER THE DISCIPLINE OF THE HOLY GHOST, FROM REGENERATION TO MATURITY. By Mrs. Stevens.

This is a work which may be recommended to religious readers and to serious inquirers, with great safety. It is written in an impressive style, and is evidently the production of a mind and heart thoroughly imbued with Christian knowledge and experience. The operations of the Holy Ghost upon the soul of man, are traced with a discrimination which nothing but a personal experience of his influences could have furnished. Doddridge's Rise and Progress of Religion in the Soul, is an admirable book on this subject, but Mrs. Stevens's treatise deserves an honorable place at its side, Ministers of the Gospel should consult the spiritual welfare of their people, by recommending and promoting the circulation of such works.—Presbyterian.

WORKS PUBLISHED BY KEY & BIDDLE.

A BOOK FOR MOTHERS.

Aids to Mental Development, or Hints to Parents, being a Sys tem of Mental and Moral Instruction exemplified in Conversations between a Mother and her Children; with an Address to Mothers. By a Lady of Philadelphia.

To know how to interest and expand the mind of a child with the lessons of wisdom—to impart knowledge in such a manner as at once to gratify and excite Wision—to impart knowledge in such a manner as at once to grainly and excite a thirst for it, is an acquisition possessed by very few; but it is an acquisition indispensable to the right discharge of the duties of a parent. Many must be hours of vacancy, or mischief, and most generally the latter, of the child whose payable have not the faculty of alluving him to knowledge and within the noirs of vacancy, or inscriner, and most generally the latter, of the cinic whose parents have not the faculty of alluring him to knowledge and virtue, and converting the pains of affliction into pleasure; and he who contributes any thing towards aiding them to discharge the duties devolving on them, any thing towards aiding them to discharge the duties devolving on them, the deserves the gratitude of the public. We have before us a book in this department, entitled Aids to Mental Development, or flints to Parents; just from the press of Key & Biddle of this city; 12mo. 335 pp. It is in the form of a familiar conversation between a mother and her children; in a style delightfully natural, affectionate, and easy. The topics selected for discussion are those with which parents of intelligence and pietry would wish to make their children familiar; and the manner in which they are discussed is happily adapted to nurture the growth of both the intellectual and the moral powers.-Christian Gazette,

As the subject of education is one of great importance, and is beginning to be As the snoper of cancerton is one of great investigation in the little considera-felt as such, by many who have hitherto bestowed upon it too little considera-tion, we cannot doubt that this work will meet with a ready sale, and extensive circulation; and we can sincerely recommend it to the earnest and careful attention of all parents who have young children .- Saturday Courier.

AUTOBIOGRAPHY OF JOHN GALT, ESQ.

"I will a round unvarnished tale deliver."

"A work of commanding interest; its every page is an illustration of the remark,—that the romance of real life exceeds the romance of fiction. This is decidedly the happiest effort Mr. Galt has made."—New Monthly Magazine.

Mr. Galt's book will he read by every class of readers. It is a work full of interest and amusement, abounding in anecdotical recollections, and every where interspersed with the shrewd and searching observations for which the author has been always distinguished .- Saturday Courier.

To our readers we cheerfully commend the book as amusing and instructive: it is full of interesting matter, and as an autobiography will rate with the best of the day .- Philadelphia Gazette.

It is fall of striking illustrations of the remarkable character of its author; and for the mind disposed to study the individualities of our species, it contains much that will reward the investigation .- Commercial Herald.

It is no less entertaining and much more useful than any one of his novels.— National Gazette.

It is what it purports to be, "the autobiography of John Galt," and is interesting as presenting faithful illustrations of the singular character of the author—who is justly regarded as one of the best, as well as one of the most volu-

CELEBRATED SPEECHES

Of Chatham, Burke, and Erskine; to which is added the Argument of Mr. Mackintosh in the case of Peltier. Selected by a

Much is gained in richness and energy of expression, and fertility of thought Much is gained in riciness and energy of expression, and fertility of thought by the frequent perusal of the masterpieces of rhetoric. Historical knowledge too, is derived from them, vivified by the spirit of debate and indignant exposition of wrong. Some of the speeches in this acceptable collection relate to American affairs and character—we mean that of Burke on American Taxation, and those of Chatham which burst from his soul of fire. The selection is judicious, and the book indispensable for the library of every citizen who would be a public acceptance.

The frequent reading of such selections from such masters, cannot but prove advantageous to the young men of this country, where, more than in any other, dependence will be placed upon the power of eloquence; and it is well that good models should be furnished to those who are, or seek, thus to sway the public mind. Bring along the great truths of the argument in a captivating style, and it will soon be found that even the most uninformed will strike into the current of the address, and be carried along thereby.—U. S. Gazette.

Among the great men in the intellectual world, who have astonished and delighted, charmed and instructed mankind, by the splendor, power, and magnificence of their oratory, none stand higher than Chatham, Burke, Erskine and Mackintosh. The speeches contained in this volume are splendid specimens of rich, ornate, powerful, and argumentative oratory, and no one possessing in the least degree a love for intellectual grandeur, can read them without feeling his heart glow with admiration, and have his soul animated with a zeal for the liberty of all mankind.—Penn. Inquirer.

This volume contains some of the speeches of these great masters of English Eloquence, speeches, which, whether we refer to the momentous character of their topics, their power of thought and display of learning, or their charms of style and graces of diction, will serve as models for public speaking, and sources of instruction, political, intellectual and moral, to all future ages.—Charleston-

Courier.

AN ESSAY ON THE SPIRIT AND INFLUENCE OF THE REFORMATION. A work which obtained the prize on the following question proposed by the National Institute of France:—
"What has been the influence of the Reformation by Luther, on the political situation of the different states of Europe, and on the progress of knowledge?" By C. VILLERS, sometime professor of philosophy in the University of Gottingen. Translated from the French. With an Introductory Essay, by SAMUEL MILLER, D. D. Professor in the Theological Seminary at Princeton, N. J.

The National Institute of France proposed the following as a prize question. "What has been the influence of the Reformation, by Luther, on the political situation of the different states of Europe, and on the progress of knowledge?" Among the competitors was C. Villers, Professor of Philosophy, in the University of Gottingen, and to him the prize was adjudged. Villers was not an ecclesiastic or sectarian, but a philosopher, and treats the subject in a philosophical manner. Those who are interested in tracing the causes that have given direction to the course of human events, will be richly rewarded by a perusal of this Essay.

THE CELEBRATED BLUE BOOK.

A register of all officers and agents, civil, military, and naval, in the service of the United States, with the names, force, and condition of all ships and vessels belonging to the United States, and when and where built; together with a correct list of the Presidents, Cashiers, and Directors of the United States Bank and its Branches, to which is appended the names, and compensation of all printers in any way employed by Congress, or any department or office of Government. Prepared at the Department of State, by WILLIAM A. WEAVER.

"A Senator in Congress—we believe it was Mr. Leigh of Virginia—pronounced the said Blue Book—which heretofore, by the by, has been a scaled volume to the public at large, and only accessible to members of Congress; the most significant commentary extant on the Constitution of the United States. And in one sense it is indeed so: for it exhibits the Executive, or patronage and office-dispensing power, in a light that may very well make one tremble for the independence of the other branches of the government. As a book of warning, therefore, not less than as a hook in which much and various information is to be found, concerning the practical operation and agents of the government, we

BY KEY & BIDDLE.

commend this publication to public notice. We do not know that better service could be rendered the country than by the transmission to every county town in the Union, of some copies of this authentic Record, in order that farmers and others might see for themselves the mighty array of Officers, Agents, Postmasters, Contracters, &c. &c., which constitute the real standing army of the Executive .- N. Y. American.

Messrs. Key & Biddle have published an edition of the Blue Book. It should be in the hands of every voter in the United States. It is a fearful account of

AN ADDRESS TO THE YOUNG, by John Foster, author of Essays on Decision of Character.

John Foster is allowed by men of all parties, political and religious, to be one of the most original and vigorous thinkers of the age. His well tried talents, his known freedom from caut and fanaticism, and the importance of the subject his known freedom from cant and fanaterism, and the importance of the subject discussed, strongly commend this book to the attention of that interesting class to whom it is addressed. All his writings are worthy of careful and repeated perusal; but his essay on "Decision of Character" and this "Address to the Young," should be the companions of all young persons who are desirous of

PICTURES OF PRIVATE LIFE.

SECOND SERIES.

Containing MISANTHROPY, and THE PAINS OF PLEASING.

"The aim of the writer is evidently to instruct as well as amuse, by offering these admirable sketches as beacons to warn the young, especially of her own sex, against errors which have shipwrecked the happiness of so many."-Gen-

"These pictures are charming, natural stories of the real living world; and of the kind which we rejoice to see the public beginning to appreciate and relish; they are delineated in simple and often beautiful language, and with a powerful moral effect."-Tait's Magazine.

"The object of the writer is to profit, as well as to amuse; to promote the love of virtue; to exhibit the consequences of vice; and, by a delineation of scenes and characters visible in every day life, not only to inculcate what is excellent, but to show what is practical."—Literary Gazette.

"This beautiful little volume can scarcely be perused without affecting and improving the head and the heart; and to young ladies particularly, would we

"We have great pleasure in directing the attention of our teaders to this very interesting volume. It is written in a style which cannot fail to entertain, and insure the anxious attention of all who peruse its pages, while the moral sentiments conveyed must recommend it to those who wish to combine instruction with amusement. The work is also embellished with a most beautiful frontispiece portrait of the heroine of one of the tales, which is itself worth the price

THE BACHELOR RECLAIMED, OR CELIBACY VAN-QUISHED, from the French, by TIMOTHY FLINT.

It is a good lesson for those who are not married, and who deserve to be, for we do not hold that every bachclor deserves a wife. Things of this kind (wives we mean) are meted out by Providence with an eye to reward and punishment; We mean at a material out by Flovidence with an eye to reward and publishment; and a man may stand on such neutral ground in more ways than one, that a wife for either of the above providential ends, would be entirely out of the question; but on either side of the line, there are some: and while men will sin, or must be virtuous, there will be marrying; and if a man has any regard for his character, he will look to his standing in this manner, and read this book

The main incidents are connected with the history of an inveterate bachelor -the worthy president of a Bachelor's Club-who despite of himself falls in love, against his principles, marries, and contrary to expectation is happy. This

great revolution in sentiment is accomplished by the power of female charms, by an exhibition of the loveliness of female charactor, and by the force of reason—at least such are the conclusions of the author.—Philad. Gaz.

It is, of course, a love story, and such an one as could only emanate from a French writer—light, entertaining, and with an excellent moral. An inveterate bachelor is reclaimed—his hatred towards the female sex is changed into admiration, and eventually he marries. This great revolution in sentiment is accomplished by the force of female charms—by an exhibition of the loveliness of the female character. The book should be read not only by bachelors, but by unmarried ladies—they may derive instruction from its pages.—Saturday Ev. Post.

BEAUTIES OF ROBERT HALL.

If Robert Hall wrote comparatively little, what he did write bears the impress of genius, united with piety. He was a luminary of the first order, and it is delightful to feel the influence of his beams. To those who cannot obtain his whole works, we recommend this choice selection, which certainly contains many beauties.—Episcopal Recorder.

The "Beauties of Robert Hall," which have just been published by Key & Biddle, contain selections from his various writing. They are beautiful specimeus of clastened and pure composition, and are rich in sentiment and principle. These extracts contain much useful matter for reflection and meditation, and may be perused by the old and the young, the grave and the gay, the learned and the illiterate, with advantage. We have rarely seen in so small a space so much powerful thought as is exhibited in this little volume.—Boston Ev. Gaz.

SKETCHES BY MRS. SIGOURNEY.

Comprising six tales. The Father—Legend of Oxford—The Family Portrait—Oriana—The Intemperate, and the Patriarch.

It is the high prerogative of women to win to virtue—it is the praise of Mrs. Sigourney, that her prerogative has been exercised far beyond the domestic Sigourney, that her prerogative has been felt and acknowledged wherever English Literature finds a welcome. These Sketches have been sought after with avidity, by those who would profit by the most delightful means of improvement.—U.S. Gazette.

Mrs. Sigourney has a moral object in each of her interesting fictions, which she pursues with constant attention and effect.—National Gazette.

The Tales and Sketches need no recommendation as the talents of the authoress, in this branch of literature, are well and favourably known—they will be read with great interest.—Saturday Ev. Post.

The Sketches before us are worthy of the enticing form in which they appear—Mrs. Sigourney is a writer of great purity, taste and power; she seldom exagerates incidents: is simple and unambitious in her diction; and possesses that magical influence;—which fixes the attention, even in a recital of ordinary events. Her sentiments are touching and true, because they spring from the holy source of an unbackneyed heart. They will add a virtuous strength to the heart of every reader, as well as be an ornament to the library of the owner.—Commercial Intelligencer.

To parents the work particularly commends itself, and has only to be known to be eagerly patronised. Young Ladies may learn a valuable lesson from the story of the "Family Portrait;" one which they will not be likely soon to forget.

—Poulson's Daily Advertiser.

This is a beautiful volume in every respect—the style of its execution, its engraving which teaches with the force of truth, and its contents, are alike excellent. The graceful simplicity, good taste, classic imagery and devotional spirit, which distinguish Mrs. Sigourney's poetry, are happily blended and presented in living forms in the prosaic "Stetches" before us. In this department of letters, as in poetry, she will be read with interest and delight, be introduced by Christian parents to their children as an accomplished guide and teacher, and receive the well merited commendation of thousands.—Southern Religious Telegraph.

FRANCIS BERRIAN, OR THE MEXICAN PATRIOT, by TIMOTHY FLINT, Esq.

This is an all absorbing novel, we think Mr. FLINT's best.-N. Y. American.

THE YOUNG MAN'S SUNDAY BOOK:

A practical manual of the christian duties of piety, benevolence and self government; prepared with particular reference to the formation of the manly character on the basis of religious principle, by the author of the Young Man's own Book.

This is one of those useful little volumes that will find its way through the world, pleasing and doing good wherever it may go. It professes to be a Manual of the Christian duties of piety, benevolence, and self government, prepared with reference to the formation of a manly character on the basis of religious principle. It disclaims all sectarian views, or the desire to make proselytes for any party; desiring but to diffuse something of the spirit and practice of Christianity among the rising generation, and to establish as widely as possible those principles of virtue and goodness which all men profess to respect.—Penn. Inquirer.

It is a summary of moral and religious duties, and is full of useful precepts and excellent admonitions.—Christian Gazette.

We have not read it entire—but the evangelical sentiments and ability evinced in parts of it which we have examined commend it to public favour and especially to the attention of young men, to whom it may be a useful and valuable counsellor. It contains in a series of essays of moderate length, a summary of Christian duty rather than doctrine, drawn from the writings of those whose names command respect throughout the Christian world. Its design is noble—it is to establish young men in the observance of those grand principles of virtue and goodness, which the holy Scriptures enforce with the sanctions of God's authority, and which all men, the profane as well as the pious, respect.—Southern Religious Telegraph.

The Young Man's Sunday Book is a Practical Manual of the Christian duties of Piety, Benevolence, and Self-government, prepared with particular reference to the formation of the manly character on the basis of Religious Principle. It professes to be a Summary of duty, rather than of doctrine. Its articles are generally short, and have been drawn from the writings of men whose names command respect throughout the Christian world. It is admirably suited both in its character and form (being a small pocket volume of 300 pages) for a present to one just verging to manhood, whether a friend, an apprentice, or a son; and such a book as is likely to be, not only looked at, but looked into: and that, not only on Sunday, but daily; till its contents become familiar.—Chr. Spectator.

A book that should be possessed by every young man. It is a sequel to the Young Man's Own Book.—Saturday Ev. Post.

FOLCHETTO MALASPINA, an historical Romance of the twelfth century, by the author of "Libilla Odaletta," and translated from the Italian by Daniel J. Desmond, Esq.

The story is one of deep interest, and the translator has allowed nothing thereof to escape; of the fidelity of the work we cannot speak, having no access to the original; but as a novel, whether original or translated, the work is good.—U. S. Gazette.

It is emphatically a fanciful and engaging work, and no one can sit down to its perusal without being chained by its magical influence, to an attention, which will be kept actively alive until the last chapter. In this there is no exaggeration,—it is a novel to make the reader feel,—to have his curiosity and sensibilities awakened,—and to produce upon the heart those striking impressions, which can only be excited by nature when portrayed by the enchanting descriptions of a master. The scenes, the characters, the dialogues, and the incidents, are so graphically sketched, and forcibly delineated, that we are compelled to admit that the production is of a more than ordinary character.

Our space will not admit of pointing out particular beauties, or interesting passages; to the work itself we must refer our readers for a rich intellectual banquet, which is only to be obtained by its pernsal.

In dismissing this production, we remark that it is beautifully got up, and will form a graceful ornament to the most classical library.—Penn. Inquirer.

From parts which we have read, of Mr. Desmond's translation, we have drawn a very favourable inference concerning the execution of the whole; and we know that Malaspina's pages are held in high estimation by competent European and American critics. We have noted in the Paris Revue Encyclopédique, a strong encomium on the works of this Italian novelist.—National Gazette.

WORKS PUBLISHED BY KEY & BIDDLE.

TODD'S JOHNSON'S DICTIONARY OF THE ENGLISH LANGUAGE. To which is added a copious Vocabulary of Greek, Latin, and Scriptural proper names, divided into syllables, and accented for pronunciation. By Thomas Rees, L. L. D., F. R. S. A. The above Dictionary will make a beautiful pocket volume, same size of Young Man's Own Book, illustrated by a likeness of Johnson and Walker.

The editor states that "in compiling the work he has endeavoured to furnish such an epitome of Mr. Todd's enlarged and valuable edition of Dr. Johnson's Dictionary, as would enable the generality of persons to understand the most approved American and English authors, and to write and speak the language with propriety and elegance. The most correct definitions have been given in a condensed form, and especial care has been taken to indicate the classical and fashionable pronunciation of every word." The style of printing is really very handsome; and the embellishments, consisting of an engraving of Johnson and another of Walker, enhance the value of the edition. It is neatly bound and would be an ornament to the study of any young lady or gentleman, while the traveller, on his summer tour, would find it an appropriate companion for his guide book and Stage Register.—Boston Traveller.

This really beautiful and useful little work should be possessed by all who wish to spell and write the English language correctly. The publishers have rendered it so attractive in its appearance as to be an ornament to the parlour centre table. It will add very little weight to the trunk of the traveller, and will often relieve him from painful embarrassment.—U. S. Gazette.

This is the age of improvement. The simple elements of education so long lying in forbidding print and binding, are now appearing as they ought, in the finest type and most beautiful and ornamental form. The Pocket Dictionary published by Key and Biddle deserves to be commended to the public generally, not only for the beauty of its execution, but for the intrinsic merit it possesses.—Charleston Courier.

This beautiful little Dictionary should be the companion of every young lady and gentleman when reading or writing, whether at home or abroad.—N. Y. Commercial Advertiser.

THE MORAL TESTAMENT OF MAN.

Key & Biddle have just issued under this title, a beautiful little volume made up of the sayings of the wise and good, in olden and modern times. These apottegms are all upon most interesting subjects, each one carrying with it a wholesome as well as a most agreeable influence. This little volume is to the mind and heart what a flower-garden is to the eye and nose. It delights and regales.—Commercial Herald.

Good taste, judgment, and a love of doing good, must have influenced and directed the industrious compiler. This little selection of precious thoughts has been printed and bound in a style suited to the worth of the contents—apples of gold in pictures of silver.—U. S. Gazette.

MRS. SOMERVILLE'S CONNEXION OF THE PHYSICAL SCIENCES.

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